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St Paul  
1872









TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

437743

OF THE

BOARD

OF

Water Commissioners

OF THE

CITY OF ST. PAUL.

JANUARY 1, 1902.

ST. PAUL, MINN.  
THE PIONEER PRESS COMPANY  
1902.

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# TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## BOARD

OF

# Water Commissioners

*COMPLIMENTS OF*

*THE BOARD OF  
WATER COMMISSIONERS.*

*PLEASE EXCHANGE.*

*JOHN CAULFIELD,  
SECRETARY.*

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THE PIONEER PRESS COMPANY  
1902.

437793

# OFFICERS OF THE CITY WATER WORKS.

JANUARY 1, 1902.

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## BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS.

JNO. M. CARLSON. Term expires Jan. 1, 1903.

J. C. DONAHOWER. Term expires Jan. 1, 1904.

THOMAS GRACE. Term expires Jan. 1, 1905.

CRAWFORD LIVINGSTON, President. Term expires Jan. 1, 1906.

JNO. J. DWYER. Term expires Jan. 1, 1907.

---

JOHN CAULFIELD, Secretary.

JOHN LINDQUIST, Superintendent.

OSCAR CLAUSSEN, City Engineer and Engineer of the Board.

MARTIN FEIST, Chief Engineer and Engineer of McCarron Lake Station.

M. THOMMES, Assistant Engineer of McCarron Lake Station.

FRED KOPHINGST, Assistant Engineer of McCarron Lake Station.

JOHN DREWERY, Assistant Engineer of McCarron Lake Station.

A. A. THOMPSON, Gate Keeper and Engineer of Vadnais Lake Station.

JACOB ABRESCH, Engineer of Centerville Station.

JOS. DOERR, Engineer of West St. Paul Station.

HERMANN GEISLER, Assistant Engineer of West St. Paul Station.

GEO. DOORLEY, Chief of Meter Department.

TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT  
OF THE  
Board of Water Commissioners  
OF THE  
CITY OF ST. PAUL, MINN.

OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS,  
ST. PAUL, MINN., Jan. 1, 1902.

*To the Honorable Mayor and Common Council of the City of St. Paul, Minn.,*

GENTLEMEN: The Board of Water Commissioners of the City of St. Paul herewith presents its twentieth (20th) annual report for the year ending Dec. 31, 1901, together with the reports of the secretary, superintendent, city engineer, chief engineer of the mechanical department, chief of the meter department and city treasurer. A careful perusal of these reports is invited, which will convey to your honorable body the full details of the plant and its operation.

We herewith submit the following items for your consideration. The secretary's report gives a full history of the work of this department. He adds to the itemized statement of the year's financial operations a summary of all receipts and disbursements from the time of the purchase of the works in 1882 to date; also, a number of comparative tables showing the growth of the works since the purchase.

NET COST OF WORKS TO DATE

The original purchase.....	\$510,000.00
Extension account (betterments in city).....	2,080,396.85
Construction account (betterments outside of city).....	1,365,035.18
Meters .....	100,355.29
	\$4,055,767.32

Paid for as follows:

By bonds .....	\$2,460,000.00
From surplus earnings of the works.....	1,595,767.32

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The present bonded debt is \$2,436,000, a decrease of \$10,000. These bonds were purchased during the past year and cancelled.

The sinking fund now amounts to \$693,135.52, an increase of \$58,334.62 during the year, of which \$689,165 is invested and \$3,968.52 uninvested. Table No. 10 of the secretary's report gives a full history of this account. The annual interest on these invested funds amounts to \$27,122.60.

There are now 5,593 meter accounts, an increase of 781 during the year. The total number of services is 17,913, an increase of 820. During the last year we have laid 19,507.8 feet of new mains and relaid 595 feet, making a total of 20,102.8 feet, or 3.8 miles. There are at present 251 miles and 3,329 feet of mains ranging from 4 inches to 36 inches in diameter, 2,346 fire hydrants, 2,202 valves and 333 street sprinkling hydrants.

One of the most important improvements made during the year was the construction of a new pumping station at Vadnais lake, in connection with the artesian well plant. This building, with an extra boiler and other improvements at this point, cost \$10,495.88.

The rain fall during the year was 25.75 inches, a decrease of 8.47 inches from the year previous. This compelled the running of the pumping plants at Vadnais and Centerville stations for a longer period than usual, so as to maintain a good stage of water in Vadnais and Pleasant lakes for the winter supply. The increase of water pumped into this system over that of 1900 was 424,581,200 gallons from Centerville station and 182,209,400 gallons from artesian well plant at Vadnais lake.

The superintendent submits the following recommendations:

First—That a sixteen (16) inch main be laid on Maryland street from Cortland to McMenemy and a twelve (12) inch main on McMenemy from Maryland to Geranium street. This is for an additional supply for Arlington Hills and Dayton's Bluff.

Second—That the district bounded by Seventh, Broadway, Fourth and Kittson streets be rearranged by laying pipes on some of the streets that have none at present, and replacing pipes on some of the other streets with larger ones.

This section would have been rearranged some years ago, but was prevented by the old charter, which forbids the laying of mains without a petition of the property owners. The new charter provides that mains can be laid by vote of the common council upon request of the Board of Water Commissioners, without the petition of property owners.

We approve the above recommendations.

The average daily consumption of water during the past five years ending Dec. 31, 1901, has been as follows:

For the year 1897.....	7,322,200 gallons
For the year 1898.....	8,048,048 gallons
For the year 1899.....	8,337,207 gallons
For the year 1900.....	8,019,962 gallons
For the year 1901.....	8,026,435 gallons

## ELECTROLYSIS.

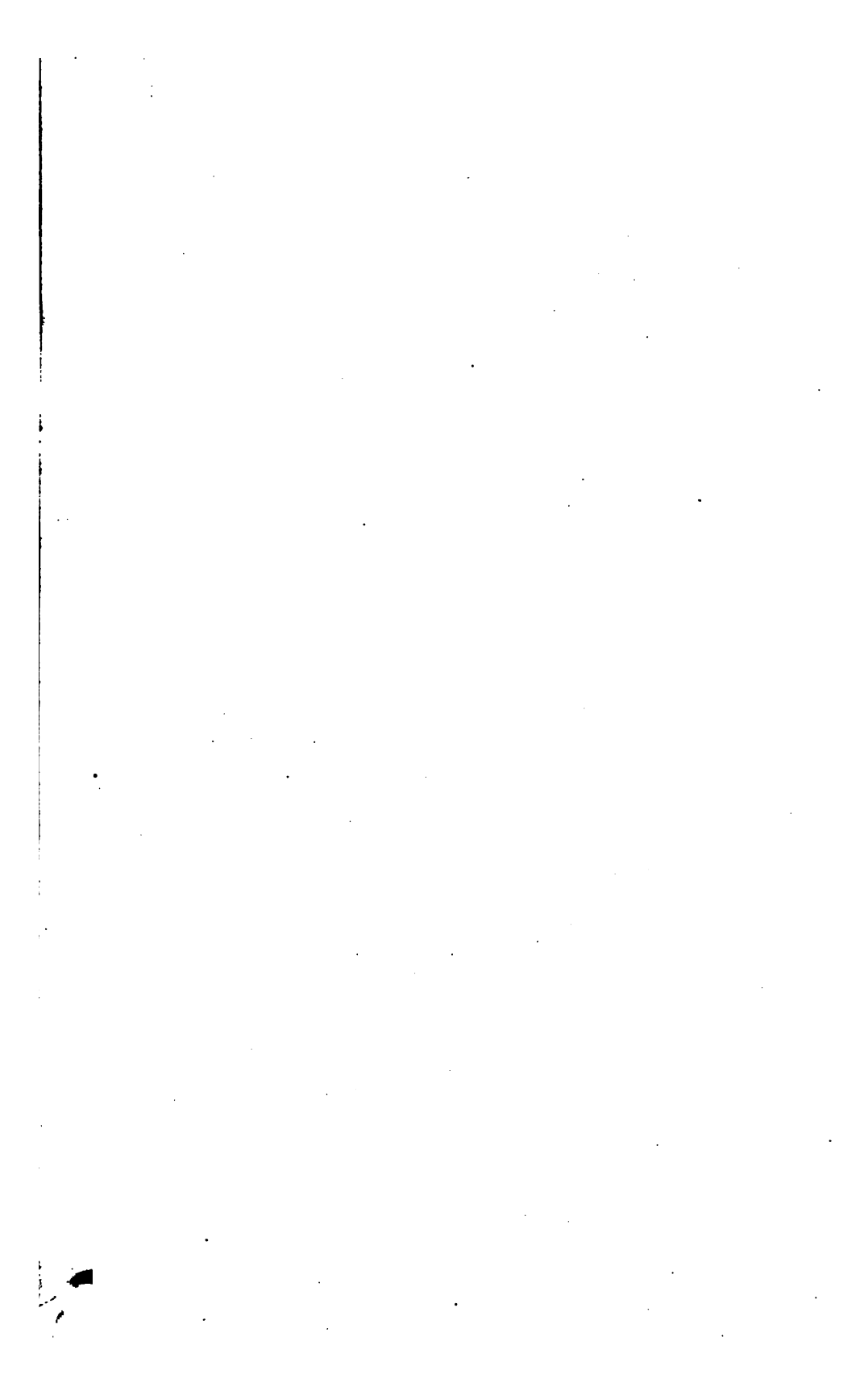
We cannot too strongly call the attention of your honorable board to the importance of this subject to the welfare of the city's property. The damage already done is, in the opinion of this board, very great, and unless corrected promptly the result will be that the entire system of pipes and house connections will have to be renewed, the cost of which to the city, according to the board's estimate, would be some \$2,000,000.

The board has had this matter under investigation since April, 1899, and a very lengthy and complete report was submitted by the city engineer to the board under date of Nov. 9, 1901. This report, together with the actions of this board in the past and the opinions of the corporation attorney, has been ordered printed and will be made a part of this report.

C. LIVINGSTON.  
J. C. DONAHOWER.  
JNO. J. DWYER,  
THOS. GRACE.  
JNO. M. CARLSON.







TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

437753

OF THE

BOARD

OF

Water Commissioners

OF THE

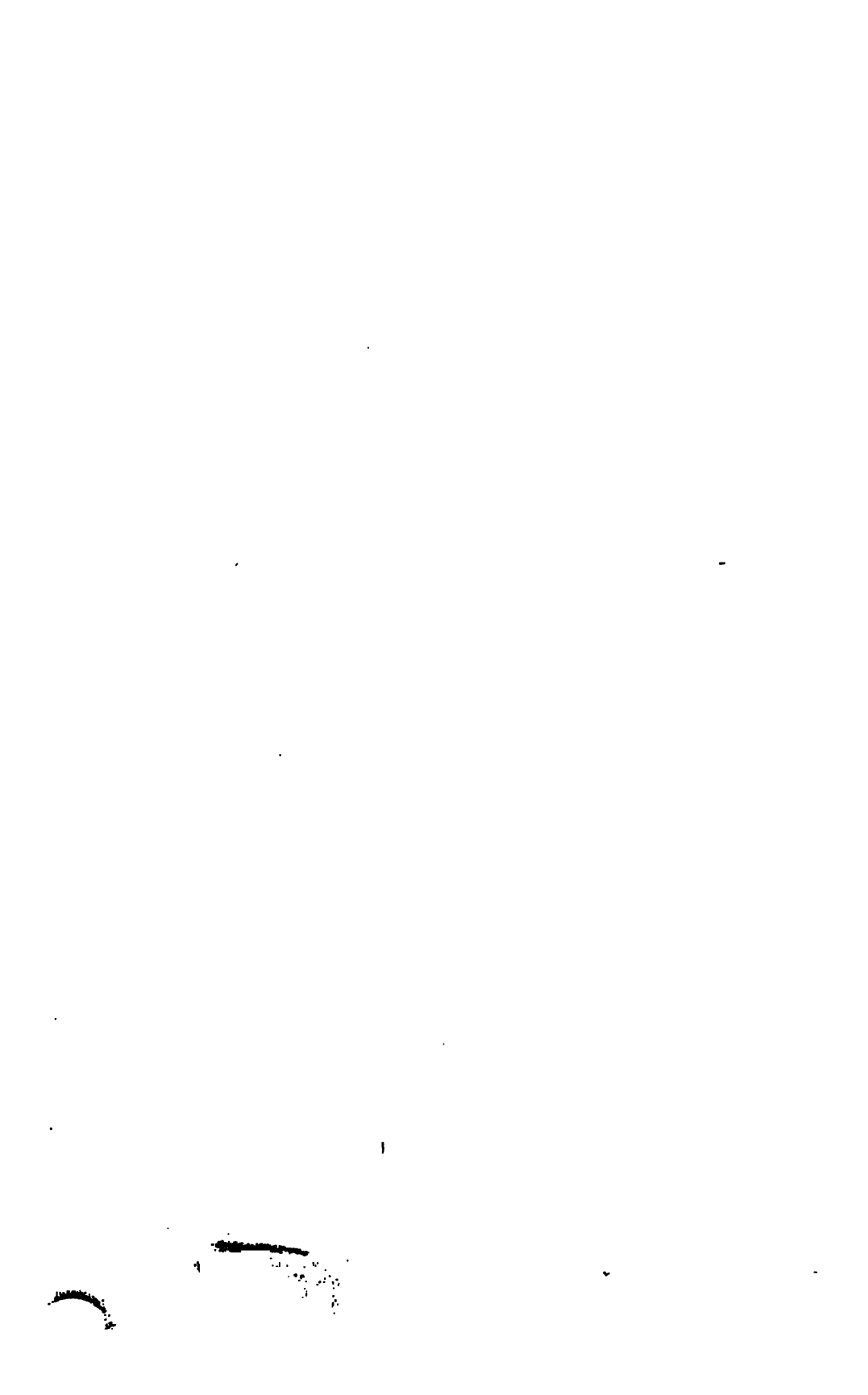
CITY OF ST. PAUL.

JANUARY 1, 1902.

ST. PAUL, MINN.  
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# TWENTIETH ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

## BOARD

OF

# Water Commissioners

*COMPLIMENTS OF*

*THE BOARD OF  
WATER COMMISSIONERS.*

*PLEASE EXCHANGE.*

*JOHN CAULFIELD,  
SECRETARY.*

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is the largest number of services that has been put in since 1892. The total number of applications to date is 17,913, of which 10,801 are on high service and 7,112 on low service. There were 2,012 applications, all on low service, when the city purchased the works in 1882. Table No. 12 shows the number of applications made for water services annually, from 1869 to date.

PLUMBING AND INSPECTION. (See Table No. 18.)

Fifty-three plumbers were granted licenses during the year and 1,712 permits were issued to them to do work in connection with the introduction and extension of water services.

In addition to the inspection and examination of all the work done by licensed plumbers, there were 1,442 special inspections, of which 651 were on high service and 791 on low service. These special inspections were made, in the majority of cases, at the request of the consumers for change of rates.

General inspections of premises have also been made to the extent of 11,935. These general inspections are made every two years and are very valuable to the department. Each inspection reveals a number of extra fixtures which have been put in by plumbers since the last inspection and for which no permit was taken out nor report made. All leaks or imperfections discovered in these inspections are required to be repaired immediately by the occupants of the premises.

Table No. 18 shows the character and number of hose violations reported to this department during the past season; also, comparative statements for years 1894 to 1901 inclusive. This table also shows the number of permits issued annually to plumbers since 1884.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN CAULFIELD,

*Secretary.*

TABLE No. 1.

## TRIAL BALANCE TO JAN. 1, 1902.

	Dr.	Cr.
St. Paul water works (original purchase)....	\$510,000.00	
Bond account .....		\$2,436,000.00
General water receipts.....		2,923,779.01
Miscellaneous .....		334,925.61
Connection (services) .....	4,809.98	
Extension account .....	2,080,396.85	
General maintenance .....	605,444.42	
Repairs in city.....	70,347.85	
Meter account .....	100,355.29	
Construction .....	1,365,035.18	
Interest .....	1,862,034.90	
General water receipts (hydrant account)..		121,663.19
Sinking fund investments.....	689,165.00	
Sinking fund .....	3,968.52	
Sinking fund earnings.....		111,970.33
Shutting off and turning on water.....		2,450.00
Frontage tax .....		1,382,021.06
Bank of Minnesota.....	172.41	
City treasurer .....	16,772.48	
Repairs outside of city.....	5,217.42	
Rent account .....		911.10
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$7,313,720.30	\$7,313,720.30

TABLE NO. 2.

## RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FOR YEAR 1901.

## RECEIPTS.

Balance .....		\$11,904.76
General water receipts, high service...	\$55,363.98	
General water receipts, low service...	36,440.21	
General water receipts, meters.....	95,179.11	
	<hr/>	
Miscellaneous receipts, builders.....	\$1,186.09	
Miscellaneous receipts, flushing sewers	489.58	
Miscellaneous receipts, filling cisterns.	196.00	
Miscellaneous receipts, sprinkling str.	15,885.74	
	<hr/>	
Connections—Services .....	17,757.41	
Shutting of and turning on water....	20,602.18	
Extension .....	67.00	
Frontage tax.....	14,940.56	
Sinking fund earnings.....	57,174.72	
Sinking fund.....	24,417.60	
Meter .....	16,082.98	
Construction (new supply).....	2,053.20	
Rent account .....	2,005.29	
	<hr/>	
		342,407.74
Total receipts .....		<hr/>
		\$354,312.50

TABLE NO. 2—Continued.

## DISBURSEMENTS.

General Maintenance—		
Salaries .....	\$31,640.06	
Stationery and printing .....	1,949.15	
Miscellaneous .....	1,495.34	
Labor .....	3,157.17	
Material .....	8,051.15	
Stable-feed .....	400.53	
Stable-repairs .....	823.98	
		\$47,517.38
Connections—		
Labor .....	\$13,597.52	
Pipe .....	5,618.43	
Brass goods and stop boxes .....	2,438.99	
Tools and miscellaneous .....	547.10	
		22,202.04
Repairs—		
Hydrants—labor .....	\$2,232.75	
Hydrants—material .....	43.14	
Valves—labor .....	348.76	
Valves—material .....	29.26	
Mains—labor .....	442.47	
Mains—material .....	32.65	
		3,127.03
Meters—		
Labor and material .....	\$6,226.08	
Freight and meters .....	6,126.26	
		12,352.94
Extensions—		
Pipe and special castings .....	\$14,446.67	
Labor and contracts .....	14,910.47	
Tools and repairs of same .....	476.30	
Advertising .....	47.10	
Fire hydrants .....	838.50	
Valves .....	787.23	
Lead and hemp packing .....	1,118.08	
Lumber and material .....	1,011.54	
Miscellaneous .....	451.49	
		34,087.38
Construction—New Supply—		
Labor and contracts .....	\$1,255.01	
Tools and repairs of same .....	24.75	
Lumber and material .....	86.62	
Engineering and right of way .....	1,528.15	
Miscellaneous and building account ..	10,163.35	
		13,057.88
Interest .....	\$113,550.00	
Refunded frontage tax .....	35.80	
Bond account .....	10,000.00	
Sinking fund .....	74,417.60	
Sinking fund earnings .....	6,082.98	
Repairs outside of city .....	936.58	
		205,022.96
Total disbursements .....		337,367.61
Balance .....		\$10,944.89

TABLE NO. 3.

RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS FROM AUG. 10, 1882, TO DEC. 31, 1901.

## RECEIPTS.

General water receipts, high service..	\$847,151.87	
General water receipts, low service...	1,070,150.02	
General water receipts, meters.....	1,006,477.12	
		\$2,923,779.01
Miscellaneous receipts, builders.....	\$41,403.39	
Miscellaneous receipts, water carts...	3,796.13	
Miscellaneous receipts, flushing sewers	14,865.93	
Miscellaneous receipts, filling cisterns.	21,551.59	
Miscellaneous receipts, sprinkling str.	253,308.57	
		334,925.61
Connections—Services .....		360,958.73
Shutting off and turning on water.....		2,450.00
Extension .....		51,807.51
Interest .....		67,964.84
Frontage tax.....		1,385,301.04
Sinking fund earnings.....		160,594.92
Sinking fund.....		65,624.59
Meter .....		6,503.88
Construction account.....		8,299.63
Repair .....		3,319.85
Bills payable.....		653,000.00
Bonds .....		2,110,000.00
General water receipts, hydrant acc't.		121,063.19
Rent account.....		911.10
		\$8,257,103.90
Total receipts .....		\$8,257,103.90

## DISBURSEMENTS.

General Maintenance—		
Salaries .....	\$343,988.79	
Stationery and printing.....	24,177.37	
Miscellaneous .....	14,873.00	
Labor .....	79,851.68	
Material .....	129,336.26	
Stable—feed .....	7,167.78	
Stable—repairs .....	6,049.56	
		\$605,444.42
Connections—		
Labor .....	\$211,553.69	
Pipe .....	95,906.96	
Brass goods and stop boxes.....	48,207.28	
Tools and miscellaneous.....	10,100.78	
		365,768.71
Repairs—		
Hydrants—labor .....	\$45,658.97	
Hydrants—material .....	2,106.31	
Valves—labor .....	3,272.91	
Valves—material .....	740.94	
Mains—labor .....	19,134.12	
Mains—material .....	2,694.45	
		73,667.70
Meters—		
Labor and material.....	\$38,202.16	
Freight and meters .....	68,657.01	
		106,859.17
Extensions—		
Pipe and special castings.....	\$1,100,513.00	
Labor and contracts.....	686,272.74	
Tools and repairs of same.....	20,933.33	
Advertising .....	534.36	
Fire hydrants .....	101,480.34	
Valves .....	83,056.24	
Lead and hemp packing.....	70,063.61	
Lumber and material.....	27,325.09	
Miscellaneous .....	32,425.65	
		2,132,204.36

TABLE NO. 3—Continued.

Construction—New Supply—		
Pipe and special castings.....	\$190,423.50	
Labor and contracts.....	729,076.52	
Tools and repairs of same.....	7,555.50	
Lumber and material.....	99,992.86	
Freight.....	9,734.03	
Engineering and right of way.....	155,589.71	
Miscellaneous and building account...	32,115.24	
Reservoirs.....	148,847.45	
		1,373,334.81
Interest.....	\$1,929,999.74	
Refunded frontage tax.....	3,279.98	
Bills payable.....	653,000.00	
Sinking fund.....	758,758.11	
Sinking fund earnings.....	48,624.59	
Bond account.....	184,000.00	
Repairs outside of city.....	5,217.42	
		3,582,879.84
Total disbursements.....		\$5,240,159.01
Balance.....		\$16,944.89

TABLE NO. 4.

STATEMENT SHOWING AMOUNT PAID THE CITY TREASURER, FROM  
JAN. 1, 1901, TO DEC. 31, 1901.

January 1.	Balance in treasury as per last report.....		\$11,701.01
January.	Cash.....	\$24,144.95	
February.	Cash.....	16,468.37	
March.	Cash.....	32,021.61	
April.	Cash.....	13,853.59	
May.	Cash.....	15,253.14	
June.	Cash.....	39,317.26	
July.	Cash.....	50,870.14	
August.	Cash.....	20,877.17	
September.	Cash.....	40,223.32	
October.	Cash.....	15,196.71	
November.	Cash.....	20,353.25	
December.	Cash.....	13,358.90	
			301,938.50
Total.....			\$313,639.51

TABLE NO. 5.

WARRANTS DRAWN ON CITY TREASURER FROM JAN. 1, 1901, TO DEC.  
31, 1901, INCLUSIVE.

Jan.	1.	Warrant Nos. 11652 to 11662 inclusive	\$15,303.15	
Jan.	12.	Warrant Nos. 11663 to 11690 inclusive	471.28	
				\$15,774.43
Feb.	1.	Warrant Nos. 11691 to 11703 inclusive	\$11,228.33	
Feb.	8.	Warrant Nos. 11704 to 11734 inclusive	420.37	
				11,648.70
Mar.	1.	Warrant Nos. 11735 to 11749 inclusive	\$5,360.80	
Mar.	8.	Warrant Nos. 11750 to 11779 inclusive	26,389.48	
Mar.	9.	Warrant Nos. 11780 to 11786 inclusive	3,588.51	
				35,338.79
April	1.	Warrant Nos. 11787 to 11793 inclusive	\$4,649.15	
April	11.	Warrant Nos. 11794 to 11832 inclusive	10,746.74	
				15,395.89
May	1.	Warrant Nos. 11833 to 11853 inclusive	\$14,659.95	
May	10.	Warrant Nos. 11854 to 11899 inclusive	1,689.80	
May	14.	Warrant No. 11900.....	125.00	
				16,474.75
June	1.	Warrant Nos. 11901 to 11914 inclusive	\$12,604.88	
June	11.	Warrant Nos. 11915 to 11961 inclusive	1,315.70	
				13,920.58

TABLE NO. 5—Continued.

July 1.	Warrant Nos. 11962 to 11976 inclusive	\$35,748.25	
July 12.	Warrant Nos. 11977 to 12019 inclusive	1,642.48	
			37,390.73
Aug. 3.	Warrant Nos. 12030 to 12041 inclusive	\$30,442.60	
Aug. 10.	Warrant Nos. 12042 to 12091 inclusive	8,024.47	
			39,067.07
Sept. 2.	Warrant Nos. 12092 to 12110 inclusive	\$38,392.91	
Sept. 12.	Warrant Nos. 12111 to 12153 inclusive	1,441.30	
Sept. 16.	Warrant No. 12154.....	62.50	
			39,896.71
Oct. 2.	Warrant Nos. 12155 to 12181 inclusive	\$24,234.65	
Oct. 10.	Warrant Nos. 12182 to 12223 inclusive	1,921.89	
			26,156.54
Nov. 1.	Warrant Nos. 12224 to 12240 inclusive	\$15,957.90	
Nov. 2.	Warrant Nos. 12241 to 12253 inclusive	14,115.23	
Nov. 11.	Warrant Nos. 12254 to 12298 inclusive	1,896.67	
Nov. 19.	Warrant No. 12299.....	4,348.25	
			36,318.05
Dec. 2.	Warrant Nos. 12300 to 12316 inclusive	\$7,690.39	
Dec. 12.	Warrant Nos. 12317 to 12360 inclusive	1,794.40	
			9,484.79
			\$200,867.03

TABLE NO. 6.

CONTRACTS MADE BY THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS FROM  
JAN. 1, 1901, TO DEC. 31, 1901.

No.	Date.	With Whom and for What Purpose.	Amount of Contract.	Amount Paid.
1.	Jan. ...	Pioneer Press Co., printing annual report for 1900 .....	\$326.25	\$326.25
2.	Jan. 12.	Jos. Lamotte, cutting wood and piles at Centerville .....	1,147.85	1,147.85
3.	Mar. 5.	Western Supply Co., lead pipe .....	2,497.46	2,497.46
4.	Mar. 5.	Crane & Ordway Co., corporation taps, stop and waste cocks .....	543.48	543.48
5.	Mar. 5.	Bingham & Taylor, valve and service boxes .....	1,964.33	1,964.33
6.	Mar. 5.	South Park Foundry & Machine Co., special castings .....	729.84	729.84
7.	Mar. 5.	Pittsburg Meter Co., water meters .....	4,221.37	4,221.37
8.	May 17.	The Western Supply Co., pig lead .....	764.50	764.50
9.	May 16.	South Park Foundry & Machine Co., fire hydrants .....	838.50	838.50
10.	May 16.	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co., cast iron pipe .....	10,666.82	10,666.82
11.	May 17.	R. D. Wood & Co., water gates .....	442.85	442.85
12.	May 16.	James Shiely, drayage .....	252.80	252.80
13.	July 29.	Wm. F. Porten, pumping station, Vadnais Lake .....	8,645.00	8,645.00
14.	Aug. 31.	Crane & Ordway Co., lead pipe .....	2,103.99	2,103.99
15.	Aug. 31.	John Kenny, boiler, Vadnais Lake station .....	449.50	449.50
16.	Sept. 12.	J. B. Clow & Sons, cast iron pipe .....	2,791.86	2,791.86
			\$38,386.40	\$38,386.40

TABLE NO. 6—Continued.

CONTRACTS MADE PREVIOUS TO DEC. 31, 1900, AND FOR WHICH FINAL  
SETTLEMENT WAS NOT MADE AT TIME OF LAST REPORT.

Date.	With Whom and for What Purpose.	Am't Due Dec. 31, 1900.	Amount Paid.
Feb. 3, 1900.	Pittsburg Meter Co., meters .....	\$784.00	\$784.00
May 1, 1900.	Patrick Doherty, laying and relaying water pipes .....	711.71	711.71
May 1, 1900.	Chris. Johnson, laying water pipes .....	220.60	220.60
July 10, 1900.	F. L. Gregory, coal and wood .....	5,268.42	5,268.42
		\$6,984.73	\$6,984.73

TABLE

## BOND ACCOUNT

Date of Legislative Act Authorizing Issue of Bonds.	Amount of Bonds Authorized.	Date of Bonds Issued.	When Due.	Amount of Bonds Issued.	Rate.	Amount Purchased and Canceled	Amount Due.
Feb. 10, 1881	\$600,000	June 1, 1882	June 1, 1912	\$350,000.00	4%	.....	\$350,000.00
		Aug. 1, 1883	Aug. 1, 1913	150,000.00	5%	\$2,000.00	148,000.00
		Apr. 1, 1884	Apr. 1, 1914	100,000.00	5%	.....	100,000.00
Jan. 26, 1883	500,000	Apr. 1, 1884	Apr. 1, 1909	500,000.00	5%	8,000.00	492,000.00
Feb. 21, 1885	800,000	Apr. 1, 1885	Apr. 1, 1915	400,000.00	5%	.....	400,000.00
Jan. 31, 1887	200,000	May 2, 1887	May 2, 1917	200,000.00	4½%	.....	200,000.00
Jan. 31, 1887	100,000	Mar. 1, 1888	Mar. 1, 1918	300,000.00	4½%	.....	300,000.00
		Jan. 1, 1889	Jan. 1, 1919	100,000.00	4½%	.....	100,000.00
		Jan. 2, 1889	Jan. 2, 1919	100,000.00	4½%	2,000.00	98,000.00
Mar. 29, 1889	300,000	May 1, 1889	May 1, 1919	100,000.00	4½%	12,000.00	148,000.00
		May 1, 1890	May 1, 1920	100,000.00	4%	.....	100,000.00
				\$2,400,000.00	.....	\$24,000.00	\$2,436,000.00

## STATEMENT OF CITY BONDS ISSUED FOR WATER WORKS

When Purchased.	Date of Issue.	When Due.	Rate of Interest.
March 15, 1900.....	April 1, 1884.....	April 1, 1909.....	5 per cent
March 27, 1900.....	Aug. 1, 1883.....	Aug. 1, 1913.....	5 per cent
March 27, 1900.....	Jan. 2, 1889.....	Jan. 2, 1919.....	4½ per cent
Oct. 20, 1900.....	Jan. 2, 1889.....	Jan. 2, 1919.....	4½ per cent
Dec. 13, 1900.....	Jan. 1, 1889.....	Jan. 1, 1919.....	4½ per cent
Aug. 22, 1901.....	Jan. 2, 1889.....	Jan. 2, 1919.....	4½ per cent
Aug. 22, 1901.....	Jan. 1, 1889.....	Jan. 1, 1919.....	4½ per cent
Nov. 18, 1901.....	April 1, 1884.....	April 1, 1909.....	5 per cent
Total.....			

Amount of annual interest saved by the purchase of the above bonds, \$1,180.00.

NO. 7.

JANUARY 1, 1902.

INTEREST PAYABLE.												Total Annual Interest.
Dec. 1.	Jan. 2.	Feb. 1.	Mar. 2.	Apr. 1.	May 2.	June 1.	July 2.	Aug. 1.	Sept. 1.	Oct. 1.	Nov. 2.	
\$7,000	.....	\$3,700	.....	.....	.....	\$7,000	.....	\$3,700	.....	.....	.....	\$14,000.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7,400.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,500	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,500	.....	5,000.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	12,300	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	12,300	.....	24,600.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,000	.....	20,000.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$4,500	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$4,500	9,000.00
.....	.....	.....	\$6,750	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$6,750	.....	.....	13,500.00
.....	\$2,205	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	\$2,205	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,410.00
.....	8,890	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,890	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,680.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,250	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,250	4,500.00
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,000	4,000.00
\$7,000	\$5,585	\$3,700	\$6,750	\$24,800	\$8,750	\$7,000	\$5,585	\$3,700	\$6,750	\$24,800	\$8,750	\$118,070.00

PURPOSES, PURCHASED AND CANCELED IN 1900 AND 1901.

No.	Amount Purchased.	PREMIUM PAID.		Accrued Interest.	Total Paid.	FROM WHAT FUND.	
		Rate.	Amount.			Surplus Earnings.	Sinking Fund.
2	\$2,000.00	118.98	\$279.60	\$45.48	\$2,325.08	\$2,325.08	.....
2	2,000.00	120.81	406.20	15.07	2,421.27	2,421.27	.....
3	3,000.00	119.40	582.00	81.44	3,613.44	3,613.44	.....
6	6,000.00	118.98	1,185.80	80.25	7,216.05	.....	\$7,216.05
1	1,000.00	118.89	188.90	18.37	1,207.27	.....	1,207.27
3	3,000.00	118.38	549.90	18.50	3,568.40	.....	3,568.40
1	1,000.00	118.38	188.30	6.16	1,189.46	.....	1,189.46
6	6,000.00	112.38	739.80	32.05	6,771.85	.....	6,771.85
....	\$24,000.00	.....	\$4,065.50	\$247.32	\$28,312.82	\$8,359.79	\$19,953.08



TABLE NO. 8.

## STATEMENT SHOWING AMOUNT DUE THE BOARD OF WATER COMMISSIONERS ON DEC. 31, 1901, FROM CITY OF ST. PAUL.

Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1891, to June 1, 1892.	\$28,401.53
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1892, to Dec. 1, 1892	29,229.79
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1892, to June 1, 1893	30,546.89
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1893, to Dec. 1, 1893	31,607.77
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1893, to June 1, 1894.	31,773.12
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1894, to Dec. 1, 1894.	32,307.00
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1894, to June 1, 1895	32,700.16
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1895, to Dec. 1, 1895	33,204.95
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1895, to June 1, 1896	33,341.84
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1896, to Dec. 1, 1896.	33,509.57
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1896, to June 1, 1897	33,663.27
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1897, to Dec. 1, 1897	33,823.91
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1897, to June 1, 1898	33,978.33
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1898, to Dec. 1, 1898	34,184.94
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1898, to June 1, 1899	34,325.95
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1899, to Dec. 1, 1899	34,571.36
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1899, to June 1, 1900	34,740.08
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1900, to Dec. 1, 1900	35,029.27
Water for fire purposes from Dec. 1, 1900, to June 1, 1901	35,251.69
Water for fire purposes from June 1, 1901, to Dec. 1, 1901	35,490.95
	<hr/> \$661,682.37
Premiums received and retained by city on \$160,000 of bonds issued in January, 1889, to redeem the bonds of the old St. Paul Water Co. of like amount assumed by the city at the time of the purchase of the works.	5,393.77

TABLE NO. 8—Continued.

Relaying of water mains caused by change of grade—		
On Mt. Airy, between Valley and Warren.....	\$248.12	
On Fairview, between Jackson and Mt. Airy.....	134.25	
On East Sixth, between Maria and Hoffman..	399.75	
On East Sixth, between Broadway and Olive..	674.37	
On Flandrau, at Harvester.....	65.00	
Changing main at Como bridge.....	760.58	
Lowering main on Grand avenue.....	94.00	
Raising main Cedar and Fifth.....	202.15	
		2,578.22
For repairing sprinkling hydrants.....	\$117.75	
For water for flushing sewers, 1901.....	72.12	
		189.87
For water for public hydrant, corner Fillmore and Eva, Register No. 705.....	\$2.17	
For water for public hydrant, corner State and Indiana, Register No. 706.....	62.70	
		64.87
		\$669,909.10
From Board of Education—		
Schools from May 1, 1898, to July 1, 1900.....	\$6,876.35	
Schools from Sept. 1, 1901, to Jan. 1, 1902.....	1,085.41	
		7,961.76
Balance frontage tax assessment for 1896 and prior .....	\$17,654.05	
Balance frontage tax assessment for 1897.....	6,348.10	
Balance frontage tax assessment for 1898.....	6,803.28	
Balance frontage tax assessment for 1899.....	2,222.58	
Balance frontage tax assessment for 1900.....	10,570.34	
For frontage tax assessment for 1901.....	40,532.23	
		84,131.30
From builders .....	\$100.00	
Union Depot Co.....	741.64	
Putting in 4-inch services.....	178.07	
		1,019.71
Total .....		\$763,021.87

TABLE NO. 9.  
FRONTAGE TAX ACCOUNT, COLLECTIONS—BALANCE DUE JAN. 1, 1902.

RECEIPTS FOR YEAR 1901.	1898 and Prior.	1897.	1898.	1899.	1900.	1901.	Total.
January 8.....				\$1,125.00			\$1,125.00
February 6.....				2,200.00	\$500.00		2,700.00
June 29.....	\$616.99	\$119.95	\$112.61	389.92	18,760.23		20,000.00
July 30.....	91.05	121.74	128.03	4,314.90	16,758.39		21,414.11
August 3.....					875.00		875.00
September 12.....				230.00	300.00		530.00
October 12.....					1,100.00		1,100.00
November 26.....	919.75	159.47	172.36	100.16	7,518.87		8,930.61
December 5.....					500.00		500.00
Total receipts.....	\$1,627.79	\$401.16	\$413.30	\$8,419.96	\$46,312.49		\$57,174.72
Amount due Jan. 1, 1901, as per last report.....	19,281.84	6,749.26	7,216.58	10,642.56	56,882.83		100,773.07
Amount of 1901 assessment collectible in 1902.....							\$43,598.35
Amount due Jan. 1, 1902.....	\$17,654.03	\$6,348.10	\$6,803.28	\$2,222.58	\$10,570.34	\$40,532.23	40,532.95
							\$84,131.30





TABLE NO. 11.

Pay Roll for Year, Including Salaries of Officers, Engineers, Firemen, Inspectors and Laborers.			Salaries of Engineers, Firemen and Keepers at the Various Stations.						
Month.	Number of Men.	Total Amount of Pay Roll.	McCarron Lake Station.	Vadnais Lake Station.	Baldwin Lake Station.	West St. Paul Station.	Centerville Station.	Reservoir.	Total.
December, 1900..	84	\$4,180.45	\$435.00	\$50.00	\$10.00	\$115.00	\$50.00	\$40.00	\$700.00
January, 1901....	80	4,079.41	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
February, 1901....	84	4,391.99	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
March, 1901.....	92	4,413.24	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
April, 1901.....	105	4,996.53	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
May, 1901.....	114	5,881.48	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
June, 1901.....	148	6,337.28	435.00	50.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	700.00
July, 1901.....	183	7,805.36	435.00	78.00	10.00	115.00	50.00	40.00	728.00
August, 1901.....	170	8,417.21	435.00	106.00	10.00	115.00	165.00	40.00	871.00
September, 1901..	139	6,859.67	435.00	110.00	10.00	115.00	165.00	40.00	875.00
October, 1901....	138	7,526.47	435.00	110.00	10.00	115.00	165.00	40.00	875.00
November, 1901..	129	6,287.48	435.00	64.00	10.00	115.00	107.50	40.00	771.50
Totals .....	1,466	71,176.57	5,220.00	818.00	120.00	1,380.00	1,002.50	480.00	9,020.50

TABLE NO. 12.

THE FOLLOWING TABLE SHOWS THE NUMBER OF APPLICATIONS MADE FOR WATER SERVICE ANNUALLY FROM 1869 TO DATE.

Year.	High Service.	Low Service.	Total.
1869.....	.....	34	
1870.....	.....	321	
1871.....	.....	250	
1872.....	.....	164	
1873.....	.....	131	
1874.....	.....	153	
1875.....	.....	95	
1876.....	.....	85	
1877.....	.....	67	
1878.....	.....	50	
1879.....	.....	180	
1880.....	.....	167	
1881.....	.....	164	
1882.....	.....	264	
1883.....	.....	301	
1884.....	164	336	2,426
1885.....	644	365	500
1886.....	639	369	1,009
1887.....	747	325	1,008
1888.....	812	406	1,072
1889.....	1,327	491	1,218
1890.....	1,071	336	1,818
1891.....	811	264	1,407
1892.....	671	210	1,075
1893.....	474	151	881
1894.....	363	139	625
1895.....	390	311	502
1896.....	384	156	701
1897.....	332	98	540
1898.....	401	129	430
1899.....	503	163	530
1900.....	480	205	666
1901.....	588	232	685
	10,801	7,112	820
			17,913

TABLE NO. 13.

## PUMPING PLANTS—EXPENSE MAINTAINING THE FIVE (5) PUMPING STATIONS AND RESERVOIR.

Station.	Salaries.	Fuel.	Waste and Machine Oil.	Supplies and Repairs.	Kerosene Oil.	Total.
McCarron lake....	\$5,220.00	\$4,627.95	\$270.37	\$255.43	\$3.92	\$10,377.67
Baldwin lake....	120.00	55.00	.....	30.62	.....	205.62
Vadnais lake....	818.00	625.73	38.30	21.04	17.16	1,520.23
West St. Paul....	1,380.00	561.36	.....	79.90	19.88	2,041.14
Centerville .....	1,002.50	1,129.05	26.30	47.76	19.48	2,225.09
Reservoir .....	480.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	480.00
Totals .....	\$9,020.50	\$6,999.09	\$334.97	\$434.75	\$60.44	\$16,849.75

TABLE NO. 14.

## METERS IN SERVICE JAN. 1, 1902.

KIND OF METERS.	SIZE.									Total
	½	¾	1	1½	2	3	4	6		
Worthington (improved).....	94	97	35	39	7	4	2	...	278	
Worthington (old style).....	5	14	7	9	2	...	...	...	37	
Union (rotary).....	64	21	10	24	1	1	2	1	124	
Columbia .....	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	
Nash .....	10	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	13	
Nash "A" .....	15	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	
Nash "AA" .....	60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	
Nash "AX" .....	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	
Crown .....	67	13	25	33	9	1	2	...	150	
Crown "A" .....	1	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	5	
Crown "AA" .....	539	...	12	3	1	...	...	...	555	
Empire .....	9	15	39	33	6	...	1	...	103	
Empire "A" .....	6	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	12	
Empire "AA" .....	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	
Empire "AAX" .....	6	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	10	
Gem .....	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	
Gem "AA" .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
Thomson .....	12	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	
Thomson "B" .....	2	44	14	3	2	2	1	...	68	
Lambert .....	9	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	11	
Lambert "A" .....	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	
Hersey .....	34	35	29	23	13	2	1	...	137	
Hersey Disc .....	1	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	5	
Frost .....	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Trident .....	61	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	63	
Westinghouse .....	3	...	5	1	1	...	...	...	10	
Pittsburg Disc .....	3,244	53	72	32	15	1	...	...	3,417	
Niagara .....	294	8	5	1	1	...	...	...	309	
Totals .....	11	4,595	314	244	170	60	10	11	2 5,417	

TABLE NO. 15.

SHUTTING OFF AND TURNING ON WATER FROM JAN. 1, 1901, TO JAN.  
1, 1902.

	High Service.	Low Service.	Total.
Shut off for repairs.....	281	298	579
Shut off for non-payment.....	133	125	258
Shut off for vacant premises.....	494	285	779
Shut off for violation of rules.....	6	4	10
Totals .....	914	712	1,626
Turned on old services.....	897	653	1,550
Turned on new services.....	567	204	771
Turned on for builders.....	.....	41	41
Totals .....	1,464	898	2,362

Total services shut off and turned on for year ending:

December 1, 1884.....	1,014	December 1, 1893.....	4,477
December 1, 1885.....	2,311	December 1, 1894.....	4,932
December 1, 1886.....	2,384	December 1, 1895.....	4,606
December 1, 1887.....	2,541	December 31, 1896.....	4,373
December 1, 1888.....	2,833	December 31, 1897.....	4,435
December 1, 1889.....	3,978	December 31, 1898.....	4,170
December 1, 1890.....	3,919	December 31, 1899.....	4,607
December 1, 1891.....	4,743	December 31, 1900.....	3,979
December 1, 1892.....	4,470	December 31, 1901.....	3,988



TABLE NO. 16.

SHOWING THE DIFFERENT KINDS AND SIZES OF METERS BELONGING TO THE CITY AND PRIVATE PARTIES, IN SERVICE AND ON HAND, DEC. 31, 1901.

- KIND OF METERS.	Size in Inches.	PROPERTY OF CITY.			PRIVATE PROPERTY.			Grand Total of Meters in Service.	Grand Total of Meters in Shop.	Grand Total of All Meters.
		In Service.	At Work Shop.	Total.	In Service.	At Work Shop.	Total.			
Columbia	4 5/8	9	3	12				9	3	12
Crown	1	1		1	1		1	2		2
Crown	3	1		1				1		1
Crown	12	8	1	9				9		9
Crown	1 1/2	33		33	1		1	33	1	34
Crown	1	25		25				25		25
Crown	1 3/4	13		13				13		13
Crown	1 5/8	65	1	66	2		2	67		69
Crown	1 3/8		1	1					1	1
Crown "A"	1	1		1				1		1
Crown "A"	1 3/4	3	2	5				3	2	5
Crown "A"	1 3/8	1	2	3				1	2	3
Crown "AA"	2				1		1			1
Crown "AA"	1 1/2	13		13				13		13
Crown "AA"	1	12	1	13				12	1	13
Crown "AA"	1 5/8	538	11	549	1		1	539	11	550
Empire	4	1		1				1		1
Empire	2	6	4	10				6	4	10
Empire	1	33	1	34				33	1	34
Empire	1 3/4	39		39				39		39
Empire	1 1/2	14		14	1		1	15		15
Empire	1 1/2	9		9				9		9
Empire "A"	1	3		3				3		3
Empire "A"	1 3/4	3		3				3		3
Empire "A"	1 5/8	6		6				6		6
Empire "AA"	2	2		2				2		2
Empire "AA"	1	1		1				1		1
Empire "AAX"	1	1		1				1		1
Empire "AAX"	1 3/4	3		3				3		3
Empire "AAX"	1 5/8	6		6				6		6
Frost	1 3/4	1		1				1		1
Gem	4				1		1	1		1
Gem	3				1		1	1		1
Gem "AA"	6				1		1	1		1
Gem "AA"	4				1		1	1		1
Hersey	4				1		1	1		1
Hersey	3	2		2				2		2
Hersey	2	13		13				13		13
Hersey	1 1/2	23		23				23		23
Hersey	1	29	1	30				29	1	30
Hersey	1 3/4	35	1	36				35	1	36
Hersey	1 3/8	34		34				34		34
Hersey disc	2	2		2				2		2
Hersey disc	1 1/2	2		2				2		2
Hersey disc	1 3/8	1	1	2				1	1	2
Lambert	1	1		1				1		1
Lambert	1	1		1				1		1
Lambert	1 3/4	9		9				9		9
Lambert "A"	1 3/4	1		1				1		1
Lambert "A"	1 3/8	1		1				1		1
Nash	1				1		1			1
Nash	1 3/4	2		2				2		2
Nash	1 3/8	9	1	10	1	1	2	10	2	12
Nash "A"	1	1		1				1		1
Nash "A"	1 3/8	14		14	1		1	15		15
Nash "AA"	1 3/4	60		60				60		60
Nash "AX"	1 1/2				1		1	1		1
Niagara	2				1	1	2	1	1	2

TABLE NO. 16—Continued.

KIND OF METERS.	Size in Inches.	PROPERTY OF CITY.			PRIVATE PROPERTY.			Grand Total of Meters in Service.	Grand Total of Meters in Shop.	Grand Total of All Meters.
		In Service.	At Work Shop.	Total.	In Service.	At Work Shop.	Total.			
Niagara	1½				1		1	1		1
Niagara	1							5		5
Niagara	¾				3		3	8		8
Niagara	¾	201	9	300				204	9	303
Pittsburg disc.	3	1		1				1		1
Pittsburg disc.	2	15	1	16				15	1	16
Pittsburg disc.	1½	32		32				32		32
Pittsburg disc.	1	72	7	79				72	7	79
Pittsburg disc.	¾	53	2	55				53	2	55
Pittsburg disc.	¾	3,241	161	3,402	3		3	3,244	161	3,405
Thomson	¾	2		2				2		2
Thomson	¾	12		12				12		12
Thomson "B"	4				1		1	1		1
Thomson "B"	2	1		1	1		1	2		2
Thomson "B"	1½	2		2				2		2
Thomson "B"	1	3		3				3		3
Thomson "B"	¾	13	1	14	1		1	14	1	15
Thomson "B"	¾	44	1	45				44	1	45
Thomson "B"	½	2	1	3				2	1	3
Trident	1	1		1				1		1
Trident	¾	1		1				1		1
Trident	¾	61	2	63				61	2	63
Union rotary	6				1		1	1		1
Union rotary	4	2		2				2		2
Union rotary	3	1		1				1		1
Union rotary	2	1	2	3				2	2	3
Union rotary	1½	23	2	25	1		1	24	2	26
Union rotary	1	10	2	12				10	2	12
Union rotary	¾	21		21				21		21
Union rotary	¾	64	4	68				64	4	68
Westinghouse	1	1		1				1		1
Westinghouse	1½	1		1				1		1
Westinghouse	1	5		5				5		5
Westinghouse	¾	3		3				3		3
Worthington improved	4				2		2	2		2
Worthington improved	3				4		4	4		4
Worthington improved	2	2		2	5		5	7		7
Worthington improved	1½	35	1	36	4		4	39	1	40
Worthington improved	1	33		33	2		2	35		35
Worthington improved	¾	94	6	100	3		3	97	6	103
Worthington improved	¾	74	5	79	20		20	94	5	99
Worthington old style	3		3	3					3	3
Worthington old style	2	2		2				2		2
Worthington old style	1½	9		9				9		9
Worthington old style	1	7		7				7		7
Worthington old style	¾	14		14				14		14
Worthington old style	¾	5		5				5		5
		5,335	241	5,576	82	2	84	5,417	243	5,660

TABLE NO. 17.

EXPENSE FOR MAINTAINING PUMPING STATIONS AND RESERVOIR FOR YEARS 1891-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-1900-1901.  
McCARRON LAKE STATION.

YEAR.	Salar- ies.	Fuel.	Machine Oil and Waste.	Repairs and Supplies.	Kero- sene Oil.	Total.	WATER PUMPED.		FUEL, COAL, ETC.		Daily Increase in Pumping Gallons.
							Annually.	Daily.	Annually.	Daily.	
1891	\$3,540.00	\$4,702.12	\$213.86	\$230.08	\$38.50	\$8,725.14	1,106,034,800	3,030,232	2,134,000	5,845	871,000
1892	3,575.00	5,400.89	302.36	37.82	36.75	9,352.82	1,071,130,320	2,034,603	2,036,734	5,580	.....
1893	3,593.00	5,413.30	279.56	329.46	Electric.	9,615.32	1,298,551,200	3,557,074	2,147,888	5,884	623,070
1894	3,706.50	5,012.85	237.99	351.12	5.20	9,313.66	1,300,813,800	3,882,110	2,345,731	6,427	326,000
1895	3,652.00	5,034.79	243.57	290.09	5.20	9,204.65	1,536,912,000	4,210,719	2,536,020	6,948	338,000
1896 (13 months)	3,747.00	5,963.64	292.40	305.74	.....	10,308.78	1,651,524,200	4,160,011	2,751,698	6,915	*50,708
1897	3,900.00	3,888.07	237.45	101.08	.....	7,827.20	1,280,312,340	3,507,705	2,074,208	5,682	*652,306
1898	3,754.50	2,923.00	293.34	83.14	4.72	7,068.70	1,456,108,200	3,980,501	2,205,128	5,902	482,301
1899	5,480.16	3,845.45	254.76	318.00	4.77	9,903.23	1,458,679,700	3,960,122	2,149,470	5,803	10,112
1900	5,168.34	4,307.46	320.24	334.90	.....	10,131.03	1,447,107,400	3,964,677	2,127,807	5,829	*34,445
1901	5,220.00	4,627.05	270.37	255.43	3.92	10,377.67	1,416,118,500	3,879,776	2,124,125	5,819	*84,901

\*Decrease.

## BALDWIN LAKE STATION.

YEAR.	Salar- ies.	Fuel.	Machine Oil and Waste.	Repairs and Supplies.	Kero- sene Oil.	Total.	WATER PUMPED.		FUEL, COAL, ETC.		Daily Increase in Pumping Gallons.
							Annually.	Daily.	Annually.	Daily.	
1891	\$1,507.16	\$4,998.44	\$51.98	\$77.39	\$22.14	\$6,657.11	1,983,034,500	8,077,585	Wood 797½ Coal 150,325	.....	.....
1892	1,002.08	941.00	56.28	56.12	11.90	2,127.39	1,153,794,000	9,470,266	Wood 576	.....	.....
1893	1,145.66	778.42	45.18	363.96	10.35	2,343.60	1,104,153,600	9,219,623	Wood 461½	.....	.....
1894	1,245.66	1,182.05	49.80	251.03	10.30	2,739.44	1,449,360,900	9,062,406	Wood 696½	4½	.....
1895	1,450.00	2,524.46	23.77	45.19	27.08	4,070.50	1,814,949,800	8,624,663	Wood 821	4	.....
1896 (13 months)	1,564.70	1,697.88	17.98	14.40	15.93	3,310.78	1,917,063,000	9,271,715	Wood 841½	4.3	.....
1897	35.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	35.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1898	116.68	56.00	.....	.....	.....	172.68	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1899	120.00	.....	.....	34.60	.....	154.60	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
1900	120.00	.....	.....	.....	.....	120.00	*8,782,506	.....	4	.....	.....
1901	120.00	55.00	.....	30.62	.....	205.62	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

\*Run only twenty hours for testing.

## VADNAIS LAKE STATION.

YEAR.	Salaries.	Fuel.	Machine Oil and Waste.	Repairs and Supplies.	Kerosene Oil.	Total.	WATER PUMPED.		FUEL, COAL, ETC.	
							Annually.	Daily.	Annually.	Daily.
1891	\$1,100.00	\$1,081.68	\$50.75	\$197.12	\$6.36	\$2,435.91	207,750,000		246,800	
1892	1,020.00	1,905.25	73.71	102.19	25.90	3,127.05				
1893	600.00			216.75	20.00	2,679.40	337,160,000		624,387	
1894	912.50	1,508.99	21.06	31.58	11.04	2,044.05	237,043,000		550,000	
1895	848.33	1,106.00	47.50	32.52	32.52	1,688.15	193,611,850		612,614	
1896	1,147.48	1,618.77	6.39	46.92	9.81	2,891.75	290,290,356	2,364,262	2,364,262	
1897 (13 months)	754.00	479.83	63.82	73.81	18.55	2,213.67	924,765,690	735,341	195,350	
1898	1,006.00	1,049.49	12.18	142.13	16.31	1,843.05	555,396,800	4,569,561	589,360	
1899	806.00	776.43	39.54	167.10	12.50	1,312.44	311,731,000	4,982,464	337,050	2,963
1900	786.00	307.30	38.30	21.04	17.16	1,520.23	493,940,400	4,996,340	172,000	2,756
1901	818.00	625.73						5,100,470	263,300	2,780

## WEST ST. PAUL STATION.

YEAR.	Salaries.	Fuel.	Machine Oil and Waste.	Repairs and Supplies.	Kerosene Oil.	Total.	WATER PUMPED.		FUEL, COAL, ETC.	
							Annually.	Daily.	Annually.	Daily.
1893	\$1,237.75	\$589.63	\$29.72	\$23.50	\$15.10	\$1,895.70	10,015,722	27,440	269,043	571
1894	1,320.00	328.96	2.88	28.83	14.20	1,694.87	9,123,480	24,900	169,220	463
1895	1,320.00	290.50	5.27	26.47	9.08	1,660.32	10,320,640	28,848	174,600	479
1896 (13 months)	1,430.00	529.88	4.58	33.37	12.00	2,000.83	13,497,120	33,998	212,200	535
1897	1,320.00	361.22	5.36	42.86	11.00	1,741.04	16,018,200	43,886	229,800	629
1898	1,426.00	355.97	1,039	40.76	9.00	1,727.42	22,668,660	61,654	269,200	742
1899	1,340.00	448.57	13.44	151.43	12.00	1,965.44	18,803,280	51,515	248,216	680
1900	1,375.00	530.76	7.00	52.40	9.88	1,975.13	16,084,108	44,066	224,650	615
1901	1,380.00	561.36		79.90	19.88	2,041.14	17,682,660	48,445	240,800	659

## CENTERVILLE STATION.

YEAR.	Salaries.	Fuel.	Machine Oil and Waste.	Repairs and Supplies.	Kerosene Oil.	Total.	WATER PUMPED.		FUEL, COAL, ETC.	
							Annually.	Daily.	Annually.	Daily.
1897	\$843.50	\$1,764.85	\$35.92	\$2.58	\$9.54	\$2,656.39	585,535,200	14,020,638	160 1/4	4 cords
1898	902.00	12.00	38.58	16.18	9.41	978.17	1,920,398,000	14,846,507	474 1/2	3 1/2 cords
1899	1,085.75	385.75	71.79	60.12	18.04	1,622.05	1,037,704,000	14,659,841	242 1/2	3 1/2 cords
1900	1,015.50	1,161.96	41.11	97.48	17.64	2,333.68	1,462,345,200	15,142,410	328	3.4 cords
1901	1,002.50	1,120.05	26.30	47.76	19.48	2,225.09				

## RESERVOIR.

Year.	Salaries.	Year.	Salaries.	Year.	Salaries.
1891.....	\$405.00	1895.....	\$406.00	1899.....	\$480.00
1892.....	406.00	1896 (13 months).....	430.00	1900.....	480.00
1893.....	405.00	1897.....	406.00	1901.....	480.00
1894.....	405.00	1898.....	405.00		

TABLE NO. 18.

## COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF HOSE VIOLATIONS FOR 1894-5-6-7-8-9-1900-1901.

VIOLATIONS.	1894.			1895.			1896.			1897.			1898.			1899.			1900.			1901.		
	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.	High.	Low.	Total.
Hose, 1 violation.....	200	129	329	136	87	223	155	46	201	91	9	100	130	15	145	56	11	67	198	55	253	133	17	150
Hose, 2 violations.....	28	16	44	5	1	6	10	3	13	1	1	2	5	3	8	5	2	7	3	2	5	4	1	5
Hose, 3 violations.....	13	7	20	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, 4 violations.....	2	3	5	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, 5 violations.....	1	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, 6 violations.....	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Reel, 6 to 9 p. m., 1 violation.....	185	50	235	34	34	68	61	4	65	37	1	38	65	1	66	19	4	23	60	11	71	5	1	6
Reel, 6 to 9 p. m., 2 violations.....	22	14	36	6	6	12	1	1	2	2	2	4	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	4	1	1	2
Reel, 6 to 9 p. m., 3 violations.....	6	2	8	2	2	4	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Reel, 6 to 9 p. m., 4 violations.....	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Reel, 6 to 9 p. m., 7 violations.....	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, all day, 1 violation.....	162	34	196	1	1	2	1	40	41	29	9	38	68	68	68	51	8	59	36	7	43	25	7	32
Hose, all day, 2 violations.....	25	9	34	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	6	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, all day, 3 violations.....	2	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Hose, all day, 4 violations.....	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
Totals.....	648	274	922	188	88	276	269	57	326	163	19	182	299	16	285	126	23	149	300	75	375	168	26	194

## NUMBER OF PERMITS ISSUED ANNUALLY TO PLUMBERS SINCE 1884.

Year.	Permits.	Year.	Permits.	Year.	Permits.
1884.....	718	1889.....	1,901	1900.....	1,970
1885.....	1,454	1890.....	2,424	1901.....	1,892
1886.....	1,497	1891.....	2,182	1902.....	1,712
1887.....	1,610	1892.....	1,961	1903.....	1,892
1888.....	1,707	1893.....	1,640	1904.....	1,898
		1894.....	1,362	1905.....	1,104
		1895.....	1,362	1906.....	1,104
		1896.....	1,362	1907.....	1,104
		1897.....	1,362	1908.....	1,104
		1898.....	1,362	1909.....	1,104
		1899.....	1,362	1910.....	1,104
		1900.....	1,362	1911.....	1,104
		1901.....	1,362	1912.....	1,104
		1902.....	1,362	1913.....	1,104
		1903.....	1,362	1914.....	1,104
		1904.....	1,362	1915.....	1,104
		1905.....	1,362	1916.....	1,104
		1906.....	1,362	1917.....	1,104
		1907.....	1,362	1918.....	1,104
		1908.....	1,362	1919.....	1,104
		1909.....	1,362	1920.....	1,104

TABLE NO. 19.  
STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER MILES OF PIPE LAID ANNUALLY TO DATE, EXPENSE OF SAME, FRONTAGE TAX, ETC.

DATE.	MAINS LAID.		Expendi- ture on Account of Laying Mains.	Construc- tion Outside of City.	Annual Main- tenance.	No. of Appli- cations for Taps.	Annual Receipts from Con- sumers.	Increase.	Frontage Tax Receipts.	No. of Fire Hydrants In Use.	Frontage Tax Assess- ments.	Yr's Frontage Tax has been Paid Incl. 94.	Yr's Frontage Tax has been Paid Incl. 94.	Years more to Pay on Basis of 10 Years.
	Miles.	Feet.												
To Aug. 10, 1882	23	1,682	\$12,300.44	\$1,500.80	\$1,674.58	2,007								
From Aug. 10, 1882, to Dec. 1, 1882		3,763	61,003.97	60,021.19	6,854.30	118				188				
From Dec. 1, 1882, to Dec. 1, 1883	4	4,807	137,186.31	100,686.93	11,473.84	301				188				
From Dec. 1, 1883, to Dec. 1, 1884	16	2,230	297,580.90	40,148.36	19,273.58	500				296	\$12,853.70	11		
From Dec. 1, 1884, to Dec. 1, 1885	23	2,553	335,094.54	19,667.46	17,976.64	1,069			\$12,260.90	315	20,590.00	10		
From Dec. 1, 1885, to Dec. 1, 1886	18	3,334	225,443.70	82,973.47	22,806.58	1,072	\$106,635.25	\$12,970.71	19,538.25	491	33,787.68	9		
From Dec. 1, 1886, to Dec. 1, 1887	20	2,207	285,018.19	97,736.31	23,736.81	1,218	112,730.01	6,064.18	32,495.91	673	46,368.88	8		
From Dec. 1, 1887, to Dec. 1, 1888	28	3,362	357,680.53	80,600.69	26,122.69	1,818	134,920.90	12,300.80	45,002.60	808	55,600.10	7		
From Dec. 1, 1888, to Dec. 1, 1889	35	4,963	211,013.64	36,026.29	36,473.82	1,407	138,913.61	13,962.71	73,076.70	1,471	66,600.10	6		
From Dec. 1, 1889, to Dec. 1, 1890	26	4,055	46,023.69	38,467.07	38,467.07	1,075	159,561.29	20,648.48	88,367.90	1,748	90,080.90	5		
From Dec. 1, 1890, to Dec. 1, 1891	5	3,696	118,343.50	41,327.25	35,849.12	881	171,164.69	11,063.40	112,082.57	1,813	117,947.95	4		
From Dec. 1, 1891, to Dec. 1, 1892	14	1,928	68,325.15	4,580.46	36,404.84	625	177,665.21	6,490.62	107,899.11	2,067	135,356.46	3		
From Dec. 1, 1892, to Dec. 1, 1893	8	1,946	42,287.17	6,198.62	33,006.14	502	178,967.32	1,872.11	112,115.05	2,131	143,001.73	2		
From Dec. 1, 1893, to Dec. 1, 1894	6	646	81,920.58	24,624.65	33,006.14	701	179,246.52	279.20	147,171.40	2,200	125,374.26	1		
From Dec. 1, 1894, to Dec. 1, 1895	8	13	84,925.03	116,564.23	37,106.41	540	190,714.78	\$11,408.26	123,172.48	2,232	114,925.17			
From Dec. 1, 1895, to Dec. 31, 1896	3	3,185	23,305.72	27,885.79	37,106.41	430	170,796.35	116,918.43	106,448.55	2,349	104,652.58			
From Dec. 31, 1896, to Dec. 31, 1897	2	490	19,128.60	54,386.92	98,124.41	530	167,154.27	13,642.08	103,627.35	2,368	96,075.68			
From Dec. 31, 1897, to Dec. 31, 1898	2	3,010	33,861.66	20,338.52	42,922.82	696	167,313.43	188.96	102,548.02	2,294	75,882.83			
From Dec. 31, 1898, to Dec. 31, 1899	2	4,186	38,898.48	16,698.20	43,507.50	685	180,810.19	13,469.96	78,361.81	2,321	56,882.83			
From Dec. 31, 1899, to Dec. 31, 1900	3	4,356	34,057.38	13,657.88	47,517.38	820	186,983.30	6,173.11	57,174.72	2	40,532.23			
Total	290	89							\$1,385,301.04					
Less relaid and abandoned	8	2,940							3,279.98					
Net amount mains	282	3,329							\$1,382,021.06					

a This includes relaying 16-inch pipe on Lafayette avenue near Trout Brook, of regrading street, at an expense of \$4,677.97.  
b Pumping station established for high service in fall of 1884.  
c Pumping station established for well plant at Vadnais lake, also Rice lakes.  
d This includes laying the 20-inch force main to reservoir.  
e This is for a period of 13 months.  
f This includes laying 7,680 feet of 36-inch cast iron force main from McCarron lake pumping station to high service reservoir, at an expense of \$49,547.04.  
i Decrease.

TABLE NO. 20

STATEMENT SHOWING NUMBER OF METERS, CONSUMPTION OF  
TER, AMOUNTS RECEIVED FOR WATER AND METER RENTS,  
AVERAGE RATE PER MONTH.

MONTH.	Number of Meters.	Consumption. Cubic Feet.	Amounts Received for Water.	Amounts Re- ceived for Meter Rent.	Average Rate
<b>1896.</b>					
January .....	1,155	5,970,603	\$4,824.93	\$234.00	
February .....	1,164	6,238,792	5,022.64	235.80	
March .....	1,224	6,187,889	5,000.10	245.42	
April .....	1,241	6,453,270	5,212.08	249.48	
May .....	1,285	6,274,503	5,164.62	255.48	
June .....	1,309	6,909,003	5,587.64	258.61	
July .....	1,378	6,523,906	5,387.94	274.81	
August .....	1,415	6,801,623	5,596.42	274.80	
September .....	1,489	7,892,005	6,305.34	289.77	
October .....	1,515	6,518,949	5,324.12	292.80	
November .....	1,526	6,541,652	5,309.11	290.25	
December .....	1,546	5,935,142	4,886.44	291.06	
Totals .....		78,147,427	\$63,621.47	\$3,192.07	
<b>1897.</b>					
January .....	1,594	6,249,691	\$5,103.00	\$299.19	
February .....	1,601	5,836,416	4,821.99	298.73	
March .....	1,719	6,123,406	5,011.21	315.12	
April .....	1,758	6,095,240	5,072.35	322.14	
May .....	1,821	5,947,842	4,274.06	332.49	
June .....	1,867	6,298,849	4,464.09	339.41	
July .....	2,000	6,320,138	4,569.55	360.46	
August .....	2,059	6,671,269	4,738.88	366.37	
September .....	2,183	6,616,801	4,840.61	389.06	
October .....	2,262	6,542,878	4,764.48	399.73	
November .....	2,286	6,394,309	4,625.55	399.97	
December .....	2,298	6,295,372	4,574.95	402.38	
Totals .....		75,392,211	\$56,855.72	\$4,225.05	
<b>1898.</b>					
January .....	2,380	6,182,474	\$4,507.74	\$410.23	
February .....	2,389	6,152,653	4,502.29	412.87	
March .....	2,568	6,583,278	4,769.19	442.77	
April .....	2,619	6,313,093	4,721.24	451.85	
May .....	2,672	6,893,109	5,040.66	462.86	
June .....	2,756	7,404,121	5,391.83	475.33	
July .....	2,898	7,320,745	5,500.73	495.65	
August .....	2,998	7,895,577	5,793.18	507.11	
September .....	3,186	8,365,497	6,171.40	538.33	
October .....	3,326	7,610,828	5,591.12	562.18	
November .....	3,346	7,664,539	5,545.89	563.80	
December .....	3,355	7,546,785	5,472.94	563.94	
Totals .....		85,932,609	\$63,007.61	\$5,886.42	
<b>1899.</b>					
January .....	3,414	7,442,389	\$5,476.60	\$570.10	
February .....	3,419	7,306,418	5,456.61	571.34	
March .....	3,476	7,962,725	5,863.22	575.23	
April .....	3,543	7,500,780	5,613.55	585.34	
May .....	3,590	7,751,683	5,805.65	598.92	
June .....	3,619	7,683,319	5,727.94	603.29	
July .....	3,685	8,336,793	6,291.41	616.89	
August .....	3,745	8,423,218	6,472.18	623.32	
September .....	3,894	8,126,342	6,112.72	646.79	
October .....	4,020	7,680,360	5,815.85	666.65	
November .....	4,043	8,337,560	6,100.93	672.33	
December .....	4,063	7,702,400	5,780.30	672.07	
Totals .....		94,253,987	\$70,516.96	\$7,401.77	







TABLE NO. 20.—Continued.

MONTH.	Number of Meters.	Consumption, Cubic Feet.	Amounts Received for Water.	Amounts Received for Meter Rent.	Average Rate per 100 Cubic Feet.
1900.					
January .....	4,151	7,574,302	\$5,767.33	\$683.05	.0761
February .....	4,174	7,376,481	5,638.34	685.61	.0763
March .....	4,286	7,741,929	5,916.61	699.99	.0765
April .....	4,314	8,509,183	6,331.56	713.37	.0745
May .....	4,366	8,776,266	6,779.70	720.92	.0772
June .....	4,423	10,129,914	7,829.88	729.32	.0772
July .....	4,521	9,297,573	7,121.37	745.60	.0765
August .....	4,559	9,988,059	7,562.38	754.22	.0757
September .....	4,655	8,442,816	6,600.74	770.29	.0782
October .....	4,770	8,531,383	6,516.80	787.93	.0763
November .....	4,789	8,349,575	6,339.47	788.73	.0759
December .....	4,812	7,932,886	6,107.93	789.49	.0769
Totals .....		102,650,367	\$78,512.11	\$8,868.52	.0765
1901.					
January .....	4,859	8,820,387	\$6,623.91	\$795.56	.0751
February .....	4,877	7,988,407	6,101.51	796.22	.0763
March .....	4,965	8,062,137	6,209.85	810.40	.0770
April .....	5,011	8,199,123	6,336.16	820.83	.0772
May .....	5,053	8,636,644	6,773.11	829.76	.0784
June .....	5,104	9,651,531	7,384.43	836.42	.0765
July .....	5,209	10,713,805	8,192.86	852.00	.0764
August .....	5,251	11,006,457	8,547.48	858.58	.0772
September .....	5,402	9,899,034	7,557.38	884.12	.0763
October .....	5,525	9,156,338	7,046.44	900.98	.0770
November .....	5,559	9,142,287	7,005.79	905.01	.0766
December .....	5,593	10,587,881	7,745.93	910.18	.0732
Totals .....		111,924,031	\$85,524.85	\$10,200.06	.0764

## LIST OF VOUCHERS.

JANUARY, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11652	Otto Bremer, city treasurer,.....	Pay roll for December.....	\$4,180.45
11653	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due Jan. 1, 1901.....	5,625.00
11654	Pittsburg Meter Co.....	Estimate No. 9, meters.....	784.00
11655	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due Feb. 1, 1901.....	3,700.00
11656	F. L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 6, fuel.....	888.03
11657	George Regelsberger.....	Plumbing at office.....	11.55
11658	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.....	Repacking hydrant valves.....	29.40
11659	Griggs Bros.....	Corn and oats.....	40.72
11660	Pioneer Press Co.....	Printing specifications.....	27.50
11661	St. Paul Sash, Door & Lumber Co.....	Hydrant drip boxes.....	7.00
11662	J. G. Duggan.....	Blacksmithing.....	9.50
11663	Pioneer Press Co.....	Advertising.....	6.15
11664	Griffben Lumber Co.....	Lumber.....	27.29
11665	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery.....	8.25
11666	H. C. Boyeson.....	Stationery.....	13.44
11667	McGill-Warner Co.....	Advertising.....	11.00
11668	H. E. Wedelstaedt & Co.....	Stationery.....	2.40
11669	N. W. Stamp Works.....	Stamps (rubber).....	.50
11670	Curtis Printing Co.....	Job printing.....	.75
11671	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing.....	2.00
11672	St. Paul Hardware Co.....	Hardware.....	1.35
11673	Adam Decker & Co.....	Strap hinges.....	.60
11674	Mitsch Wagon & Carriage Co....	Wheelbarrows and buckets to order.....	23.40
11675	P. N. Lindquist.....	Horseshoeing.....	13.50
11676	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co....	Candles and matches.....	11.10
11677	Estate of James Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11678	Tierney & Co.....	Hay and bran.....	17.35
11679	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 10, oils.....	35.24
11680	D. L. Bell.....	Louisville cement.....	6.60
11681	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Pipe fittings.....	1.67
11682	T. L. Blood & Co.....	Paint.....	2.00
11683	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.....	Wire.....	2.52
11684	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Rope and oil.....	4.71
11685	Western Supply Co.....	Pipe and pipe fittings.....	9.16
11686	Chris Johnson.....	Estimate No. 3, pipe laying.....	85.70
11687	Patrick Doherty.....	Estimate No. 9, pipe laying.....	70.89
11688	Patrick Doherty.....	Extra labor.....	5.75
11689	James Middleton.....	Erroneous frontage tax.....	7.00
11690	John Caulfield.....	Cash advanced as per enclosed receipts.....	75.96
			<b>\$15,774.43</b>

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

FEBRUARY, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11891	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for January.....	\$4,079.41
11892	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due March 1, 1901.....	6,750.00
11893	Joseph F. Lamotte.....	Estimate No. 1, cord wood and piles .....	202.84
11894	Thomson Meter Co.....	Meters and repairs.....	63.65
11895	George Regelsberger.....	Repairing radiator valves.....	1.66
11896	Joseph N. Forcier.....	Board and stabling, foreman....	4.05
11897	Herman Paar.....	1 Kerm lamp burner.....	1.75
11898	The Globe Co.....	Advertising .....	1.00
11899	Pioneer Press Co.....	Advertising .....	30.75
11900	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	20.85
11701	J. G. Duggan.....	Blacksmithing .....	13.15
11702	Augusta Weide.....	Erroneous frontage tax.....	8.50
11703	J. A. Gordy & Co.....	Lumber and labor on same.....	50.73
11704	Ryan Drug Co.....	Miscellaneous supplies .....	16.00
11705	Mahle Wagon Co.....	Blacksmithing .....	2.52
11706	Western Supply Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	2.08
11707	Northwestern Stamp Works.....	Lead seals .....	1.25
11708	P. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery .....	6.52
11709	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co.....	Matches, candles and soap.....	16.90
11710	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Blasting tools .....	10.08
11711	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.....	Tools, etc .....	7.70
11712	American Electric Co.....	Office wire .....	.90
11713	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Valves .....	3.09
11714	St. Paul Daily News.....	Advertising .....	1.80
11715	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.....	Letter books .....	4.00
11716	McGill-Warner Co.....	Job printing .....	4.75
11717	Andrew Schoch Grocery Co.....	Pail Klearsall soap.....	2.00
11718	Henry E. Wedelstaedt & Co.....	Stationery .....	2.07
11719	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Stable supplies .....	1.00
11720	Volkszeitung Printing Co.....	Advertising .....	1.00
11721	Prendergast Bros.....	Sheet zinc .....	.60
11722	Adam Decker & Co.....	Nails, etc .....	7.75
11723	P. N. Lindquist.....	Horseshoeing .....	18.00
11724	Frank L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 7, fuel.....	93.55
11725	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 11, oil and gasoline.....	19.76
11726	M. J. O'Neill.....	Gas mantles and chimneys.....	6.10
11727	D. L. Bell.....	Cement .....	10.80
11728	Perkins Mfg. Co.....	200 wire springs.....	12.00
11729	Dispatch Printing Co.....	Advertising .....	1.20
11730	Arnold Uhler.....	Sharpening tools .....	3.98
11731	St. Paul Rubber Co.....	Packing .....	4.69
11732	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery .....	43.01
11733	Estate of James Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11734	John Caulfield.....	Bills paid per receipts attached.....	90.18
			<b>\$11,648.70</b>

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

MARCH, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11735	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for February.....	\$4,391.99
11736	Joseph F. Lamotte.....	Estimate No. 2, cutting wood...	501.60
11737	Chris. Johnson .....	Estimate No. 2 and final, pipe laying .....	17.01
11738	Patrick Doherty .....	Estimate No. 10, pipe laying....	166.83
11739	J. G. Duggan.....	Sharpening tools .....	6.00
11740	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	50.04
11741	St. Paul Foundry Co.....	Repairs, 4 million pumps.....	59.45
11742	Scribner & Libby Co.....	Repairs pumps .....	39.16
11743	McGill-Warner Co .....	Job printing .....	11.50
11744	Griggs Bros .....	Oats .....	51.43
11745	George Regelsberger .....	Case toilet paper.....	7.75
11746	N. W. Stamp Works .....	Repairing machine .....	1.50
11747	Pioneer Press Co.....	Blank books and job printing....	48.20
11748	Frank Kohout .....	Window glass broken on Michigan street .....	3.65
11749	Great Northern Ry. Co.....	Repairs over Rice street main..	4.69
11750	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due April 1, 1901.....	24,950.00
11751	Frank L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 8, fuel.....	815.92
11752	The Western Supply Co.....	Cotton waste, etc.....	13.47
11753	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Powder, fuse, etc.....	59.60
11754	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co..	Candles and matches.....	25.34
11755	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	6.68
11756	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co....	Mops, pumping station.....	.40
11757	H. P. Rugg & Co.....	Packing and nipples .....	3.76
11758	Ramaley Publishing Co.....	Job printing .....	1.70
11759	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict..	Tabulator for typewriter.....	18.00
11760	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery .....	12.49
11761	Adam Decker & Co.....	Nails and tools.....	.50
11762	R. J. Maybell Sta. Co.....	Stationery .....	21.49
11763	H. C. Harmon.....	Lumber .....	4.00
11764	N. W. Telephone Exchange Co..	Repairing private line.....	3.50
11765	Union Brass & Metal Mfg. Co....	Repairs, 4 million pumps.....	1.50
11766	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	12.65
11767	Weston Electrical Instrument Co	Volt. Port. meter for testing....	76.25
11768	Estate of James Gillfillan .....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11769	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	3.25
11770	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Harness fittings .....	.90
11771	P. N. Lindquist.....	Horseshoeing .....	8.50
11772	P. Roby & Co.....	Keys .....	.50
11773	Joseph A. Rogers.....	Insurance on wood.....	12.00
11774	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 12, oils.....	30.91
11775	Schroeder & Dickinson.....	Recaning 2 stools.....	1.30
11776	H. Mueller Mfg. Co.....	Tapping machines .....	139.50
11777	St. Paul Globe.....	Advertising .....	20.21
11778	Carl Neumann .....	Meals for country trip.....	25.95
11779	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid per receipts attached.	94.21
11780	The Western Supply Co.....	Estimate No. 1 and final, lead pipe .....	2,497.46
11781	Raymond Lead Co.....	Pig tin .....	158.12
11782	Gribben Lumber Co.....	Lumber .....	22.13
11783	H. C. Sinks.....	Disinfecting office and shop....	15.00
11784	Pittsburgh Meter Co.....	Estimate No. 10 and final, meters .....	840.60
11785	St. Paul Daily News.....	Advertising .....	2.70
11786	Pioneer Press Co.....	Job printing .....	52.50
			\$35,338.79

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

APRIL, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11787	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for March, 1901.....	\$4,413.24
11788	Patrick Doherty .....	Estimate No. 11, pipe laying, 1900.....	150.31
11789	John F. Hall.....	Wood for Baldwin Lake station.....	55.00
11790	George Regelsberger .....	Plumbing work .....	3.30
11791	Griggs Bros .....	Bran .....	1.37
11792	St. Paul Electric Co. ....	Electric fixtures .....	1.87
11793	J. G. Duggan.....	Blacksmithing and repairs.....	24.06
11794	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due, May 1, 1901.....	8,750.00
11795	Estate of James Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11796	Northwestern Telephone Exchange Co .....	Repairs to private line.....	3.50
11797	Union Brass & Metal Mfg. Co.....	Repair street sprinkling hydrants .....	6.10
11798	H. A. Muckle Mfg. Co.....	Repainting and repairing buggy.....	38.00
11799	P. N. Lindquist .....	Horseshoeing .....	8.50
11800	Scribner-Libby Co .....	Making stuffing boxes .....	7.50
11801	Joseph N. Forcier.....	Board of foreman .....	9.00
11802	The Engineering Record.....	One year's subscription .....	5.00
11803	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 1, special castings .....	18.09
11804	Mitsch Wagon & Carriage Co.....	New spring truck.....	85.00
11805	Adam Decker & Co.....	Tools .....	4.40
11806	H. Mueller Mfg. Co.....	Brass Goods .....	77.54
11807	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Harness fittings .....	6.60
11808	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	4.00
11809	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	3.59
11810	N. W. Stamp Works.....	Meter seals, etc.....	2.00
11811	Pittsburgh Meter Co.....	Meter fittings .....	7.80
11812	F. L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 1, fuel .....	21.50
11813	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 13, oils .....	1.35
11814	Pioneer Press Co.....	Printing annual report.....	326.25
11815	Pioneer Press Co.....	Job printing .....	34.00
11816	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery .....	16.03
11817	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Hose, pipe, fittings, etc.....	11.49
11818	Boeringer & Son.....	Metallic tape .....	1.35
11819	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Tools .....	22.29
11820	T. L. Blood & Co.....	Oil and paint .....	1.40
11821	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co.....	Candles, tea lead.....	13.70
11822	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery .....	3.44
11823	St. Paul Rubber Co.....	Packing cut to order.....	1.97
11824	Ramaley Publishing Co.....	Printing envelopes .....	.60
11825	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.....	Stationery .....	5.30
11826	McGill-Warner Co .....	Job printing .....	5.50
11827	Die Volkszeitung Printing & Publishing Co .....	Advertising .....	1.80
11828	Dispatch Printing .....	Advertising .....	3.00
11829	St. Paul Globe .....	Advertising .....	3.50
11830	Joseph Lamotte .....	Estimate No. 3 and final, cutting wood .....	443.41
11831	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid per receipts attached.....	119.64
11832	Pittsburgh Meter Co .....	Estimate No. 1, meters.....	647.00
			\$15,395.89

MAY, 1901.

11833	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for April, 1901.....	\$4,906.53
11834	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due June 1, 1901.....	7,000.00
11835	George Regelsberger .....	Plumbing at McCarron Lake Station .....	80.00
11836	St. Paul Hardware Co.....	Tools .....	2.80
11837	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	3.20
11838	Mannheimer Bros .....	Sash curtains .....	1.25

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

JULY, 1901.

No of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11962	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for June, 1901 .....	\$6,337.28
11963	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	For sinking fund .....	25,000.00
11964	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due August 1, 1901 .....	3,700.00
11965	Ramaley Publishing Co.....	Printing postal cards .....	1.20
11966	Scribner-Libby Co.....	Repairs W. S. pumping station.....	22.00
11967	Chas. Quinn .....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
11968	Fred Stanley .....	Re-shingling West Side station.....	30.45
11969	J. G. Duggan .....	Blacksmithing .....	10.50
11970	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid per receipts attached.....	145.47
11971	R. D. Wood & Co.....	Estimate No. 1, valves.....	442.85
11972	N. W. Stamp Works.....	Repairing stamps, etc.....	2.00
11973	St. Paul Machine Works.....	Repairing lawn mower, etc.....	2.00
11974	N. W. Copper & Brass Works.....	Brass rod .....	1.50
11975	Diebold Safe & Lock Co.....	Repairing book case roller.....	1.00
11976	John Griffin .....	Painting smoke stacks.....	50.00
11977	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Powder, fuse and tools.....	131.89
11978	The Western Supply Co.....	Pipe and pipe fittings.....	61.50
11979	T. L. Blood & Co.....	Paint .....	.95
11980	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery .....	3.02
11981	McGill-Warner Co.....	Index for frontage tax.....	1.25
11982	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery .....	8.94
11983	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.....	Stationery .....	1.80
11984	Pioneer Press Co.....	Meter consumers record (C).....	20.00
11985	The Globe Co.....	Advertising .....	1.00
11986	D. L. Bell .....	Cement .....	4.80
11987	J. C. Horrigan.....	Livery team .....	8.00
11988	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co.....	Meters .....	6.30
11989	Nimis & Nimis .....	Keys .....	.50
11990	Ryan Drug Co.....	Supplies .....	5.77
11991	F. W. Luley & Son.....	Tallow .....	.40
11992	Wm. Haas & Co.....	Photos of Electrolysis .....	19.80
11993	St. Paul Electric Co.....	Electric lamp cord.....	25.97
11994	Jas. C. Clark for W. F. Pieper.....	Overcharge on temporary main.....	19.50
11995	P. N. Lindquist & Co.....	Horseshoeing .....	5.50
11996	Estate of James Gillilan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11997	F. Koller .....	Overcharge on connection.....	8.00
11998	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.....	Tools .....	2.86
11999	R. White .....	Veterinary services .....	2.00
12000	H. P. Rugg & Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	.38
12001	F. L. Gregory .....	Estimate No. 13, fuel.....	7.00
12002	Union Water Meter Co.....	Meters .....	90.00
12003	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Oil and gasoline.....	23.30
12004	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.....	Estimate No. 3, special castings.....	108.04
12005	The Crane & Ordway Co.....	Estimate No. 2, brass goods.....	206.22
12006	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Valves .....	5.17
12007	A. J. Stobbart.....	Expenses to Anoka.....	4.80
12008	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Harness fittings .....	2.00
12009	Leon St. Marie.....	Board of Chas. Erickson.....	1.85
12010	Joseph N. Forcier.....	Meals and stabling.....	.75
12011	Louis Reinhardt .....	Refunded frontage tax.....	4.00
12012	A. Wellman .....	Refunded frontage tax.....	5.00
12013	Anna Zimmermann.....	Refunded frontage tax.....	4.00
12014	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Meter fittings .....	2.50
12015	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	25.38
12016	R. W. Hunt & Co.....	Inspecting pipe .....	54.49
12017	Pittsburg Meter Co.....	Estimate No. 3, meters.....	687.70
12018	N. W. Shot & Lead Works.....	Lead pipe .....	59.68
12019	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Street sprinkling .....	5.76
			<b>\$37,390.73</b>

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

JUNE, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
11901	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for May, 1901.....	\$5,881.48
11902	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest on bonds due July 2....	5,625.00
11903	Patrick Doherty .....	Estimate No. 13 and final, pipe laying 1900 .....	138.74
11904	Western Supply Co.....	Estimate No. 1 and final, pig lead .....	764.50
11905	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Valve, brass bolts, etc.....	42.00
11906	John Fitzgerald, supt. workhouse .....	Brooms for cleaning conduit, etc .....	8.20
11907	Perkins Mfg. Co.....	Brass springs, etc .....	2.00
11908	Pioneer Press Co.....	Blank books and printing.....	15.75
11909	Dwight M. Baldwin.....	Oats .....	46.09
11910	H. G. Perske, register of deeds..	Recording deeds and plats.....	6.00
11911	Frank Kahout .....	Damages making connections..	10.49
11912	Adam Decker & Co.....	Hardware .....	14.70
11913	Edward Ayd .....	Overcharge on connection.....	39.08
11914	J. G. Duggan.....	Blacksmithing .....	10.85
11915	St. Paul Dispatch.....	Advertising .....	.90
11916	Pioneer Press Co.....	Job printing and advertising....	8.40
11917	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	2.00
11918	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.....	Stationery .....	22.19
11919	Ramaley Publishing Co.....	Job printing .....	.50
11920	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict..	Repairs typewriter .....	.50
11921	Henry E. Wedelstaedt & Co.....	Stationery .....	7.00
11922	McGill-Warner Co.....	Job printing .....	2.80
11923	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery .....	11.13
11924	Daily News Publishing Co.....	Advertising .....	.90
11925	Volkszeitung Printing & Pub. Co.	Advertising .....	.60
11926	N. W. Stamp Works.....	Plated badge .....	.60
11927	St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Co .....	Insurance on dwelling at reservoir .....	14.40
11928	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Repairs .....	.60
11929	Henry Kremer .....	Horse clipping .....	2.00
11930	Adam Decker & Co.....	Hardware .....	16.70
11931	Estate of Jas. Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
11932	Jos. F. Paislee.....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
11933	D. L. Bell.....	Cement .....	4.00
11934	P. N. Lindquist.....	Horseshoeing .....	5.50
11935	Martin Feist .....	Lunch for men cleaning conduit .....	4.00
11936	Scribner-Labby Co .....	Roofing office building.....	70.00
11937	St. Paul Rubber Co.....	Hip rubber boots.....	3.85
11938	Mitsch Wagon & Carriage Co....	Repairing buggy .....	9.75
11939	Morehead & Horrigan.....	Livery .....	11.00
11940	Foley Bros. & Kelly Co.....	Matches and candles.....	6.30
11941	Nimis & Nimis.....	Repairing blasting machine....	3.00
11942	Ryan Drug Co.....	Supplies .....	12.52
11943	Gribben Lumber Co.....	Lumber .....	24.00
11944	R. White .....	Veterinary services .....	3.00
11945	H. P. Rugg & Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	.40
11946	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Pump valves, fuse, etc.....	21.38
11947	The Western Supply Co.....	Pipe and pipe fittings.....	75.60
11948	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	20.98
11949	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co....	Lawn mower, water coolers, etc.	8.88
11950	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	17.68
11951	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 15, gasoline.....	1.50
11952	J. H. Bohrer Sanitation Co.....	Cleaning vault 400 Fairview ave.	6.00
11953	F. L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 12, fuel.....	716.81
11954	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Street sprinkling .....	4.67
11955	P. R. L. Hardenbergh & Co.....	Leather for washers .....	5.36
11956	Union Brass & Metal Mfg. Co....	Top nuts for valves.....	4.00
11957	National Meter Co.....	Register for Crown Piston meter .....	7.75
11958	John Caulfield .....	Cash advanced as per vouchers attached .....	112.11
11959	C. Collins .....	Blacksmithing .....	3.40
11960	H. A. Muckle Mfg. Co.....	Repainting buggy .....	15.00
11961	Hersey Mfg. Co.....	Meter fittings .....	18.16
			\$13,929.58



## ANNUAL REPORT OF WATER COMMISSIONERS

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—AUGUST, 1901—Continued.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12081	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	Estimate No. 1, cast iron pipe.	6,270.05
12082	Western Supply Co.	Galv. iron pipe and waste.	75.83
12083	Chas. E. Green.	Abstracts right of way.	4.50
12084	Thos. Walazek.	Erroneous frontage tax.	4.00
12085	N. W. Telephone Exchange Co.	Repairing telephone line.	3.05
12086	Crane & Ordway Co.	Estimate No. 3, brass goods.	24.12
12087	Jas. Shiely.	Estimate No. 11, drayage.	118.50
12088	Union Water Meter Co.	Meters.	180.00
12089	John Caulfield.	Cash advanced as per vouchers.	103.08
12090	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.	Estimate No. 1, fire hydrants.	322.50
12091	R. W. Hunt & Co.	Inspecting pipe.	77.02
			<b>\$39,067.07</b>

## SEPTEMBER, 1901.

12092	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.	Pay roll for August, 1901.	\$8,417.21
12093	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.	Interest due Oct. 1, 1901.	24,950.00
12094	National Meter Co.	Meter fittings.	27.80
12095	Gribben Lumber Co.	Lumber.	63.08
12096	N. W. Shot and Lead Co.	Lead pipe.	225.31
12097	Diebold Safe & Lock Co.	2 office keys.	.50
12098	Michigan Brass & Iron Works.	Automatic drip valves.	126.00
12099	N. W. Stamp Works.	Dating stamp, etc.	2.65
12100	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.	Job printing, 2 M Form 2.	4.00
12101	Great Northern Ry. Co.	Labor protecting tracks Snelling avenue.	35.46
12102	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.	Estimate No. 5, special castings.	56.40
12103	F. L. Gregory.	Estimate No. 16, coal.	516.77
12104	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	Estimate No. 2, pipe.	1,248.03
12105	Wm. Haas & Co.	Developing plates.	3.60
12106	Pioneer Press Co.	Job printing.	100.00
12107	Charlie Quinn.	Horseshoeing.	2.00
12108	W. H. Bregger.	Cleaning chimneys.	3.00
12109	J. G. Duggan.	Sharpening tools.	14.35
12110	Wm. F. Porten.	Estimate No. 1, engine house, Vadnais.	2,596.75
12111	Robinson & Cary Co.	Pig tin, fuse and packing.	115.60
12112	Western Supply Co.	Pipe, pipe fittings and waste.	57.86
12113	Crane & Ordway Co.	Pipe fittings, etc.	120.12
12114	Mitsch Wagon & Carriage Co.	Pair shafts for wagon.	5.00
12115	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.	Stationery.	14.34
12116	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.	Stationery.	1.85
12117	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.	Stationery.	1.40
12118	Ramaley Publishing Co.	Job printing.	2.30
12119	The Globe Co.	Advertising.	17.82
12120	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.	Spade.	.83
12121	John C. Horrigan.	Livery.	11.00
12122	City Carriage Works.	Repairing carriage.	6.50
12123	Fred Schroeder.	Livery.	12.00
12124	Ryan Drug Co.	Supplies.	.91
12125	Foley Bros. & Kelly Co.	Salt and candles.	7.30
12126	Nicols, Dean & Gregg.	Iron.	5.49
12127	H. P. Rugg & Co.	Pipe fittings.	1.38
12128	Western Electric Co.	Repair telephones, private office line.	.55
12129	Joseph N. Forcier.	Hardware.	3.45

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—SEPTEMBER, 1901—Continued.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12130	Joseph F. Lamotte.....	Hauling oil and waste.....	1.25
12131	Joseph Garceau .....	Blacksmithing .....	.50
12132	Perkins Mfg Co.....	Wire cone springs .....	4.00
12133	St. Paul Hardware Co.....	Window cleaner .....	.35
12134	Union Brass & Metal Mfg. Co.....	Top nuts on valves.....	4.80
12135	Franklin Machine Works.....	Thread cutting .....	1.00
12136	Estate of James Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
12137	Diebold Safe & Lock Co.....	One doz. of brackets for comp. files .....	3.60
12138	D. H. Ball .....	Sharpening tools .....	.45
12139	D. L. Bell.....	Portland cement .....	10.40
12140	P. N. Lindquist.....	Horseshoeing .....	6.00
12141	Adam Decker & Co.....	Wire nails .....	40.73
12142	Gribben Lumber Co.....	Lumber .....	48.00
12143	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 8, oils .....	17.42
12144	Jas. Shiely .....	Estimate No. 2, drayage.....	23.54
12145	St. Paul Rubber Co.....	Men's hip rubbers .....	36.63
12146	Pioneer Press Co .....	Repairing ledgers .....	28.00
12147	Ogden, Merrill & Greer.....	Lantern fixtures .....	1.25
12148	F. W. Luley & Son.....	Rendered tallow .....	2.00
12149	Richard Moffatt .....	Sharpening tools .....	3.55
12150	John Caulfield .....	Cash advanced as per receipts attached .....	121.04
12151	N. W. Shot & Lead Works.....	Coil lead pipe .....	11.08
12152	Pittsburg Meter Co .....	Estimate No. 5, meters.....	662.25
12153	Arthur J. Stobbart.....	Expenses to Anoka.....	2.75
12154	John Caulfield .....	W. D. from O. Dupre, 2.55 acres in N. W. of S. E. ¼ Sec. 10, T. 31, R. 22.....	62.50
			\$39,896.71

## OCTOBER, 1901.

12155	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Interest due Nov. 1 & 2, 1901....	\$8,750.00
12156	C. H. Neuman and Chris. Schade .....	Overcharge on connection .....	4.00
12157	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools, etc .....	5.71
12158	Fred Stanley .....	Carpenter work .....	22.86
12159	H. M. Smyth Printing Co.....	Maps .....	75.00
12160	Gribben Lumber Co.....	Lumber .....	24.00
12161	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Cast iron chimney top.....	22.00
12162	St. Paul Gas Light Co.....	Electric fans .....	5.10
12163	Chas. Quinn .....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
12164	N. W. Stamp Works.....	Lead seals .....	1.25
12165	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co .....	Estimate No. 3, cast iron pipe..	2,657.18
12166	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Estimated No. 1 and final, lead pipe .....	2,103.99
12167	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Estimate No. 4, brass goods.....	40.20
12168	Bingham & Taylor .....	Estimate No. 2, valves and service boxes .....	626.84
12169	Pittsburg Meter Co.....	Estimate No. 6, meters.....	647.01
12170	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 2, special castings .....	157.88
12171	Frank L. Gregory .....	Estimate No. 17, fuel.....	277.08
12172	Albert Rehbine .....	Hauling oil, etc .....	2.75
12173	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing .....	50.04
12174	Estate of James Gilfillan.....	Rent of storage lot .....	25.00
12175	J. G. Duggan.....	Blacksmithing .....	12.20
12176	Pioneer Press Co .....	Blank books .....	23.25
12177	Watson & Howard .....	Insurance on dwelling, Vadnais .....	4.80

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—OCTOBER, 1901—Continued.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12178	W. S. Reed and John Voerge...	Refund on street service .....	5.85
12179	South Park Foundry & Machine Co	Estimate No. 2, fire hydrants...	129.00
12180	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for September, 1901....	6,859.67
12181	Wm. Porten .....	Estimate No. 2, pumping station, Vadnais .....	1,700.00
12182	St. Paul Foundry Co.....	Catch basin cover, Vadnais....	3.50
12183	D. L. Bell.....	Cement .....	23.60
12184	Dispatch Printing Co.....	Advertising .....	.90
12185	Pioneer Press Co.....	Advertising .....	1.80
12186	Daily News Publishing Co.....	Advertising .....	.90
12187	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.....	Stationery .....	6.62
12188	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery .....	1.85
12189	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.....	Stationery .....	5.85
12190	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.....	Nails, etc .....	9.91
12191	Western Supply Co .....	Pipe and fittings .....	48.97
12192	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Hose, pipe fittings, etc.....	23.62
12193	H. P. Rugg & Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	2.39
12194	Scribner-Libby Co .....	Roll felt .....	1.10
12195	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Belting, pipe fittings, etc.....	20.67
12196	Adam Decker & Co.....	Lanterns, oil cans, etc.....	8.50
12197	The Diebold Safe & Lock Co.....	Repairing vault door.....	1.00
12198	Tierney & Co.....	Feed .....	1.00
12199	Foley Bros. & Kelly Mercantile Co .....	Tea lead, candles, etc.....	53.45
12200	Nicols, Dean & Gregg.....	Machine bolts .....	1.23
12201	Ryan Drug Co.....	Lard oil .....	.55
12202	Standard Oil Co.....	Cylinder oil .....	18.61
12203	Engineering Dept. City of St. Paul .....	Road roller .....	15.00
12204	Fred Schroeder .....	Livery .....	18.00
12205	Boeringer & Son.....	Repairing transit .....	24.50
12206	Wm. J. Wagner .....	4-inch cast iron pipe.....	27.74
12207	Chas. Friend & Son .....	Harness repairs .....	.45
12208	Jos. R. Weide .....	Erroneous frontage tax.....	3.30
12209	Olson & Hawkins .....	Horseshoeing .....	6.00
12210	Schoch & Burningham.....	Kleansall, etc .....	2.25
12211	Cornplanter Oil Co .....	Estimate No. 19, oil.....	52.16
12212	Frank L. Gregory .....	Estimate No. 18, fuel.....	1,077.28
12213	Robert W. Hunt & Co.....	Inspecting pipe .....	42.36
12214	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 3, fire hydrants..	193.50
12215	Wm. Haas & Co.....	Photos of Electrolysis.....	49.85
12216	The Globe Co .....	Advertising .....	1.00
12217	Scribner-Libby Co .....	Repairs to engine.....	3.85
12218	C. Collins .....	Sharpening tools .....	11.95
12219	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	2.80
12220	City of St. Paul, Engineering Dept .....	Relaying pavement .....	11.07
12221	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid per voucher.....	84.41
12222	Martin Feist .....	Lunch for men cleaning conduit	5.00
12223	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 7, special castings	50.37
			\$26,156.54

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—Continued.

NOVEMBER, 1901.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12224	John Caulfield, secretary.....	Warranty deed from Alex. Cardinal for 31 93-100 acres in Secs. 2 and 11, T. 31, R. 22....	\$798.23
12225	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	To interest on \$350,000.00 due Oct. 1, 1901.....	7,000.00
12226	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.....	Gear wheels and pattern work.....	7.05
12227	Gribben Lumber Co.....	Lumber for meter boxes, etc.....	24.75
12228	Lefebvre Roofing & Cornice Co.....	Ventilator for Vадnais station.....	22.00
12229	Jacob Lauer.....	Crushed stone for boiler foundation.....	39.00
12230	Board of Fire Commissioners.....	Old hose.....	19.60
12231	Eliza Luck.....	Overcharge on connection.....	3.85
12232	Ogden, Merrill & Greer.....	Lantern fittings.....	.76
12233	L. L. May.....	Lawn grass.....	1.00
12234	Union Water Meter Co.....	Meters.....	180.00
12235	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Sewer assessment Fairview avenue.....	53.00
12236	Melbye & Co.....	Spring wagon for reservoir man.....	23.00
12237	Thomas Brennan Lumber Co.....	Lumber for pumping stations.....	57.00
12238	Pioneer Press Co.....	Letter heads.....	8.00
12239	Frank L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 19, fuel.....	104.17
12240	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for October.....	7,526.47
12241	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.....	Estimate No. 4 and final, pipe.....	491.56
12242	James B. Clow & Sons.....	Estimate No. 1 and final, pipe.....	2,791.86
12243	James Shiely.....	Estimate No. 3, drayage.....	62.20
12244	F. L. Gregory.....	Estimate No. 20, fuel.....	150.09
12245	Geo. Weitbrecht.....	Chemical analysis.....	300.00
12246	Aug. Lundgren.....	Papering and painting office.....	125.00
12247	Twin City Fence & Wire Works.....	Shelves for vault.....	13.65
12248	Northwestern Stamp Works.....	Lead seals.....	1.25
12249	J. G. Duggan.....	Sharpening tools.....	7.30
12250	George Regelsberger.....	Plumbing and gas fitting.....	117.58
12251	South Park Foundry & Machine Co.....	Estimate No. 8, special castings.....	50.74
12252	Kate R. Thomas.....	Refund on street connection.....	4.00
12253	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	For sinking fund.....	10,000.00
12254	Standard Oil Co.....	Oil.....	3.28
12255	Wm. Kennedy Printing Co.....	Job printing.....	4.60
12256	Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co.....	Hardware.....	7.90
12257	Cornplanter Oil Co.....	Estimate No. 20, oils.....	44.27
12258	Mitsch Wagon & Carriage Co.....	Two Concord buggies.....	269.65
12259	Albert Rehbein.....	Hauling oil to Centerville.....	2.00
12260	Wm. Haas & Co.....	Photo of map on electrolysis.....	27.00
12261	Chas. Quinn.....	Horseshoeing.....	4.00
12262	N. W. Shot & Lead Works.....	Pig lead.....	109.69
12263	Olson & Hawkins.....	Horseshoeing.....	4.00
12264	Griggs Bros.....	Oats.....	60.44
12265	Prendergast Bros.....	Elbow for boiler office.....	.75
12266	St. Paul Lime & Cement Co.....	Sewer brick.....	5.00
12267	Adam Decker & Co.....	Nails, felt, etc.....	16.40
12268	Wyckoff, Seamans & Benedict.....	Typewriter paper.....	1.40
12269	John Martin Lumber Co.....	Lumber.....	149.00
12270	D. L. Bell.....	Cement and lime.....	10.55
12271	Allan Black Co.....	Repairing steam plant.....	15.28
12272	Chas. Friend & Son.....	Harness fittings.....	4.15
12273	Brown, Treacy & Co.....	Stationery.....	19.60
12274	M. J. O'Neil.....	Mantles and tapers.....	4.40
12275	T. L. Blood & Co.....	Varnish.....	1.30
12276	Noyes Bros. & Cutler.....	Feather dusters.....	2.25
12277	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co.....	Stationery.....	27.33
12278	Nicols, Dean & Gregg.....	Tool steel.....	.81
12279	Foley Bros. & Kelly Merc. Co.....	Matches, candles, etc.....	14.35

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—NOVEMBER, 1901—Continued.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12280	Robinson & Cary Co.....	Jute packing, pipe fittings, etc..	8.91
12281	Western Supply Co.....	Galvanized pipe, etc.....	67.80
12282	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	15.98
12283	Crane & Ordway Co.....	Estimate No. 5, brass goods.....	122.94
12284	Chas. D. Gilfillan .....	Rent of storage lot.....	25.00
12285	H. P. Rugg & Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	1.83
12286	Matt Stein .....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
12287	Franklin Mach. Works.....	Sharpening drill .....	.75
12288	A. J. Stobbart.....	Expenses to Anoka.....	2.85
12289	H. G. Perske.....	Recording warranty deed.....	3.50
12290	C. E. Green .....	Abstracting .....	19.50
12291	National Meter Co .....	Meters .....	23.50
12292	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 9, specials.....	44.79
12293	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 4, hydrants.....	96.75
12294	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid as per voucher.....	104.45
12295	Allan Black .....	Refund on street connections...	12.75
12296	Griggs Bros. ....	Hay .....	30.90
12297	Frank L. Gregory .....	Estimate No. 21, fuel.....	472.22
12298	Robert W. Hunt & Co.....	Inspecting pipe .....	30.86
12299	Wm. F. Porten.....	Estimate No. 3, pump house, Vadnais Lake .....	4,348.25
			<b>\$36,318.05</b>

## DECEMBER, 1901.

12300	Otto Bremer, city treasurer.....	Pay roll for November, 1901....	\$6,287.48
12301	John Kenny .....	Estimate No. 1 and final, boiler.....	449.50
12302	A. P. Smith Mfg. Co.....	Pipe fittings .....	220.00
12303	Pittsburg Meter Co .....	Estimate No. 7, meters .....	133.14
12304	Union Meter Co. ....	Meter fittings .....	95.70
12305	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 10, special castings	29.11
12306	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Estimate No. 5, fire hydrants...	96.75
12307	N. W. Shot & Lead Works.....	Lead pipe .....	109.44
12308	McCormick Harvester Machine Co .....	Refund on connection.....	22.82
12309	St. Paul Lime & Cement Co.....	Cement pipe .....	18.44
12310	Pioneer Press Co.....	Warrant book .....	14.75
12311	N. McEachran .....	Repairing private telephones...	3.90
12312	Geo. Regelsberger .....	Plumbing .....	66.30
12313	Frank L. Gregory .....	Estimate No. 22, fuel.....	55.75
12314	Fred Stanley .....	Carpenter work .....	69.84
12315	A. Decker & Co.....	Hardware .....	11.92
12316	J. G. Duggan .....	Sharpening tools .....	6.45
12317	Jas. Shiely .....	Estimate No. 4 and final, dray-age .....	50.56
12318	Pittsburg Meter Co.....	Estimate No. 8, meters.....	647.00
12319	South Park Foundry & Machine Co .....	Castings for Vadnais station....	14.88
12320	People's Ice Co.....	Ice for office .....	8.00
12321	St. Paul Machine Works.....	Drilling 2 cast iron flanges.....	5.25
12322	McKibbin, Driscoll & Dorsey.....	Buggy robe .....	8.50
12323	Prendergast Bros. ....	Stove pipe .....	.90
12324	Leon St. Marie .....	Board of 2 monthly men.....	21.58
12325	Thos. Brennan Lumber Co.....	Lumber .....	2.12
12326	Martin Feist .....	Lunch for men repairing main...	2.00
12327	Brown, Treacy & Sperry Co.....	Stationery .....	8.04
12328	Ramaley Publishing Co .....	Printing .....	.90

## LIST OF VOUCHERS—DECEMBER, 1901—Continued.

No. of Voucher.	Name.	Claim.	Amount.
12329	The Globe Co. ....	Advertising .....	7.92
12330	Henry E. Wedelstaedt & Co. ....	Stationery .....	1.50
12331	Matt Stein .....	Horseshoeing .....	3.50
12332	T. L. Blood & Co. ....	Paint .....	2.20
12333	Allan Black Co. ....	Gas lamp fittings. ....	4.50
12334	St. Paul Hardware Co. ....	Tools .....	.94
12335	Western Supply Co. ....	Pipe, waste, etc. ....	48.25
12336	N. W. Shot & Lead Works. ....	Lead pipe .....	21.09
12337	D. L. Bell .....	Cement, fire brick, etc. ....	35.25
12338	The Ryan Drug Co. ....	Flax seed, etc. ....	5.66
12339	H. P. Rugg & Co. ....	Pipe fittings, etc. ....	5.26
12340	Foley Bros. & Kelly Co. ....	Matches, candles, etc. ....	28.83
12341	Crane & Ordway Co. ....	Pipe fittings .....	84.10
12342	Robinson & Cary Co. ....	Packing, tools, etc. ....	18.59
12343	E. P. Bassford. ....	Plans and specifications, Vadenais pump house .....	302.57
12344	St. Paul Sash, Door & Lumber Co. ....	Lumber for hydrant boxes. ....	22.50
12345	Chas. Quinn .....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
12346	R. J. Maybell Stationery Co. ....	Stationery .....	6.46
12347	Olson & Hawkins .....	Horseshoeing .....	2.00
12348	Adam Decker & Co. ....	Hardware .....	1.10
12349	Fred Schroeder .....	Livery .....	57.00
12350	F. R. Mann & Son. ....	Glass .....	1.05
12351	Ogden, Merrill & Greer. ....	Glasses and burner. ....	.69
12352	Cornplanter Oil Co. ....	Estimate No. 12, oils. ....	48.41
12353	Arnold Uhler .....	Sharpening tools .....	2.05
12354	St. Paul Fire & Marine Ins. Co..	Insurance .....	21.50
12355	C. D. Gillilan .....	Rent of storage lot .....	25.00
12356	Nicols, Dean & Gregg. ....	Iron .....	15.04
12357	John Caulfield .....	Bills paid as per receipts attached .....	99.86
12358	C. Neumann .....	Meals for board on inspections. ....	94.20
12359	Geo. Regelsberger .....	Plumbing and gas fittings. ....	54.74
12360	Anra Collins .....	Sharpening tools .....	.90
Grand total .....			\$9,484.79
			\$296,867.03

## SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Jan. 1, 1902.

*To the Board of Water Commissioners, St. Paul, Minn.,*

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit my annual report of work done by and under your direction for the year 1901.

The amount and character of the work done is shown by the accompanying tables:

14,884.8 lineal feet of water pipe laid on high service.

2,699 lineal feet of water pipe laid on low service.

1,924 lineal feet of water pipe laid on high service, West Side.

19,507.8 total lineal feet, or 3.6949 miles.

### WATER MAINS RELAID DURING THE YEAR 1901.

595 lineal feet of water pipe relaid on low service.

20,102.8 grand total lineal feet pipe laid and relaid, or 3.8073 miles.

In addition to this mileage there were 3,667.2 lineal feet, or 0.695 miles laid inside of the Minnesota State Fair Grounds property. This being private property, the cost of material and labor was paid by the state to this department. It was not included in the mileage.

The number of fire hydrants placed during the year.....	25
The number of valves placed during the year.....	15
The number of service pipe connections.....	820
The number of automatic fire extinguishers.....	14

### FIRE HYDRANTS.

There have been twenty-five hydrants placed during the year, which make a total of 2,346 that are now in service. There were also eight hydrants put inside the State Fair Grounds besides the above-mentioned number of 2,346.

There were 964 hydrants upon which a repair of some kind was made. One hundred and seventeen hydrants were affected by frost, requiring the use of steam in thirty-nine of them in order to put them in proper shape. Four hydrants were changed. For location of same, see table No. 6.

**STREET SPRINKLING STAND-PIPES.**

There were seven new stand-pipes placed during the year, the total number now in service being 316. There were 216 separate repairs, nineteen of which were the 2-inch stand-pipes split from frost. There were seventeen Crane attachments placed on fire hydrants as a temporary supply for sprinkling carts, all of which were removed on or about Nov. 5, 1901.

**REPAIRS ON MAINS.**

There have been sixteen leaks repaired on mains during the year, the cost for labor on same being \$481.24, and for material \$113.13, making a total of \$594.37.

**VALVES PLACED IN REPAIRS.**

There were fifteen valves placed during the year, making a total of 2,202 valves up to date. There were seventy valves repaired during the year, the repairs being of such nature incident to their general maintenance.

**AUTOMATIC FIRE EXTINGUISHERS.**

There were fourteen new automatic fire extinguishers placed during the year, which makes a total of fifty having been placed up to date.

**SERVICE PIPE CONNECTIONS.**

There have been 820 service pipes put in during the year, making a total up to date of 17,913. Seventeen frozen pipes have been repaired and 123 leaks in services repaired.

**TEMPORARY MAINS.**

There were 3,101 lineal feet of temporary mains laid during the year, making a total of 19,759 lineal feet laid up to date, or 3.742 miles.

**PUMPING STATIONS.**

During the year a new brick pumping station was built at Vadnais lake, at a total cost, including boilers, setting boilers and other work connected with it, of \$10,495.88.

**SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS.**

In the recommendations of work to be done during the year 1902, I would respectfully suggest for your consideration the following:

Lay a 16-inch main for supply on Maryland street from Cortland to McMenemy street, and a 12-inch main on McMenemy street from Maryland to Geranium street, to be used as a cross-feeder for the high service



district of Arlington Hills and Dayton's Bluff. The necessity of this is very apparent, as the districts above referred to depend solely upon the 16-inch main on Grove street and Seventh street, and in case of accident to the main all the northern and eastern portion of the city would be out of water until the main was repaired. The estimated cost of this work would be \$10,900.

The district bounded by Seventh street, Broadway, Fourth and Kittson streets should be rearranged by relaying of all 4-inch mains with 6-inch and 8-inch mains, and by laying the following cross-feeder:

A 12-inch main on Locust street from Seventh street to Fourth street. As this district is building up very rapidly with packing houses and warehouses, the necessity of the above is very apparent.

The relaying of the following old cement pipes with 6-inch cast iron pipe: Canada street from Ninth street to Spruce street; Canada street from Norris street to Grove street; Monroe place from Grove street to Woodward avenue.

The dam at Peltier lake ought to be completed, and such other work as raising the roadway around the shore line should be done this coming year.

The embankment between the west arm of Vadnais lake and Vadnais lake proper should be sheeted with 2-inch matched lumber and an embankment made of clay to prevent the water leaking through. The embankment on the south end of Vadnais lake should be raised to the extent of two or three feet.

A gasoline engine should be put in at the West Side pumping station, as at present only one engine is there, and in case of breakage to this pump the entire West St. Paul high service will be without water during the time necessary for repairing this engine.

Respectfully submitted,

JNO. LINDQUIST,

*Superintendent.*

TABLE NO. 1.

## PIPE LAID ON HIGH SERVICE DURING THE YEAR 1901.

Date.	Street.	From	6 inch.	12 inch.
July 5.....	Conway.....	Maria to 253 feet west of west line of Maria.....	253	
Aug. 3.....	Snelling.....	Old G.N. Ry. right of way to Atlantis..		4,185.8
Aug. 26.....	Van Buren.....	Hamline to Simpson.....	1,767	
Aug. 30.....	Burgess.....	Kent to Dale.....	738	
Sept. 4.....	Pacific.....	Hester to 600 feet east of Hester.....	600	
Sept. 13.....	De Soto.....	Lawson to Cook.....	837	
Sept. 24.....	Grand.....	Milton to Chatsworth.....	538	
Sept. 28.....	Chatsworth.....	Carroll to Rondo.....	812	
Sept. 28.....	Carroll.....	Across Chatsworth.....	46	
Oct. 2.....	Selby.....	Wilder to Cleveland.....	396	
Oct. 4.....	Pelham.....	410 feet south of University to a point 191.9 south of south line of Franklin..	619	
Oct. 7.....	Bourne.....	Keston to 388 feet west of Keston.....	338	
Oct. 14.....	County Road.....	Carter to Buford.....	1,353	
Oct. 14.....	Carter.....	Across County Road.....	50	
Oct. 17.....	Marion.....	Front to Lawson.....	692	
Nov. 6.....	Laurel.....	Oxford to Lexington.....	647	
Nov. 11.....	Park.....	Viola to Como.....	839	
Nov. 13.....	Hatch.....	Oxford to Churchill.....	258	
Nov. 21.....	Dooley.....	Keston to County Road.....	1,134	
Nov. 21.....	Keston.....	Across Dooley Ave.....	82	
Totals.....			10,699	4,185.8

Total 6 inch pipe..... Feet.  
10,699  
Total 12 inch pipe..... 4,185.8

Total on high service..... 14,884.8 feet or 2.819 miles.

REMARK:—In addition to the above mentioned extensions on high service there has also been laid the following mains inside the Minnesota State Fair grounds, and which is not included in the mileage:

6 inch pipe..... Feet.  
1,367  
8 inch pipe..... 2,300.2  
Total..... 3,667.2 feet or 0.695 mile.

TABLE NO. 2.

## PIPE LAID ON LOW SERVICE DURING THE YEAR 1901.

Date.	Street.	From	6 inch.
Feb. 28.....	Michigan.....	West Seventh to Richmond.....	570
April 11.....	Richmond.....	West Seventh to railroad.....	194
Aug. 6.....	Sturgis.....	Douglas to Garfield.....	690
Nov. 1.....	Tuscarora.....	Milton to Chatsworth.....	661
Dec. 8.....	Levee.....	Broadway to 614 feet east.....	614
Total.....			2,699

Total on low service..... 2,699 feet or 0.511 mile.

TABLE NO. 3.

PIPE LAID ON WEST SIDE HIGH SERVICE DURING THE YEAR 1901.

Date.	Street.	From	6 inch.
Oct. 22.....	Robie.....	Ohio to Orleans.....	587
Oct. 26.....	Smith.....	Baker to Stevens.....	740
Oct. 29.....	Stryker.....	Louisa to George.....	597
		Total.....	1,924

Total of West Side high service..... 1,924 feet or 0.365 mile.

TABLE NO. 4.

LOCATION, SIZE AND NUMBER OF FEET OF PIPE RELAID ON LOW SERVICE  
DURING THE YEAR 1901.

Date.	Street.	From	8 inch.	16 inch.
July 3.....	Eighth.....	Cedar to Minnesota, 376 feet 4 inch cast iron pipe relaid with 8 inch iron.....	376	.....
Sept. 29.....	Broadway.....	Across the Levee, 16 inch pipe relaid with 16 inch pipe, cause, heavy fill by R. R. Co.....	.....	219
		Totals.....	376	219

Total 8 inch pipe relaid.....	Feet.
Total 16 inch pipe relaid.....	376
	219

Total on low service..... 595 feet or 0.113 mile.

OF THE CITY OF ST. PAUL, FOR 1901.

TABLE NO. 5.  
SUMMARY OF WATER PIPE LAID IN THE CITY OF ST. PAUL, JANUARY 1, 1902.

SYSTEM.	4 Inch.	6 Inch.	8 Inch.	12 Inch.	16 Inch.	20 Inch.	24 Inch.	30 Inch.	36 Inch.	Total Feet.	Total Miles.
High service.....	38,807	600,883.4	668	126,223.8	87,548.5	36,224	15,317	10,075	9,100	924,781.7	175.1480
Low service.....	35,539	194,885.5	6,732	51,444.0	40,620.0	8,842	8,765	16,436	18	362,781.5	68.7086
W. S. high service.....		29,567.5		7,530.0	8,950.0					41,047.5	7.7741
Total.....	74,346	825,296.4	7,390	185,197.8	132,113.5	44,506	24,082	26,511	9,118	1,828,610.7	251.6307

Total 4-inch pipe.....	74,346.0
Total 6-inch pipe.....	825,296.4
Total 8-inch pipe.....	7,390.0
Total 12-inch pipe.....	185,197.8
Total 16-inch pipe.....	132,113.5
Total 20-inch pipe.....	44,506.0
Total 24-inch pipe.....	24,082.0
Total 30-inch pipe.....	26,511.0
Total 36-inch pipe.....	9,118.0
Grand total.....	1,828,610.7 feet, or 251.6307 miles.

TABLE NO. 6.  
HYDRANTS PLACED IN 1901.

Hydrant No.	Location.	Service.	Double or Single Steamer.	Size of Hydrant Branch.	Pressure at Hydrant.
2322	Michigan and Richmond, n. e. corner..	Low.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	34
2323	Richmond and Milwaukee R. R.....	W. S. low	Single.....	6-inch.....	39
2324	Hampden, bet. Territorial road and Ellis.....	W. S. high	Single.....	6-inch.....	47
2325	N. s. Conway, 233 feet w. of Maria av..	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	81
2326	Van Buren and Pascal, n. w. corner....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	80
2237	Van Buren and Albert, n. w. corner....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	81
2328	Van Buren and Hamline, n. w. corner....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	82
2329	Cook and De Soto, s. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	41
2330	N. s. Pacific, bet. Hester and Griffith....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	23
2331	Grand and Chatsworth, n. e. corner....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	40
2332	Chatsworth and Rondo, n. w. corner....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	48
2333	Selby and Wilder, n. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	47
2334	N. s. Bourne, 338 ft. w. of w. l. of Keston	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	20
2335	Doswell and County road, s. w. corner..	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	26
2336	Pierce and County road, s. w. corner..	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	25
2337	Buford and County road, s. w. corner..	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	32
2338	Marion and Hatch, n. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	60
2339	Marion and Lawson, n. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	56
2340	Smith and King, n. w. corner.....	W. S. high	Single.....	6-inch.....	50
2341	Stryker & Dearborn, n. w. corner.....	W. S. high	Single.....	6-inch.....	89
2342	Stryker and Louisa, n. w. corner.....	W. S. high	Single.....	6-inch.....	86
2343	Tuscarora and Chatsworth, n. e. corner	Low.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	29
2344	Laurel and Lexington, n. e. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	39
2345	Hatch and Oxford, n. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	36
2346	W. s. Broadway and Levee.....	Low.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	69
1588	Minnehaha and Duluth Ry. was changed from single to double steamer.....	High.....	Double.....	6-inch.....	.....
1589	Minnehaha and Greenbrier was changed from single to double steamer.....	High.....	Double.....	6-inch.....	.....
110	Sibley and Levee was removed from the n. w. corner to the n. e. corner of same streets.....	Low.....	Single.....	4-inch.....	.....
2295	Was removed from Pelham, 410 feet s. of University, to Pelham and Franklin, n. w. corner.....	High.....	Single.....	6-inch.....	.....

New fire hydrants placed during the year 1901 on high service .....	18
New fire hydrants placed during the year 1901 on low service .....	4
New fire hydrants placed during the year 1901 on West Side high service .....	3
Total for the year.....	25

REMARK.—There were 8 single steamer fire hydrants put in inside the Minnesota State Fair Grounds during the year, in addition to the above mentioned 25.

TABLE NO. 7.  
VALVES PLACED IN 1901.

Street.	Service.	Location.	6 Inch.	8 Inch.	12 Inch.	16 Inch.
Conway.....	High...	West line of Maria.....	1			
Eighth.....	Low...	East line of Cedar*.....		1		
Sturgis.....	Low...	East line of Garfield.....	1			
Snelling.....	High...	65 ft. south of G. N. R. R. bridge			1	
Snelling.....	High...	South line of Langford.....			1	
Snelling.....	High...	952.8 ft. n. of n. line of Langford		1		
Selby.....	High...	East line of Cleveland.....	1			
County Road.....	High...	North line of Carter.....	1			
Marion.....	High...	North line of front.....	1			
Marion.....	High...	North line of Lawson.....	1			
Smith.....	W. S. H.	North line of Baker.....	1			
Park.....	High...	South line of Como.....	1			
Dooley.....	High...	West line of County Road.....	1			
Broadway.....	Low...	On Levee near Union Depot....	1			
Broadway.....	Low...	On Levee near Union Depot....	1			
Totals.....			11	2	2	

Total on high service..... 10

Total on low service..... 4

Total on west side high service..... 1

Grand Total..... 15

Remark—In addition to the above, there were placed inside of the Minnesota State Fair Grounds:

8 inch valves, 2.

6 inch valves, 3.

\* The four inch valve has been taken out and an 8 inch valve put in its place, when main was changed from 4 inch to 8 inch.

TABLE NO. 8.

TOTAL NUMBER OF VALVES ON ALL SYSTEMS, JAN. 1, 1902.

SIZES IN INCHES.	Low Service.	High Service.	West Side High Service.	Total.
2 inches.....Blow-offs	4	1		5
3 inches.....	16	28		39
4 inches.....	114	118		232
6 inches.....	455	968	44	1,467
8 inches.....	27	8		30
12 inches.....	77	189	8	224
16 inches.....	39	67	5	111
20 inches.....	10	33		43
24 inches.....	5	9		14
30 inches.....	5	6		11
36 inches.....	1	5		6
Totals.....	753	1,392	57	2,202

TABLE NO. 9.

STREET SPRINKLING STAND PIPES PLACED DURING THE YEAR 1901.

No.	LOCATION.	Measurement of Valve from Stand Pipe.
810	Arcade and Lawson, n. e. corner.....	32 feet.
811	Snelling and Breda, n. w. corner.....	7 feet.
812	Snelling and Atlantis, s. w. corner.....	9½ feet.
813	Simpson and Capitol, n. w. corner.....	6 feet.
814	Sheldon and Capitol, n. w. corner.....	8 feet.
815	Earl and Thorn, n. w. corner.....	6 feet.
816	King and Ohio, s. w. corner.....	31 feet.
100	Was removed from Summit Place and Martin to Weide and Case, s. w. corner.....	63 feet north, 9 feet east.
90	Was removed from Virginia and University, n. w. corner, to the n. e. corner of same streets.....	33 feet west, 13 feet south;
66	Locust and Ninth, was extended further out into the street 2 feet, cause setting of curb stone.....	second valve 46 feet south.
194	Dale and Charles, was removed 100 feet s. of Charles..	3 feet.
171	Was removed from Van Buren and Snelling to Minnehaha and Holton, n. e. corner.....	7 feet.
216	Was removed from Sycamore Jackson to Sycamore and Lightner Place, s. w. corner.....	6 feet.
223	Oxford and Summit, removed from n. e. corner to s. w. corner of same streets.....	93 feet north, 27 feet east.

Number placed this year ..... 7  
 Total number placed to date ..... 316

TABLE NO. 10.

LOCATION, SIZE AND NUMBER OF FEET OF WATER MAINS LAID ON HIGH SERVICE TO JAN. 1, 1902.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.	36-Inch.
Arlington....	Greenbrier to Payne....	650							
Arundel....	Summit to Lafond....	2553							
Ashland....	Western to Oxford....		7203						
Aurora....	Robert to Chatsworth....		7814						
Arcade....	Third to Rose....		1070	5382					
Astoria....	St. Anthony to Milwaukee		275						
Argyle....	Front to Van Slyke....	370	831						
Albemarle....	Atwater to Front....	1293							
Arch....	100 feet west of Columbia to Rice....		2286						
Atlantic....	Fauquier to Stillwater....		1785						
Atwater....	Dale to Sylvan....		1261						
Agate....	Cortland to Jenks....		2437						
Avon....	Dayton to Martin....	1381							
Asbury....	Van Buren to Blair....		307						
Arkwright....	Jessamine to Magnolia....		327						
Beaumont....	De Soto to Payne....		1881						
Bedford....	North to Minnehaha....		1327						
Bradford....	Hampton to 75 feet east of Endicott....		894						
Bradley....	North of Maryland....		256						
Bradley....	Beaumont to Minnehaha		498						
Bates....	Maury to Hastings....		370	3035					
Beech....	Seventh to Atlantic....		4407						
Blair....	Western to Fairview....		4610						
Broadway....	Thirteenth to Mt. Airy....		407		533				
Burr....	Collins to Brainerd....		5183						
Burgess....	Dale to Como....		852						
Bayless av....	Raymond to Langford Park				2935				
Bayless pl....	Raymond to Bayless a.	902							
Burns....	Mound to Griffith....		2753						
Blake....	Raymond to Langford P. P. E.		282		186				
Beacon....	University to Shields....	594							
Bourne....	Keston to Eustis....		388						
Ruffalo....	Capitol to Granite....		631						
Canada....	University to Valley....		290						
Capitol....	Mississippi to Fairview....		6866						
Carroll....	Rice to Cleveland....		13248						
Cedar....	Summit to Como....		2486						
Central av....	East line of Central Park to Rice....	557	1254						
Cent'l P. pl. E. and W....	Summit to Central....	1209							
Charles....	Rice to Vandalla....		10235.3						
Capitol boul....	University to Como....		1076						
Cable....	Seventh to Margaret....			650					
Cook....	Forest to Rice....		6967						
Conway....	Earl to Hoffman....		3380						
Churchill....	Front to Van Slyke....	1103	1263						
College....	Rice to Third....		1165						
Como boul....	East line of lot 4, block 5, to north line of lot 5, block 1, Warrendale		666						
Como av....	Park to Dale....				512.5	6555			
Chelton....	Prior to Tatum....		559						
Cherry....	200 feet west of Hoffman to Maria....	230	565						
Case....	Forest to Terrace....		345	6551					
Claghorn....	Lafond to Van Buren....		628						
Cypress....	North to Euclid....	45							
Cromwell....	Manvel to Cudworth....		1590						



## WATER MAINS ON HIGH SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.	36-Inch.
Cudworth.....	Bayless to Eustis.....	.....	985	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Clark.....	Whitall to Case.....	.....	1308	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cross.....	Argyle to Lexington....	.....	966	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cambridge.....	Princeton to Lincoln....	.....	1060	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
County rd.....	Scudder to Buford.....	.....	1353	.....	256	.....	.....	.....	.....
Crocus pl.....	Goorich to Fairmount....	1314	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chatsworth.....	Evergreen to Van Slyke..	.....	1295	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland.....	Lincoln to University....	.....	.....	3411	3313	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cortland.....	Capitol to Maryland....	.....	252	.....	4600	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cayuga.....	Mississippi to Cortland..	.....	1630	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Carter.....	West line lot 31, block 40 to County road.....	.....	1936	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Collins.....	Lafayette to Bedford....	.....	1016	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dale.....	Fairmount to Reservoir..	4800	.....	2110	5280	1453	14500	9234	1560
Dayton.....	Third to Cleveland.....	192	11578	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Duluth.....	Seventh to Omaha Ry....	.....	434	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dayton pl.....	West to Maria.....	275	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dawson.....	Arcade to Gotzian.....	.....	3673	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dooley.....	Keston to 15 feet east of Raymond.....	.....	2461	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
De Soto.....	North to Cook.....	.....	4120	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Decatur.....	Bedford to Beaumont....	.....	710	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Earl.....	Thorn to Magnolia.....	.....	8.5	4083	2003	.....	.....	.....	.....
Edmund.....	Rice to Milton.....	.....	8518	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Eichenwald.....	Sixth to Seventh.....	.....	532	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Euclid.....	Maple to Earl.....	.....	2391	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Elfelt.....	Charles to Blair.....	1034	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Everett ct.....	Wheeler to Great Northern Ry.....	.....	355	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Edgerton.....	Minnehaha to Mary- land.....	.....	328	4272	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ellis.....	Territorial road to Hampden.....	.....	1841	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fuller.....	Rice to Lexington.....	.....	8548.3	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Farrington.....	Summit to Lafond.....	.....	3459	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fauquier.....	290 feet east of Atlantic to Greenbrier.....	.....	6153	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fifth.....	125 feet east of Hoff- man to Maple.....	.....	1543	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Floral.....	Summit to Oakland.....	518	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fourth.....	Terry to 400 feet west of Maria.....	.....	5342	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Front.....	Sylvan to Lexington....	.....	1140	10475	12	12	.....	.....	.....
Fairmount.....	Dale to Milton.....	.....	2931	518	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairview.....	Valley to 200 feet north of Mt. Airy....	.....	578	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Feronia.....	Fairview to Prior.....	.....	1378	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fremont.....	Fair to Arcade.....	.....	2577	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fairview av..	Selby to Capitol.....	.....	.....	2542	1971	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fry.....	Territorial rd. to Capitol	1087	6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frank.....	Margaret to Minnehaha..	.....	652	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Frances.....	Mendota to Cypress.....	.....	1927	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fred.....	Burr to Bedford.....	337	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Forest.....	Conway to Rose.....	.....	3492	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foremain.....	Pumphouse to Reser- voir.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	7880	46	70	7386
Flandrau.....	Harvester to Stillwater..	.....	545	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grand.....	Lawton to Cretin.....	.....	9950	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grove.....	Seventh to Pine.....	.....	.....	.....	2618	.....	.....	.....	.....
Grotto.....	Lincoln to Lafond.....	.....	4594	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Goodrich.....	782 feet east of Dale to Oxford.....	.....	5358	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenbrier....	Arlington to Magnolia..	512	332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gaultier.....	Sherburne to Geranium..	.....	3671	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Gordon.....	Raymond to Carter.....	.....	1387	623	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Genesee.....	Mississippi to Buffalo..	.....	814	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Granite.....	Mississippi to Cortland..	.....	1622	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

## WATER MAINS ON HIGH SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.	36-Inch.
Geranium.....	Park to Cypress.....		6315.5						
Hoffman.....	Clearmont to Seventh..		2946						
Holly.....	Western to Victoria...		5287						
Hague.....	Dale to Griggs.....		6512						
Hudson.....	Cypress to Maria.....		2389	194					
Hastings.....	Bates to Hester.....			3066					
Hewitt.....	Aldine to Syndicate....		4541						
Hope.....	Fourth to Seventh.....		1156						
Hampden.....	Raymond to Territo- rial road*		1733						
Hatch.....	Churchill to Sylvan...		930						
Harvester.....	White Bear to Hazel...			1303					
Hazel.....	Harvester to 300 feet north of Ames.....			580					
Horton.....	Van Slyke to Como b'd		419						
Hardenbergh place.....	Lytton place to Atwater	349							
Iglehart.....	Wabasha to Cleveland..		14706						
Jackson.....	Viola to Sycamore.....		236	2237	145				
Jay.....	St. Anthony to Fuller..		650						
Jenks.....	Forest to Cortland....		6084						
Jessamine.....	Rice to Cypress.....		8830						
Jessie.....	Minnehaha to Maryland		3269						
Knapp.....	Langford to Raymond..		1838						
Keston.....	Dooley to Deswell.....		1006						
Kent.....	Portland to Carroll....	2201							
Kenwood Pk.	St. Albans around said park.....		767						
Laura.....	Waltham to University		1211						
Laurel.....	Nina to Lexington....		8944						
Lawton.....	Grand to Summit.....		480						
Lawson.....	Earl to Rice.....		8686						
Lincoln.....	Oakland to Finn.....		8390						
Louis.....	Nelson to Fuller.....		2122						
Linden.....	Mt. Airy to Arch.....		696						
Lafond.....	Rice to Milton.....		7340						
Lynnhurst E. and W.....	University to Feronia..		1850						
Lexington.....	Grand to Van Slyke...				3818				
Langford P. P. E.....	Bayless to Knapp.....		415		427				
Langford P. P. W.....	Bayless to Gordon.....		181	670					
Langford av.....	Scudder to Dooley.....			1236	838				
Lookout pl.....	Arkwright to Westmin- ster.....		447						
Litchfield.....	Rice to Sylvan.....		1142						
Leslie.....	Victoria to Chatsworth		1256						
Lombard.....	Milton, 454 feet west..		454						
Linwood pl.....	Osceola to Lexington..		2621						
Lytton pl.....	Rice to Sylvan.....		1142						
Lake Como & Phalen av.....	At Dale street.....			23					
Mackubin.....	Summit to Edmund....		5706						
Maple.....	Hastings to Seventh..		2680	811					
Margaret.....	Gotzian to Greenbrier..		4782						
Martin.....	Central to Milton.....		7739						
Maria.....	River to North.....		5481						
Marshall.....	Western to N. Cretin...		3378.5	10506					
Magnolia.....	120 feet east of Missis- sippi to Cypress.....		5717						
Marion.....	University to Lawson..		3630						
Minnehaha.....	Duluth to Tatum.....		6071	7473					
McLean.....	Maria to Hester.....		1395						
Mendota.....	Hudson to Faugulier...		655	3286					
Mt. Airy.....	L'Orient to Robert.....		2024						
Maryland.....	Dale to Arcade.....		3855	22					

\*Also 658 feet of 8-inch pipe.

## WATER MAINS ON HIGH SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.	36-Inch.
Mound.....	Hastings to 335 feet west of Earl.....		1298	1536					
Milwaukee.....	Merriam Pk. to Astoria.....		570						
Manvel.....	Robbins to Raymond.....		1142						
Mulberry.....	Third to Sixth.....	435							
Milford.....	Rice to Woodbridge.....		655						
Minneapolis.....	At Dale.....			18					
McMenemy.....	Case to Geranium.....			1986					
Mississippi.....	Great Northern Ry. to Cayuga.....		1136						
Manitoba.....	Rice to Sylvan.....		1139						
Macalester.....	Summit to Princeton.....		1885						
Mt. Ida.....	De Soto to Rivoli.....		535						
Milton.....	Victoria to Lombard.....		335.5						
Nelson.....	Summit to Western.....		2422						
Nina.....	Summit to Selby.....		800						
North.....	De Soto to Seventh.....		1886						
Nourse.....	Gordon to N. P. Ry.....		392						
Oakland.....	Ramsey to Summit.....		3662						
Olive.....	Olmsted to Pennsylv- vania.....		1057						
Oakley.....	Lynnhurst w. to Prior.....		451						
Osceola.....	Pleasant to Chatsworth.....		3709						
Otsego.....	Lafayette to Mt. Ida.....		791						
Park pl.....	Park drive southwest.....	574							
Park av.....	Martin to Geranium.....		5214.5						
Princeton.....	Macalester to Baldwin.....		1399						
Pine.....	Grove to Pennsylvania.....		1820		387				
Portland.....	Summit to Oxford.....		5949						
Pennsylvania.....	Rice to Pine.....	505	342						
Pelham.....	University to Wabash.....		1039						
Preble.....	Beaumont to Minnehaha.....		471						
Payne.....	Beaumont to Ivy.....		6791						
Plum.....	Maple to Hoffman.....		1150						
Prior.....	Selby to University.....		804	3447					
Pascal.....	Minnehaha to Taylor.....		1743						
Pym.....	Bayless to Eustis.....			736					
Priscilla.....	Raymond avenue east.....		542						
Pratt.....	Raymond to Gibbs.....		762						
Phalen.....	Seventh to Stillwater.....			1467					
Pacific.....	Cypress to Griffith.....		1860						
Pleasant.....	Osceola to St. Albans.....			569					
Poplar.....	N. P. R. R. yard to Cortland.....		889						
Rice.....	College to Jessamine.....		1678	2147	5990	1154			
Robert.....	171 feet south of Uni- versity to 254 north of same.....		425						
Rondo.....	Rice to Terrace Pk. av.....		10661						
Ramsey.....	Oakland to Summit.....		1259						
Ross.....	Atlantic to Seventh.....		2467						
Ravoux.....	Rondo to Fuller.....	616							
River.....	Maria to Hoffman.....	359							
Ravine.....	Maple to 344 feet west of Maria.....	1423							
Raymond.....	University to Buford.....		4665		1588				
Robbins.....	Bayless to Raymond Pk.....		440						
Reaney.....	Edgerton to English.....		7834						
Rose.....	Edgerton to Cypress.....		2573						
Sherburne av.....	Dunlap to Jackson.....	400	11082						
St. Anthony.....	Rice to Cleveland.....		13893						
St. Peter.....	College to University.....		2557						
Selby.....	Summit to Cleveland.....		17398						
Seventh.....	Grove to White Bear av.....			15025					
Sinnen.....	Sixth to Seventh.....		541						
Summit av.....	C. P. D. E. to Baldwin.....	913	5481	15384					
Summit pl.....	Nelson to Fuller.....		2122						
St. Albans.....	Pleasant to Martin.....	2366	300	556					

## WATER MAINS ON HIGH SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.	36-Inch.
Sims.....	Edgerton to Earl.....		4539						
Sum'it ct. a'y.	East of Lawton.....		362						
Short.....	Maria to Hoffman.....		591						
Snelling.....	Goodrich to Atlantis.....			4185.8	11195				
Simpson.....	Blair to Hewitt.....		1528						
Sixth.....	Hoffman to Arcade.....		2646						
Sixth.....	College to Summit.....		537						
Sidney.....	Raymond to Ellis.....		1225.5						
Scudder.....	Blake to Langford.....				1347				
St. Clair.....	Victoria to Oxford.....			1935					
Stinson.....	Gaultier to Western.....		1266						
Sycamore.....	Rice to Cortland.....			2509					
Syndicate.....	Lincoln to Summit.....		967						
Stellar.....	Atwater to Lyton.....		372						
Shelton.....	Minnehaha to Wesley.....		902						
Stillwater.....	White Bear to Ames.....		906						
Summit ct.....	Alley to Summit.....	260							
Suction main.	Pumphouse to Ter. ch'r						771	771	154
Taylor.....	Aldine to Holton.....		2898						
Tatum.....	Minnehaha to Chelton.....		541						
Third.....	Cypress to Summit.....	367	5290.5						
Thirteenth.....	Pine to Broadway.....				778				
Tilton.....	Wabasha to Rice.....		1278						
Thomas.....	Como to Chatsworth.....		7605						
Topping.....	At Como and at Dale.....		118						
Territorial road	Raymond to Eustis.....		1498						
University.....	Broadway to Cromwell.....		40	6387	3594	19164			
Valley.....	Broadway to Jackson.....				1789				
Viola.....	Jackson to Rice.....		1653						
Van Buren.....	Western to Wheeler.....		8086						
Victoria.....	St. Clair to Hatch.....			375	9518				
Virginia.....	Summit to Como.....	2758	1798						
Vandalia.....	University, north of Charles.....		761.3						
Van Slyke.....	Chatsworth to Lexington.....		1438						
Wabasha.....	Summit to Park.....	537	842						
Western.....	Summit to Como.....			1775	6285				
Williams.....	Olive to Mississippi.....		857						
Waltham.....	Laura to Prior.....	959							
Wayzata.....	At Albemarle.....		90						
Wilder.....	Iglehart to St. Anthony.....		1388						
Whithall.....	Payne to Clark.....		2301						
Walker.....	Hewitt to Great Northern Ry.....	807							
Wesley.....	Pascal to Fry.....	394	621						
Workhouse.....	Around workhouse.....		1043						
Wheeler st.....	Bayless to Everett.....			1012					
Westminster.....	Cayuga to Case.....		999						
Wheeler av.....	University to Shields.....		588						
Woodbridge.....	Atwater to Rose.....		3599						
Winnipeg.....	Rice to Sylvan.....		1142						
Wells, N. S.....	Edgerton to Arcade.....		2090						
Wells, S. S.....	From E. to W. end of retaining wall.....	1130							
White Bear.....	Seventh to Ames.....			1662					
Wycliff.....	Bradford to Hampden.....		700						
York.....	Forest to Cortland.....		5782						
Totals.....		38807	590134.4	122038	875435	36224	15317	10075	9100

Feet.

Total 4-inch pipe.....	38,807
Total 6-inch pipe.....	600,833.4
Total 8-inch pipe (Hampden).....	658
Total 12-inch pipe.....	126,223.8
Total 16-inch pipe.....	87,543.5
Total 20-inch pipe.....	36,224
Total 24-inch pipe.....	15,317
Total 30-inch pipe.....	10,075
Total 36-inch pipe.....	9,100

Total ..... 924,781.7 feet, or 175.1480 miles.

TABLE NO. 11.

LOCATION, SIZE AND NUMBER OF FEET OF WATER MAINS LAID ON LOW SERVICE TO JAN. 1, 1902.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	8-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.
Alabama.....	Crossing state.....		55						
Armstrong.....	Drake to Chatsworth.....		3865						
Arbor.....	Jefferson to Grace.....		595						
Audubon.....	Seventh to Drake.....		745						
Ada.....	Robie to Congress.....	334	332.5						
Anita.....	Concord 25 feet east.....	25							
Banfl.....	Smith to Duke.....	2302	667						
Bay.....	Stewart to Randolph.....		1944						
Becker pl.....	Lafayette to De Soto.....		481						
Belvidere.....	Andrew to Concord.....		1647						
Bradley.....	100 feet south of Grove to North.....		1503						
Bel lows.....	Winifred 25 ft. north.....		25						
*Broadway.....	Mississippi river to University av.....	498	1735			1938		1741	
Bruno.....	East of Lafayette.....		47						
Bancroft.....	Concord to Congress.....		935						
Bidwell.....	Isabel to Congress.....		302						
Brunson.....	Partridge to North.....		788						
Canada.....	Ninth to University.....		2055						
Cedar.....	Summit to Second.....		289	176	2573		614		
Chestnut.....	Seventh to Washington.....		1235						
Colborne.....	Jefferson to Superior.....		1761						
College.....	Cedar to Smith.....		1670						
Cross Miss. river.....	Broadway to State.....					1089			
Concord.....	Isabel to Belvidere.....				6860				
Congress.....	350 feet east of Bancroft to Charlton.....	392	6425						
Chicago.....	Wabasha to S. Robert.....		741						
Colorado.....	R. R. to Stryker.....		1624						
Clinton.....	Congress to Winifred.....		403						
Columbia.....	Glencoe to Pennsylvania.....		745						
Cliff.....	Goodhue to Smith.....		250.5						
De Soto.....	Hopkins to Becker pl.....		180		1540				
Douglas.....	Seventh to Ramsey.....		1144						
Duke.....	Cascade to St. Clair.....		1893						
Dousman.....	Von Minden to Goodhue.....		576						
Delos.....	Greenwood to Bellows.....		2934						
Daly.....	James to Jefferson.....		1050						
Dearborn.....	Robert to Gorman.....		705						
Eagle.....	Spring to Seventh.....		1449						
Elghth.....	Wabasha—110 ft. east of Neill.....	1425		3321					
Eleventh.....	Cedar to Jackson.....		1238						
Elm.....	Exchange to C., M. & St. P. R. R.....	406							
Exchange.....	Wabasha to Wilkin.....	3962	323						
Eaton.....	At Indiana and Fairfield crossings.....		51			100			
Erie.....	St. Clair to Cascade.....		1807						
Emma.....	Western to Short Line.....	373							
Fairfield.....	State to Wabasha.....		2812						
Fauquier.....	Payne to De Soto.....				1982				
Fifth.....	Third to Kittson.....	1455	3120		2938				
Fort.....	Seventh to Tenth.....						1616		
Fourth.....	Exchange to 762 feet east of Kittson.....		4885		2679				
Fourteenth.....	Broadway to Robert.....		1368						
Franklin.....	Elm to Ninth.....	3308							
Fillmore.....	Wabasha to State.....		2808						
Forbes.....	Wilkin to Douglas.....		1274						
Garfield.....	Ramsey to Goodrich.....		1002						
Goodhue.....	Cliff to Duke.....		2817						

\*Includes portion of Mississippi street south of Grove street.

## WATER MAINS ON LOW SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4 Inch.	6 Inch.	8 Inch.	12 Inch.	16 Inch.	20 Inch.	24 Inch.	30 Inch.
Goodrich.....	Milwaukee Short Line to Pleasant.....		1331		2328				
Grace.....	Seventh to Colborne.....		72						
Grove.....	Monroe to Jackson.....	133	1310				1544		
Glencoe.....	Mississippi to Columbia.....		592						
George.....	State to Stryker.....				2625				
Goff.....	Wabasha to Winifred.....		105						
Greenwood.....	Winifred to Delos.....	310	305						
Harrison av.....	Douglas to Goodrich.....		2381						
Hopkins.....	De Soto to Bradley.....		700						
Hall.....	George to Prospect ter.....		2080						
Indiana.....	State to Ethel.....				2462	2242			
Isabel.....	State to Chariton.....				5055				
Jackson.....	Levee to University.....	40	1223		3179		108		
Jefferson.....	Erie to Arbor.....		63		1171				
James.....	Webster to Victoria.....		2338.5						
John.....	Third to Williams.....	889	2449						
Juno.....	View to Chatsworth.....		2130						
Kittson.....	Fourth to Seventh.....		846						
Kittson's ad.....	Alley, block 4.....				222				
Kentucky.....	Crossing State.....		55						
Lafayette.....	Grove to De Soto.....				150	1915			
Lee.....	Seventh to Drake.....		1445						
Leech.....	Goodrich to Ramsey.....		1146						
Levee.....	Olive to Jackson.....	340	614						
L'Orient.....	Thirteenth to Minnehaha.....		2209						
Livingston.....	Delos to Wood.....		580						
Lisbon.....	Douglas to Pleasant.....		973						
Logan.....	Bay to Canton.....		814						
Louisa.....	Robert to Gorman.....		701						
Locust.....						627	288		
McBoal.....	Wilkin to Douglas.....		1301						
Magnolia.....	Crossing Mississippi.....		18						
Market.....	Third to Fourth.....	250							
Minnesota.....	Third to Twelfth.....	1484	1428						
Mississippi.....	Grove to Overton.....		5165					8013	
Monroe pl.....	Grove to Woodward.....	300							
Mt. Airy.....	Mississippi to L'Orient.....		330						
Michigan.....	W. Seventh to Richmond.....		629						
Mayall Alley.....	Seventh to Ninth.....	410							
Midway.....	Oakdale to Brown.....		1847						
Nash.....	Pine to L'Orient.....		698						
Neill.....	Seventh to Eighth.....	325							
Ninth.....	Neill to Smith.....	975	5187						
Norris.....	Canada to Temperance.....	761							
Nugent.....	St. Clair to C. M. & St. P. Short Line.....		513						
Olive.....	Sixth to Olmsted.....	236	1248						
Olmsted.....	John to Pine.....		651						
Onelda.....	Grace to 36 feet south of Seventh.....		634						
Ontario.....	Washington to Spring.....	112							
Oakdale.....	State to Midway.....		326			350			
Overton av.....	Mississippi to terminal chamber.....								*8423
Page.....	Concord to Andrew.....		1030.5						
Partridge.....	Bradley to De Soto.....	472							
Pine.....	Seventh to Olmsted.....	977	1263		132				
Plato.....	West of South Robert.....		18						
Pleasant.....	Sixth to Goodrich.....		4884						
Prince.....	John to Broadway.....		825						
Pennsylvania.....	Mississippi to a point 300 feet west of Columbia.....		961						
Prescott.....	Oakdale to Woodbury.....		1365						
Ramsey.....	Seventh to Pleasant.....		1352			307			
Randolph.....	Webster to Milton.....		757		2818				
Richmond.....	Grace and Goodrich.....		284						
Robert.....	Elizabeth to Central.....		8881						
Rosabel.....	Union depot grounds to Seventh.....		1598						
Roble.....	Winslow to Andrew.....		2669						
St. Clair.....	Cliff to Colborne.....		985		351				
St. Peter.....	Third to College.....		2806						

\*Also 18 feet 36-inch, Overton avenue, Mississippi to terminal chamber.

## WATER MAINS ON LOW SERVICE—Continued.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	4-Inch.	6-Inch.	8-Inch.	12-Inch.	16-Inch.	20-Inch.	24-Inch.	30-Inch.
Seventh.....	Duluth R. R. to Tuscarora	350	1000		470	15656	1508		
Second.....	East of Robert.....		18						
Sherman.....	Bluff to Pleasant.....		1937						
Sixth.....	Kittison to Pleasant....	1896	2044	3235					
Sibley.....	Levee to Norris.....	1626	1462						
Smith.....	College to Cliff.....		3764						
Somerset.....	John to Pine.....		669						
Spruce.....	Sibley to Pine.....	442	241						
State.....	Mississippi river to West Side pumphouse					7704			
Superior.....	Western to Duke.....		1282.5						
Summit.....	Robert to Cedar.....		859						
Sturgis.....	Douglas to Garfield.....		660						
Stryker.....	George to Prospect ter..		2106						
Stewart.....	Tuscarora to Otto.....		1736.5						
Temperance...	Eighth to Thirteenth...	1569							
Tenth.....	Grove to College.....	441	1531		2289	139	1390		
Third.....	Pleasant to west end of Third street bridge....		847		6648				
Thirteenth....	Fine to Jackson.....		2075						
Thompson....	Ramsey to Pleasant....		545						
Twelfth.....	Jackson to Cedar.....						1274		
Toronto.....	Seventh to Jefferson....		662						
Tennessee...	Crossing State.....		51						
Tuscarora...	Stewart to Chatsworth..		3285						
Van Slyke court.....	Broadway to Olive....	557							
Von Minden...	Dousman to Western...		897						
View.....	Seventh to Palace.....		2081						
Wacouta.....	Union Depot ground to Spruce	783	118		1736				
Walnut.....	100 feet south of I. P. to Pleasant	2420							
Warsaw.....	Audubon to Jefferson...		1613						
Washington...	Chestnut to Seventh...	1047			1236				
Waverly pl..	Lafayette to John.....		411						
Webster.....	Clay to Seventh.....		316						
Western.....	Milwaukee Ry. to Pleasant		2550						
Westminster..	Waverly pl. to N. P. Ry		1022						
Willius.....	Fifth to Seventh.....	550							
Wilkin.....	Short Line Ry. to Pleasant		1209						
Winifred.....	Charlton to Andrew....		6097						
Whitney & Smith's ad..	Alley, block 15.....		355.5						
Woodward....	Bradley to John.....	683							
Wabasha....	Goff to Summit.....	6074				2553			
Watson.....	View to Chatsworth....		2133						
Winslow....	Isabel to Prospect ter..		745						
Yankee.....	Seventh to Dousman...	678							
Main old line.	Fauquier to Lake Phalen					6000		7024	
	Totals .....	35539	192,186.5	6732	51444	40620	8342	8765	16436

Feet.

Total 4-inch pipe.....	35,539
Total 6-inch pipe.....	194,885.5
Total 8-inch pipe.....	6,732
Total 12-inch pipe.....	51,444
Total 16-inch pipe.....	40,620
Total 20-inch pipe.....	8,342
Total 24-inch pipe.....	8,765
Total 30-inch pipe.....	16,436
Total 36-inch pipe.....	18

Total ..... 362,781.5 feet, or 68.7086 miles.

There are 16,177 feet of tunnels for mains and 900 feet of tunnels for fire hydrants in the sand-rock district. Size of same, 6 feet in height and 3.5 feet in width, tapering towards top to 1.5 feet.

There are also 12 ventilating and riser shafts, and 49 hydrant shafts 7 feet in diameter at bottom and tapering towards top to about 2 feet. They are bricked from top of solid rock to a height of about 10 feet.

TABLE NO. 12.

LOCATION, SIZE AND NUMBER OF FEET OF WATER MAINS LAID ON HIGH SERVICE, WEST SIDE, TO JAN. 1, 1902.

STREET.	From Street to Street.	6 Inch.	12 Inch.	16 Inch.
Annapolis.....	At Manomin .....		100	
Alice.....	Ohio to the Park.....	141		
Baker.....	Bidwell to Delaware.....		3,850	
Belvidere.....	South Robert to Oakdale.....	851		
Bidwell.....	Morton to Robie.....		346	362
Bunker.....	Oakdale to Brown.....	1,808		
Cherokee ave.	Annapolis to N. L. of Smith avenue.....	4,348		
Force main...	From Annapolis to Tank.....		100	
Curtice.....	Oakdale to 250 feet east of Woodbury.....	1,437		
Delaware.....	Baker to Annapolis.....	2,552.5		
George.....	Stryker to Smith avenue.....	3,581		
Hall avenue...	Morton to Louisa.....	894		
King.....	Ohio to Orleans.....	587		
Manomin.....	Baker to Annapolis.....		2,540	
Morton.....	Robert to Bidwell.....			2,672
Oakdale ave.	Midway to Curtice.....	1,319		
Orleans.....	Cherokee to Page.....	2,517		
Ohio.....	Winona to Cherokee.....	3,900		
Page.....	Robert to Harvard.....	1,344		170
Robert.....	Belvidere to Morton.....		504	906
Robie.....	Bidwell to Orleans.....	1,109		
State.....	Page to Pump House.....			140
Sidney.....	Ottawa to Cherokee.....	346		
Smith avenue.	Morton to George.....	1,444		
Stryker ave..	Tyler to George.....	1,388		
Totals .....		27,643.5	7,530	3,950

	Feet
Total 6-inch pipe.....	29,567.5
Total 12-inch pipe.....	7,530
Total 16-inch pipe.....	3,950

Total ..... 41,047.5 feet or 7.7741 miles.



TABLE NO. 13.

## INVENTORY OF STOCK JAN. 1, 1902.

## PIPES AND SPECIALS.

195	feet 36-inch pipe (cast iron).	2	12x6-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
35	feet 30-inch pipe (cast iron).	4	12x4-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
281	feet 24-inch pipe (cast iron).	3	8x6-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
18	feet 24-inch pipe (cast iron) light.	2	8x4-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
171	feet 20-inch pipe (cast iron).	3	6x6-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
1,077½	feet 16-inch pipe (cast iron).	7	6x4-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
12	feet 14-inch pipe (cast iron).	1	6x3-inch sleeve and gate, Smith patent.
808	feet 12-inch pipe (cast iron).	3	6x2-inch sleeves and gates, Smith patent.
75	feet 12-inch pipe (flange).	2	36-inch plugs.
44	feet 10-inch pipe (cast iron).	1	30-inch plug.
407	feet 8-inch pipe (cast iron).	4	24-inch plugs.
566	feet 6-inch pipe (cast iron).	5	20-inch plugs.
210	feet 4-inch pipe (cast iron).	3	16-inch plugs.
2	feet 3-inch pipe (cast iron).	2	12-inch plugs.
3	feet 8-inch pipe (wrought iron).	4	8-inch plugs.
6	feet 6-inch pipe (wrought iron).	41	6-inch plugs.
27	feet 4-inch pipe (wrought iron).	32	4-inch plugs.
9½	feet 3-inch pipe (galvanized).	22	4-inch plugs, with 2-inch holes.
18	feet 2½-inch pipe (galvanized).	1	30x6-inch 4-way.
37	feet 2-inch pipe (galvanized).	1	24x24x16-inch 3-way branch.
500	feet 2-inch (galvanized, old).	1	24x12-inch 4-way branch.
10	feet 1½-inch (galvanized).	1	24x 6-inch 4-way branch.
32	feet 1-inch (galvanized).	1	24x 4-inch 4-way branch.
65	feet ¾-inch (galvanized), old.	1	20x 6-inch 3-way branch.
300	feet ½-inch pipe (galvanized).	1	16x 6-inch 4-way branch.
1	30-inch 1-16-bend.	1	16x 4-inch 3-way branch.
3	24-inch 1-16-bend.	1	16x12-inch 4-way branch.
1	20-inch ¼-bend.	1	12x12-inch 4-way branch.
1	20-inch ½-bend.	1	12x12-inch 3-way branch.
2	24-inch ½-bend.	1	12x 6-inch 3-way branch.
3	16-inch ½-bend.	4	12x 4-inch 3-way branches.
2	16-inch ¾-bend.	2	8x 6-inch 4-way branches.
2	8-inch ¼-bend.	1	8x8x6-inch 3-way branch.
2	8-inch ½-bend.	3	6x6-inch 4-way branches.
4	6-inch ¼-bend.	7	6x6-inch 3-way branches.
2	4-inch ¼-bend.	15	6x4-inch 4-way branches.
1	4-inch ½-bend.	8	6x4-inch 3-way branches.
3	36-inch sleeves.	13	4x4-inch 4-way branches.
1	24-inch sleeve.	24	4x4-inch 3-way branches.
3	20-inch sleeves.	2	4x3-inch 3-way branches.
3	16-inch sleeves.	1	36x36x24-inch "Y."
2	12-inch sleeves.	1	20x20x20-inch "Y."
6	8-inch sleeves.	1	24x20x20-inch "Y."
7	6-inch sleeves.	1	12x12x12-inch "Y."
6	4-inch sleeves.	1	24x16-inch reducer.
1	30-inch sleeve, open.	1	20x12-inch reducer.
1	24-inch sleeve, open.	2	16x12-inch reducers.
3	16-inch sleeves, open.	7	12x 6-inch reducers.
2	12-inch sleeves, open.	1	8x 6-inch reducer.
1	8-inch sleeve, open.	2	6x 4-inch reducers.
4	6-inch sleeves, open.		
5	6x6-inch sleeves, open.		
5	4-inch sleeves, open.		
1	4-inch sleeve, open (2 holes.)		
1	16x6-inch sleeve and gate, Smith patent.		
1	16x4-inch sleeve and gate, Smith patent.		

## REPORT OF CHIEF ENGINEER.

ST. PAUL WATER WORKS PUMPING STATION,  
McCARRON LAKE, Dec. 31, 1901.

*To the Board of Water Commissioners,*

GENTLEMEN: I herewith submit the seventeenth annual report of the five pumping stations.

### McCARRON LAKE STATION.

Total gallons pumped.....	1,426,620,000
Daily average gallons pumped.....	3,908,542
Total pounds of coal used.....	2,124,125
Daily average coal used.....	5,819
Daily decrease since 1900 (gallons).....	56,135

### WEST SIDE PUMPING STATION.

Total number of gallons pumped.....	17,682,660
Daily average gallons pumped.....	48,445
Total pounds of coal used.....	240,800
Daily average coal used.....	659
Daily increase since 1900 (gallons).....	4,397

### CENTERVILLE LAKE STATION.

Total number of gallons pumped.....	1,462,345,200
Daily average gallons pumped.....	15,142,410
Total cords wood used (softwood).....	328
Daily average cordwood used.....	3.4
Daily average pounds coal used.....	660

### VADNAIS LAKE PUMPING STATION.

Total gallons pumped.....	893,940,400
Daily average gallons pumped.....	5,100,470
Total pounds of coal used.....	263,300
Daily average coal used.....	2,780

Baldwin Lake station has not been in operation during the year 1901.

Respectfully submitted,

MARTIN FEIST,  
*Chief Engineer.*

## ST. PAUL WATER WORKS PUMPING STATION, CENTERVILLE LAKE.

## ENGINEER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1901.

MONTHS—1901.	Number of Hours Pumped.	Total Number of Gallons Pumped.	Daily Average Gallons Pumped.	Total Pounds of Coal Used.	Total Cord Wood Used.
August .....	526	333,727,800	15,169,445	11,250	74½
September .....	693	440,284,400	15,181,531	26,700	93
October .....	742	470,020,800	15,161,963	18,500	106
November .....	349	218,332,200	15,066,702	7,800	54½
Total .....	2,315	1,462,345,200	15,142,410	63,750	328

Total gallons pumped.....	1,462,345,200
Daily average gallons pumped.....	15,142,410
Total cords soft wood used.....	328
Daily average cords wood used.....	3.41
Daily average pounds coal used.....	660

## ST. PAUL WATER WORKS PUMPING STATION, VADNAIS LAKE.

## ENGINEER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1901.

MONTHS—1901.	Number of Hours Pumped.	Total Number of Gallons Pumped.	Daily Average Gallons Pumped.	Total Pounds of Coal Used.	Daily Average Coal Used.
July .....	216	46,481,600	5,164,622	24,300	2,700
August .....	689	146,210,800	5,041,750	76,600	2,641
September .....	671	143,695,200	5,131,971	78,000	2,785
October .....	505	106,585,600	5,075,504	65,400	2,850
November .....	147	30,967,200	5,068,504	19,000	2,923
Total .....	2,228	493,940,400	5,100,470	263,300	2,780

Total gallons pumped .....	893,940,400
Daily average gallons pumped.....	5,100,470
Total pounds of coal used.....	263,300
Daily average of coal used.....	2,780

## ST. PAUL WATER WORKS PUMPING STATION, WEST SIDE.

## ENGINEER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1901.

MONTHS—1901.	Number of Hours <sup>a</sup> Pumped.	Total Number of Gallons Pumped.	Daily Average Gallons Pumped.	Total Pounds of Coal Used.	Daily Average Coal Used.
January .....	12.35	569,520	18,371	16,500	535
February .....	12.35	559,800	19,992	15,800	565
March .....	11.35	527,400	17,012	14,800	477
April .....	105.	3,822,480	127,416	31,900	*1,063
May .....	36.35	1,491,480	48,112	19,200	619
June .....	38.45	1,596,600	53,220	20,000	666
July .....	53.25	2,206,620	71,181	23,300	751
August .....	58.25	2,438,280	78,654	24,600	793
September .....	44.5	1,826,820	60,994	21,700	723
October .....	30.7	1,076,760	34,734	17,200	554
November .....	17.55	756,000	25,200	16,700	556
December .....	19.40	810,300	26,158	19,100	610
Total .....	435.21	17,082,000	48,445	240,800	659

<sup>a</sup>Repairing and cleaning tank.

Total gallons pumped .....	17,682,660
Daily average gallons pumped .....	48,445
Total pounds of coal used .....	240,800
Daily average coal used, pounds .....	659
Daily increase since 1900 .....	4,379

## NUMBER OF CUBIC FEET OF VENTURI METER OF LOW SERVICE FROM VAD-NAIS LAKE FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1901.

MONTHS—1901.	Number of Cubic Feet.	Number of Gallons.	Daily Average Gallons.
January .....	14,392,000	107,652,160	3,472,650
February .....	12,279,000	91,846,920	3,280,247
March .....	13,309,000	99,551,320	3,211,333
April .....	14,080,000	105,318,400	3,510,613
May .....	15,198,000	113,681,040	3,667,130
June .....	15,095,000	112,910,600	3,763,686
July .....	17,614,000	131,752,720	4,250,087
August .....	18,743,600	140,197,640	4,522,504
September .....	17,869,600	133,869,560	4,462,484
October .....	16,811,000	125,746,280	4,056,331
November .....	14,035,000	104,981,000	3,499,366
December .....	19,528,000	146,069,440	4,711,917
Total .....	188,524,440	1,410,162,811	3,863,459

Daily increase since 1900, 231,594 gallons.

## ST. PAUL WATER WORKS PUMPING STATION, MCCARRON LAKE.

## ENGINEER'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDING DEC. 31, 1901.

MONTHS—1901.	Number of Hours Pumped.		Number of Gallons Pumped.			Total Gallons Pumped.	Average Gallons Pumped Per Day.	Total Pounds of Coal Used Per Month.	Average Coal Used Per Day.
	Eng. No. 1.	Eng. No. 2.	Eng. No. 1.	Eng. No. 2.	Eng. No. 3.				
January	164	27	30,014,400	3,876,000	58,286,800	101,777,200	3,283,135	180,201	5,835
February	.....	670	.....	.....	95,881,500	95,881,500	3,424,339	165,916	5,425
March	.....	733	.....	.....	100,367,400	100,367,400	3,237,335	167,824	5,413
April	.....	711	.....	.....	101,129,000	101,129,000	3,370,880	149,474	4,982
May	.....	740	.....	.....	138,037,000	138,037,000	4,452,835	189,414	6,110
June	.....	714	.....	.....	127,312,000	127,312,000	4,243,765	177,884	5,929
July	.....	643	66,731,400	3,406,800	91,577,200	161,715,400	5,216,625	205,313	6,023
August	.....	522	40,763,800	.....	108,765,700	158,519,500	5,113,532	205,503	6,029
September	.....	194	4,061,000	.....	119,834,000	123,895,000	4,129,848	174,734	5,820
October	.....	655	.....	.....	99,799,700	99,799,700	3,212,883	155,880	5,028
November	.....	720	.....	.....	100,557,800	100,557,800	3,358,503	165,506	5,514
December	.....	744	.....	.....	107,636,100	107,636,100	3,472,132	186,380	6,012
Total	615	54	100,100,600	7,282,800	1,250,176,700	1,426,620,000	3,908,542	2,124,125	5,819

Total gallons pumped..... 1,426,620,000  
 Daily average gallons pumped..... 3,908,542  
 Total pounds of coal used..... 2,124,125  
 Daily average coal used..... 5,819  
 Daily decrease since 1900, gallons..... 56,135  
 NOTE.—Coal for heating buildings, changing boilers and electric light plant is included in above statement.

MARTIN FEIST, Chief Engineer.

## ENGINEER'S REPORT.

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ST. PAUL, MINN., Jan. 1, 1902.

### WATER WORKS.

In the following a report is submitted of work done under charge of the engineering department during the year 1901, with tables and tabulation relative to the water supply and water consumption and the cost of pumping at the various stations.

### SURVEYS AND MAPS.

Considerable field work was done in determining the amount of land required to be condemned for flowage rights and maps executed therefor.

### ELECTROLYSIS.

The most important work during the season executed by the engineering department for the Board of Water Commissioners was the investigation of electrolysis. A very exhaustive examination was made, covering the entire city. The findings of this report and a map showing the data of the electrical survey will be included in the annual report of the Board of Water Commissioners. A formal notice was served upon the Street Railway Company by the Board of Water Commissioners, directing that the Street Railway Company take the proper steps looking to the adoption of some new system or to so change the existing one as to prevent any further damage to the water supply system of the city of St. Paul, and that legal proceedings against the Street Railway Company would be commenced unless the system was changed within a reasonable time, and further that the Street Railway Company would be held liable for any and all damages sustained to the water system of the city of St. Paul.

### WATER CONSUMPTION.

The usual record has been kept of the water consumption during the year on each system, the results of which are shown in table 35. The total amount of water used was 2,929,658,966 gallons, being an average of 8,026,435 gallons per day.

## UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU DATA.

Tables 36, 37 and 38 furnish data as to cloudiness, precipitation and annual rainfall, the information being obtained from the United States Weather Bureau at St. Paul. The total amount of precipitation for year was 25.75, which is about one and three-fourths inches less than the average record of yearly rainfall from 1837 to the present time.

## COST OF PUMPING.

The following tabulation shows the cost of the pumping at the various pumping stations, to-wit:

## COST OF PUMPING WATER AT THE VARIOUS PUMPING STATIONS.

## McCARRON PUMPING STATION.

	Gallons Pumped in 1901.	Pounds of Coal Consumed.	No. of Gal- lons per Pound of Coal.
Ten-million gallon engine.....	160,049,600	194,261	820.9
Six-million gallon engine.....	1,248,786,100	1,903,161	656.1
Four-million gallon engine.....	7,282,800	14,817	491.5

Totals, three engines.....	1,416,118,500	2,112,239	
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Average of three engines, gallons per pound of coal.....			670.5
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	Foot Pounds.
Average duty during the year for ten-million engine .....	93,336,000
Average duty during the year for six-million engine .....	74,335,000
Average duty during the year for four-million engine .....	55,682,000

Average duty during the year for the whole plant.....	75,952,000
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		Cost of Raising 1,000,000 Gals. One Foot.
Salaries for 1901.....	\$5,760.00	\$0.029909
Fuel .....	4,455.52	0.023132
Waste, oil, repairs, etc.....	529.72	0.002700
Totals .....	\$10,745.24	\$0.055790

## WEST ST. PAUL PUMPING STATION.

Amount of water pumped during 1901, gallons.....	17,687,340
Average rate of pumping in twenty-four hours, gallons.....	48,457
Amount of fuel consumed, pounds.....	240,800

Average duty during the year, foot-pounds.....	12,372,000
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		Cost of Raising 1,000,000 Gals. One Foot.
Salaries for 1901.....	\$1,380.00	\$0.37330
Fuel .....	537.57	0.14542
Waste, oil, repairs.....	98.78	0.02670
Totals .....	\$2,016.35	\$0.54546

## VADNAIS LAKE PUMPING STATION.

Amount of water pumped during 1901, gallons.....	427,224,400
Amount of fuel consumed, pounds.....	268,300
Average duty during the year, foot-pounds.....	56,607,000

		Cost of Raising 1,000,000 Gals. One Foot.
Salaries for 1901.....	\$818.00	\$0.049077
Fuel .....	641.48	0.030850
Waste, oil and repairs.....	76.81	0.004610
Totals .....	\$1,536.29	\$0.092204

## CENTERVILLE PUMPING STATION.

Amount of water pumped during 1901, gallons.....	1,461,249,200
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		Cost of Raising 1,000,000 Gals. One Foot.
Salaries for 1901.....	\$1,002.50	\$0.01460
Fuel .....	758.74	0.01104
Waste, oil and repairs.....	90.80	0.00132
Totals .....	\$1,852.04	\$0.02690

## McCARRON LAKE PUMPING STATION.

## ECONOMIC EVAPORATION.

Feed water evaporated, cubic feet.....	253,208
Average temperature of feed.....	113°
Weight of one cubic foot, pounds.....	61.85
Total weight of feed water, pounds.....	15,660,914
Average steam pressure, pounds.....	94
Coal consumed, pounds.....	2,112,239
Total combustible, pounds.....	1,914,784

$$\text{Actual Evaporation per pound of coal} = \frac{15,660,914}{2,112,239} = 7.41 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$\text{Equivalent evaporation from and } \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{at } 212^{\circ} \text{ per pound of coal} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{15,660,914 \times 1.1418}{2,112,239} = 8,418 \text{ lbs.}$$

$$\text{Equivalent evaporation from and } \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{at } 212^{\circ} \text{ per pound of combustible} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{15,660,914 \times 1.1418}{1,914,784} = 9,338 \text{ lbs.}$$



TABLE NO. 35A.  
SHOWING WATER CONSUMED IN THE CITY OF ST. PAUL FOR THE YEAR 1901.

MONTH.	SOURCES OF SUPPLY.						TOTAL SUPPLY.	
	From Vadnaia Lake.		From Artesian Wells.		From Lake Phalen.		Total Daily Average.	Total Supply.
	Total.	Daily Average.	Total.	Daily Average.	Total.	Daily Average.		
January.....	209,436,830	6,756,000	.....	.....	13,700,000	409,700	7,197,986	223,136,830
February.....	188,114,073	6,718,359	.....	.....	10,965,570	391,620	7,109,967	199,079,643
March.....	199,646,329	6,440,204	.....	.....	8,503,001	276,345	6,716,550	208,213,020
April.....	205,880,002	6,962,667	.....	.....	8,803,074	283,970	7,156,108	214,683,076
May.....	251,798,328	8,122,526	.....	.....	9,444,903	304,674	8,427,201	261,243,281
June.....	289,127,900	7,970,980	.....	.....	8,538,420	284,647	8,265,544	247,606,320
July.....	251,549,087	7,963,901	41,813,440	4,645,938	7,229,327	238,204	9,696,511	300,561,854
August.....	166,743,820	5,378,964	131,757,120	4,250,142	5,342,964	172,363	9,801,577	303,848,904
September.....	128,043,370	4,298,112	129,865,920	4,310,980	6,271,067	209,055	8,807,031	264,210,957
October.....	129,462,764	4,176,218	95,387,440	3,043,144	7,327,916	234,384	7,505,740	282,078,120
November.....	178,191,905	5,989,700	27,870,480	3,061,498	5,404,975	189,849	7,051,862	211,536,400
December.....	253,715,674	8,194,877	.....	.....	9,084,877	291,447	8,475,824	262,750,551
Totals.....	2,401,714,182	6,580,089	427,324,400	3,955,731	100,720,364	275,946	8,028,495	2,929,658,966

TABLE NO. 35.  
SHOWING DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL WATER SUPPLY FOR HIGH AND LOW SERVICE FOR THE YEAR 1901.

MONTH.	HIGH SERVICE.		LOW SERVICE (Which includes Phalen and West St. Paul).		WEST ST. PAUL, HIGH SERVICE.		Total Consumption.
	Total for the Month.	Daily Average.	Total for the Month.	Daily Average.	Total for the Month.	Daily Average.	
January.....	101,777,300	3,283,139	120,790,110	3,900,035	548,520	18,371	228,186,830
February.....	98,253,300	3,457,618	102,306,543	3,452,376	559,800	19,962	199,079,643
March.....	100,357,400	3,297,385	107,328,220	3,462,300	527,400	17,012	208,213,020
April.....	100,029,100	3,354,363	110,231,496	3,574,383	3,822,480	127,416	214,689,076
May.....	138,106,400	4,455,142	121,642,351	3,923,946	1,491,480	48,112	261,245,231
June.....	126,740,900	4,224,666	119,328,640	3,977,021	1,566,780	53,228	247,666,320
July.....	161,601,000	5,212,985	136,738,514	4,412,371	2,307,940	71,305	300,591,954
August.....	158,306,500	5,106,733	143,101,944	4,616,159	2,438,460	78,660	303,848,904
September.....	124,088,000	4,134,600	138,342,537	4,011,418	1,880,420	61,014	264,210,967
October.....	96,565,200	3,212,748	133,006,100	4,258,393	1,076,760	34,734	232,678,120
November.....	101,073,400	3,389,080	109,728,000	3,657,002	756,000	25,360	211,556,400
December.....	107,638,100	3,472,132	154,303,551	4,977,534	810,900	26,158	262,750,551
Total.....	1,416,118,500	3,879,776	124,154,427	4,088,227	17,687,940	48,457	2,929,658,966

TABLE NO. 36.

CLOUDINESS, PRECIPITATION, ETC., ST. PAUL, MINN.

MONTH.	Number of Days.			Mean Cloudiness, on a Scale of "0" to "10," "0" Cloudless, "10" Entirely Cloudy.	Mean Relative Humidity.	No. of Days with 0.01 Inch or More of Precipitation.	Total Precipitation, Inches and Hundredths.	Mississippi River Stages of Water in Feet and Tenths.			
	Clear.	Partly Cloudy.	Cloudy.					Highest.	Date.	Lowest.	Date.
January.....	13	7	11	5.4	83	6	.37	.....	.....	.....	.....
February.....	13	11	4	3.8	82	4	.40	.....	11	.....	.....
March.....	7	9	15	6.5	81	14	2.52	5.8	20	5.2	29
Abril.....	9	13	8	5.5	81	5	1.14	7.5	12	5.4	1
May.....	13	10	8	4.5	80	7	1.64	7.3	9	5.1	31
*June.....	6	20	4	5.2	86	15	7.21	6.2	30	.4	18
July.....	10	19	2	4.5	85	8	2.30	7.2	11	3.9	30
August.....	16	12	3	3.9	74	8	2.08	3.8	1	2.3	13
September.....	10	9	11	5.5	72	14	5.04	2.7	3	2.0	22
October.....	15	9	7	4.4	69	9	.91	3.1	16	2.4	7
November.....	14	7	9	4.5	73	5	1.60	2.8	3	1.3	25
December.....	8	8	15	6.2	83	11	.54	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sums.....	134	134	97	59.9	874	106	25.75	.....	..	.....	.....
Means.....	.....	.....	.....	5.0	72.8	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....

\*REMARKS.—From Weather Bureau records.

1

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total

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.02

.72

.19

.17

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.24

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1.62

1.34

1.54

1.22

1.75

7.524



TABLE NO. 38.

RECORD OF THE MONTHLY AND ANNUAL RAINFALL (IN INCHES), FROM  
1887 TO 1901, INCLUSIVE, ST. PAUL, MINN.

YEAR.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total for Year.
1887	.27	.35	.33	.95	2.65	3.46	2.78	1.32	5.10	3.15	1.37	2.34	24.02
1888	.65	.76	.15	2.41	3.05	4.76	11.11	3.08	.71	.16	.43	.45	27.72
1889	1.34	.96	.71	2.71	3.28	1.80	3.50	1.04	1.61	2.11	1.66	1.01	21.19
1890	.49	.49	.65	1.55	2.31	3.50	2.89	3.40	2.33	2.21	3.22	.13	23.17
1891	.24	.21	1.43	1.40	1.50	4.24	1.57	1.17	6.10	1.55	.84	1.42	21.67
1892	.95	.72	.44	2.17	1.68	3.73	1.78	4.81	4.83	2.11	3.46	.60	27.28
1893	1.15	1.46	.82	.75	3.12	5.22	2.09	1.84	5.14	.50	1.43	.27	23.79
1894	1.50	.72	.97	5.16	4.50	1.64	4.80	4.37	4.26	.97	.77	.38	30.24
1895	.49	1.40	2.80	3.15	1.51	6.80	2.56	3.28	2.21	.66	.40	.08	25.34
1896	.52	.03	1.71	2.90	2.00	3.10	4.95	3.80	2.33	2.45	2.10	.21	26.10
1897	.29	.11	.44	.45	4.96	2.66	3.66	2.49	4.00	.37	1.71	.66	21.80
1898	.62	1.13	1.71	.18	5.28	2.83	4.90	3.19	2.46	.68	.10	.40	23.18
1899	1.00	.61	4.11	5.62	6.57	3.14	7.59	9.60	2.75	5.35	1.40	1.95	49.69
1900	1.67	.83	2.23	2.60	.57	4.62	6.15	2.97	1.82	.32	1.68	.04	25.50
1901	.20	.13	1.23	2.68	3.96	2.15	2.60	3.29	3.64	1.18	2.31	.05	23.42
1887	1.09	.58	1.55	2.16	2.05	5.16	1.57	.89	2.51	4.10	1.92	2.27	25.85
1888	.01	.02	.73	4.08	7.59	1.65	2.57	2.14	.01	.56	1.11	.20	47.47
1889	.72	.03	1.08	2.51	4.30	3.31	3.92	1.75	6.55	1.23	.60	.64	26.59
1890	1.67	.41	1.84	.28	1.23	2.38	1.32	4.41	6.26	.90	2.38	1.67	24.75
1891	.89	.18	.22	4.47	1.62	.76	2.47	1.09	3.24	3.97	1.70	2.01	22.62
1892	3.48	.94	.79	4.25	2.05	6.74	.65	2.03	2.46	0.00	5.75	2.95	32.09
1893	.50	.50	3.33	1.70	4.95	5.49	2.95	2.72	3.95	.46	2.01	.75	29.31
1894	.14	1.15	1.04	2.92	6.85	5.00	1.76	.88	4.72	4.64	.52	.41	30.03
1895	.55	1.94	.15	2.50	6.36	4.86	2.69	2.97	2.67	2.80	2.54	1.10	30.13
1896	1.35	.59	.95	2.67	1.35	2.66	10.15	4.58	2.89	1.06	.59	.87	30.21
1897	1.12	.93	1.97	.80	2.87	.02	.63	3.19	1.23	1.44	.29	1.30	15.79
1898	.38	.12	1.28	.56	.47	1.62	4.00	2.00	1.14	1.60	1.00	.71	14.85
1899	.65	1.85	2.10	4.29	4.20	6.72	2.55	9.16	1.90	2.30	.23	2.19	38.14
1900	2.00	.30	1.32	2.26	.39	6.00	2.30	4.73	2.26	2.64	3.19	.50	27.89
1901	.97	1.12	1.00	2.93	4.45	9.55	2.83	2.32	5.71	1.01	.58	.66	33.13
1887	1.71	1.51	1.22	1.31	3.96	2.68	4.05	3.08	2.88	4.56	3.69	.58	31.23
1888	.42	2.83	.96	.56	2.34	2.22	1.67	7.62	10.61	.88	.75	.96	31.82
1889	1.34	.60	2.10	1.39	5.24	.79	3.13	8.56	3.28	1.95	1.40	.90	30.08
1890	1.61	.41	2.06	4.25	2.70	6.56	1.48	4.87	2.18	1.90	1.41	1.20	30.63
1891	.28	.26	1.64	1.69	5.71	3.81	4.23	3.52	5.62	.52	1.91	2.08	31.27
1892	1.31	1.54	1.34	2.44	4.63	7.74	3.83	4.61	2.56	2.57	.79	.38	33.74
1893	.49	1.07	2.24	.95	1.65	11.67	1.94	3.90	5.76	3.22	1.90	.72	35.51
1894	1.41	1.72	2.19	2.27	3.06	4.33	.82	8.74	2.16	1.56	.84	1.56	30.66
1895	.73	.66	1.43	2.23	3.15	2.02	2.73	5.28	2.99	1.27	.93	.25	23.67
1896	.55	.01	1.57	1.92	5.43	7.13	.52	2.83	2.56	3.62	1.24	1.42	28.80
1897	1.00	.67	1.24	2.43	2.33	3.58	4.47	1.43	2.13	1.85	.61	1.04	22.78
1898	.11	1.12	.97	.45	7.18	1.76	9.32	2.78	2.26	2.56	1.41	2.47	32.39
1899	.81	.97	2.90	1.58	2.63	5.55	2.75	3.63	1.74	2.18	2.93	2.69	29.76
1900	4.34	2.55	1.06	.47	4.34	2.87	2.60	4.55	9.95	4.44	1.36	.53	39.06
1901	.67	2.35	3.25	1.61	2.44	2.08	2.84	2.45	.27	1.99	1.61	.98	23.14
1887	.64	.44	.06	4.92	2.12	7.04	4.33	1.22	2.23	1.10	1.01	1.59	26.70
1888	.48	1.27	1.34	2.00	2.09	3.57	2.93	2.89	4.48	2.43	.65	1.98	26.11
1889	.30	.20	.55	3.19	2.12	3.73	5.86	3.69	3.52	.98	.60	.64	25.33
1890	1.76	.25	1.09	3.67	.82	8.63	1.44	2.27	3.69	.72	2.07	1.48	22.89
1891	1.79	.89	.33	3.14	1.60	2.89	3.89	3.37	4.35	1.48	.65	1.47	25.85
1892	.72	.64	1.11	5.14	4.75	1.95	5.55	2.23	1.70	1.10	.34	.63	25.86
1893	.55	.30	.99	1.14	2.86	1.61	3.08	3.56	.51	2.06	.97	1.32	16.96
1894	.95	.50	1.11	1.80	3.66	5.29	1.87	2.30	2.73	2.79	.38	.10	23.38
1895	1.01	1.18	.94	1.71	1.93	4.08	2.07	3.42	.58	1.57	1.03	2.87	21.79
1896	.20	1.44	.75	.97	5.17	7.50	9.04	3.66	1.72	1.39	.36	.53	32.73
1897	.73	1.87	1.96	5.30	2.66	2.00	1.68	2.40	2.70	1.49	.81	2.35	25.95
1898	1.04	.10	3.23	4.30	6.63	1.51	.13	.36	1.82	4.49	.61	1.53	25.80
1899	1.05	.42	.85	2.09	2.89	4.18	4.12	2.59	4.75	.09	.85	.38	24.26
1900	.81	.17	2.93	5.63	4.67	3.30	1.12	4.48	2.45	3.39	5.07	.71	34.73
1901	2.13	1.08	2.95	1.56	1.81	8.18	6.35	2.18	1.33	1.87	.93	.20	30.52
1887	.04	1.69	1.06	1.22	3.40	2.71	1.94	3.93	.90	5.81	1.59	.15	25.34
1888	.87	.95	2.87	1.35	3.50	7.23	1.51	2.80	1.21	3.00	.81	1.35	27.54
1889	.66	.73	1.48	1.80	.34	1.98	5.81	3.13	9.39	7.55	.88	.47	34.22
1900	.37	.40	2.52	1.14	1.64	7.21	2.30	2.08	5.04	.91	1.60	.54	25.75
Average	.933	.821	1.450	2.301	3.202	4.163	3.360	3.363	3.290	2.019	1.570	1.046	27.524

Average annual rainfall from 1887 to 1901, inclusive, 27.524 inches.

Respectfully submitted,

O. CLAUSSEN,

Commr. of Pub. Works.

## REPORT OF INSPECTOR OF METERS.

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ST. PAUL, Jan. 2, 1902.

*John Caulfield, Secretary Board Water Commissioners,*

DEAR SIR: I herewith submit a report of the number of meters received during the year, the number set, the number now in service, the net increase in six years, and the average yearly increase. Also the number of new meters on hand this date, the number from vacant premises, also private meters in shop, the number of meters tested during the year, the number of meters repaired and the kind of repairs made, along with the different parts of meters on hand and the customary inventory.

Number of 5/8-inch meters received during the year.....	800
Number of 1-inch meters received during the year.....	18
Number of 1½-inch meters received during the year.....	27
Number of 2-inch meters received during the year.....	2
<hr/>	
Total number of meters received.....	848
Number of meters set during the year.....	781
Total number of meters now in service.....	5,593
Increase Jan. 1, 1895, to Jan. 1, 1902.....	4,284
Average yearly increase.....	714
New meters on hand.....	148
Meters in shop from vacant premises.....	93
Private meters in shop.....	2
<hr/>	
Grand total of all meters in shop.....	243
Number of meters repaired during the year without bringing to shop .....	632
Number of new meters tested during the year.....	818
Number of old meters tested during the year.....	14
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Total of all meters tested during the year.....	832

**METERS REPAIRED DURING THE YEAR AND THE KIND OF RE-  
PAIRS MADE.**

Stopped from accumulation of rust or mud.....	102
Broken or defective intermediate gears or piston.....	68
Broken or defective dial gears.....	127
Injured by frost.....	13
Injured by hot water.....	15
Worn out .....	3
Removed on account of noisy action.....	3
Examined for accuracy after long use.....	14
Discs broken or worn out.....	15
Exchanged for meters of same size.....	22
Exchanged for meters of larger size.....	30
Removed on account of changing pipes.....	1
Stopped and needed refitting of piston or discs.....	2
Leaky stuffing boxes.....	92
Removed on account of vacation of premises.....	126
<hr/>	
Grand total of all repairs.....	632

**GEORGE DOORLEY,**

Inspector of Meters.



## REPORT OF CITY TREASURER.

### (CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE.)

#### WATER DEPARTMENT FUND.

Balance Jan. 1, 1901.....		\$20,084.03
Receipts, 1901 .....		301,938.50
Disbursements, 1901 .....	\$305,217.14	
Balance Jan. 1, 1902.....	16,805.39	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$322,022.53	\$322,022.53

#### WATER BOARD SINKING FUND.

Balance Jan. 1, 1901.....		\$30,439.11
Receipts, 1901 .....		102,777.39
Disbursements, 1901 .....	\$129,247.98	
Balance Jan. 1, 1902.....	3,968.52	
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	\$133,216.50	\$133,216.50

**REPORT**

**UPON**

**ELECTROLYSIS**

**IN THE**

**CITY OF ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA.**

**ALSO**

**ACTION OF THE BOARD OF WATER**

**COMMISSIONERS**

**AND**

**OPINIONS OF THE CORPORATION ATTORNEY**

**RELATING TO SAME.**

**NOV. 9, 1901.**

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**ST. PAUL, MINN.:  
THE PIONEER PRESS COMPANY,  
1902.**



**PROCEEDINGS**  
**OF**  
**BOARD OF**  
**WATER COMMISSIONERS**

**AT A**

**MEETING HELD DEC. 23, 1901.**

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On motion, duly seconded, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

By J. M. Carlson:

*"Resolved*, That the secretary be directed to have published in the report of the investigations made by the committee appointed by the board on April 27, 1899, for the purpose of ascertaining to what extent said mains and pipe were affected by electrolytic action, all of the proceedings of the board in the past relating to this subject and the opinions of the corporation attorney on same."

**RESOLUTION OF BOARD SEPT. 25, 1893.**

By Thomas Grace:

*"WHEREAS*, It is ascertained that the Twin City Rapid Transit Company have, without authority, connected the return ground wire with the water mains and fire hydrants of this department,

*"Be it resolved*, That the secretary be instructed to request the aforesaid street railway company to furnish this board forthwith with a list of all such connections and their exact locations, and, also, as near as may be, the date when such connections were made, for the information, guidance and future action of this board.

*"And if this request is not immediately attended to and correct information given, that the corporation attorney be instructed to take proceedings immediately, under section 18 of 'An act to amend and consolidate an act to authorize the city of St. Paul to purchase*

the franchises and property of the St. Paul Water Company and creating the Board of Water Commissioners, approved Feb. 10, 1887, and the act amendatory thereof, approved the 25th day of January, 1883, and again amended March 4, 1883."

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 27, 1893.

*Frank S. Hoskins, Supt. Twin City R. T. Co.,*

DEAR SIR: You are hereby requested to forward to this department, at your *earliest possible convenience*, the information requested in the following resolution, which was unanimously adopted at a meeting of the Board of Water Commissioners held on the 25th inst., and oblige,

Yours respectfully,  
JOHN CAULFIELD,  
*Secretary.*

ST. PAUL, MINN., Sept. 29, 1893.

*Mr. John Caulfield, Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, City,*

DEAR SIR: Replying to yours of September 27th, I find that at the present time we have no ground wire connections with the city water mains. That a short time ago, the exact date I am unable to give, we made a connection from our track feeder to the water pipes at Selby and Milton streets. This has since been disconnected.

In making the connections at Selby and Milton streets we supposed it was with the knowledge and consent of the Board of Water Commissioners, and I was only notified a few days ago to the contrary by the superintendent of the water works. We will not in the future make such ground wire connections with the water mains, as per your instructions.

Yours truly,  
F. S. HOSKINS,  
*Superintendent.*

*From record of board meeting April 26, 1899.*

"A communication was received from the general manager of the Rapid Transit Company with reference to the sub-station which they are constructing at the corner of Dale street and Aurora avenue, stating that their object in putting in a large iron water connection was to prevent electrolysis. This communication was in reply to a letter of the secretary stating that he was informed that the object of this pipe was to act as a return conductor through the

water mains. This matter was referred to a committee, consisting of the engineer and superintendent, to investigate and report what, if any, action is necessary to prevent injury to the water system."

*From record of board meeting May 31, 1899.*

"The secretary was directed to request the superintendent and city engineer to report as early as possible on the request of the board of April 26, 1899, in the matter of electrolysis."

*From record of board meeting October 31, 1899.*

"The secretary submitted correspondence from the Twin City Rapid Transit Company in the matter of connecting wires with the water service in its power house, No. 462 N. Dale street. The action of the secretary in ordering the wires disconnected was approved, and the Rapid Transit Company to be notified of its action."

ST. PAUL, MINN., Oct. 5, 1899.

*Dore S. Smith, Esq., Supt. T. C. R. T. Co., City,*

DEAR SIR: Your attention is respectfully called to the following report submitted to me this day by our meter inspector, with reference to your having connected the electric wires to the water service:

"ST. PAUL, Oct. 5, 1899.

*"John Caulfield, Secy. Board Water Commissioners,*

"DEAR SIR: When about to set the water meter on the 2-inch water supply to the Twin City Rapid Transit Company's house, No. 462 Dale street, application 9314, it was discovered that one of the electric wires was attached to the water supply to the building. The man in charge informed your men that he would disconnect the wire while the meter was being set. Now, what the object in having the wire connected to the water pipe is I cannot say, but I do say that this city is almost free from electrolysis on the water mains, and, should this wire be connected as it was, electrolysis is bound to ensue at some point or other in the neighborhood of this electric house. It may not occur for some time, but when it does the effect will be such that will surprise the best informed electrical engineers, as was the case in Kansas City, which has at the present time a number of miles of street mains in danger of going up at almost any minute, according to the report of ex-

## REPORT ON ELECTROLYSIS.

perts who made an examination of the street mains of that city —  
The connection of that wire with the water mains of this city should  
not be tolerated.

GEO. DOORLEY,  
*Inspector."*

Connections of this kind are positively prohibited, and I desire  
to have the wires disconnected at once. We have had a similar  
case in the Dispatch building, in which the meter was so charged  
that we could not disconnect it. After some controversy, we or—  
dered the wires disconnected, which was done.

Very truly yours,

JOHN CAULFIELD,  
*Secretary.*

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., Oct. 25, 1899.

*John Caulfield, Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, St. Paul,*  
*Minn.,*

DEAR SIR: Relative to the situation of our Dale street station :  
I have tried two or three times to see you. At the time of our last  
talk you suggested that I see Mr. Claussen. It is his opinion that  
the plan which we have adopted at this point is the proper course  
to pursue; and from this I assume that he would not recommend  
disconnecting your pipes.

If you wish to make any personal inspection, or desire any tests  
made, or if there is anything further in the way of information which  
you desire, if you will kindly communicate with me, I will arrange  
for the same at an early date.

Yours truly,

WILLARD J. HEILD,  
*General Manager.*

Board meeting Oct. 31, 1899.

Action of secretary approved and electric wire to be disconnected.

JOHN CAULFIELD,  
*Secretary.*

*From record of board meeting October 9, 1900.*

"A communication was received from John Lindquist, superintendent, to the effect that the City Railway Company had connected their electric wires with the iron stop-boxes at No. 56 and No. 58 East Fifth street and that the damage was done to said stops by electrolysis having melted away the largest portion of soldering and brass, and that the expense of same was \$18.57.

"A communication was received from George Doorley, meter inspector, stating that the City Railway Company has an electric wire connected with the 2-inch service at the transforming house, No. 462 Dale street, register 3976. Also, that at the Hill street power house the pipes are charged with electricity and one of the water works employes received a shock while connecting up the temporary supply on July 5th. He also reported that the Northwestern Telephone Company has an electric ground wire connection attached to the water pipe at No. 623 Laurel avenue.

"At the suggestion of A. J. Stobbart, assistant corporation attorney, the secretary was directed to send the bill for repairing pipes to the St. Paul City Railway Company, and the communications to the corporation attorney, so that an examination and report could be made as to the authority of these companies to make connections with water pipes and to suggest some remedy for same."

*From record of board meeting November 22, 1900.*

"A report was presented by A. J. Stobbart, assistant corporation attorney, upon the request of the board, at a meeting held on October 9th, as to the authority of the City Railway Company and other companies to make electric connections with water pipes. Received and placed on file and the secretary directed to serve formal notice on the various companies using water pipes for return currents, requiring them to disconnect any wires that are now connected and forbidding them to make any connections in the future."

#### REPORT OF A. J. STOBART, ASSISTANT CORPORATION ATTORNEY.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 19, 1900.

*Mr. John Caulfield, Secretary Board of Water Commissioners, St. Paul, Minnesota,*

DEAR SIR: I am in receipt of your letter of October 10, 1900, with accompanying letter copies and documents relating to the



destruction and injury to water mains and supply pipes by electrolysis, and requesting therein an opinion as to the authority under which the railway or other companies make connections with the water system, whereby injury from this cause is sustained, and also as to the general rights of the Board of Water Commissioners to prevent the making of connections above referred to in the future, and also to compel the adoption of such a system or systems by the companies whose plants are the cause of the injury as will prevent this destructive element.

The request above referred to can be divided into two questions, viz.: First—By what authority these companies make such connections, and to suggest some remedy therefor; and, second—What should be done by the Board of Water Commissioners looking to the prevention of this electrolytic action upon the mains and supply pipes.

In answer to the first query, I beg to advise you that these companies have absolutely no right to connect any part of their plant or plants used, with any of the mains, supply pipes or equipment of the water department, and it is doubtful whether your honorable board even has the right to grant permission to them so to do, in view of its knowledge of the effect of electrolysis. As to the prevention of such connections, I would advise that your board notify each of the offending companies to immediately discontinue any connections so made, and to desist from making any such in the future, and in case said demand is not strictly complied with, that then the board will be compelled to resort to legal resources to fully and substantially protect its rights. There is absolutely no question as to the legal rights of your board hereunder, and in view of the probable dangerous results attending such connections, it would be fully justified in adopting the measures suggested.

As to the second query, it involves some grave questions, and merits a very thorough investigation, both from a practical and legal standpoint. I have examined with considerable care the numerous pamphlets and correspondence submitted, and from my investigation I assume that, while some of the trouble may be caused from telephone and electric lighting plants, the most serious difficulty is brought about by the street car system. I take it that in the single trolley system, which is in operation in this city, the power used to operate the motors under the cars is conveyed to

them by a single overhead trolley wire and a single arm or pole attached to the car and carrying a contact wheel, which runs along and presses up underneath the trolley wire. The current passes down the pole or arm to the switch apparatus on board the car, through the motors, thence to the wheels and to the tracks. It then passes back to the station along the iron rails of the track, interlaced together by conducting wires, and firmly connected by a conducting wire with the negative pole of dynamo, the greater portion of the current flowing along this line of the track as the return current. That the current traverses the rail until it reaches a point of less resistance when it leaks into the latter and travels therein to the next point of less resistance. That the water mains and supply pipes of your board offer less resistance than the rail, and they therefore become the medium of return, but that no apparent damage results at the point of entrance; that where the moist earth surrounding said mains and pipes offers less positive resistance than the mains or pipes, the tendency then exists for the current to flow from them into the earth, and at such point electrolysis is produced. That the extent of corrosion through electrolysis depends largely upon the nature of the soil surrounding the pipes, and is, of course, affected by the amount of current then flowing, but the authorities seem to be agreed that the danger exists in some degree. It is also indicated that the passage of the current through the mains or pipes causes internal corrosion, although in a less degree than at the point where the current leaves the same, and that the results of electrolysis on wrought iron and lead pipes are more pronounced than in cast iron pipes. Some of the authorities submitted intimate that a great deal of the trouble could be overcome if the connections between the rail ends, which are called "bonds," could be kept perfect and were of the latest improved design, but this claim is controverted by the statement that even cast-welded rails feed heavily into the water mains in some cities.

It would seem, however, that the danger can be overcome only by the adoption of the so-called double trolley system, by which two trolley wheels are used in connection with two wires. The current passes from one wire, through one trolley and into the motor, from which, instead of passing into the wheels, it passes through the other trolley into the other wire and back to the generator.

There can be no doubt about the legal liability of the company for any damages done by its electric current, but a prevention of any damage is the thing desired, and particularly in view of the fact that the water mains and supply pipes of your board are not susceptible of frequent examination, and the importance of a constant and full supply of water to the inhabitants of this city is greater than the necessity for a street car service.

It is my opinion, therefore, that your board should cause an immediate investigation to be made of this matter, including a complete electrical survey of the mains and supply pipes of the city's water system, and to secure such facts relative to damage already sustained from this cause as it can, and also ascertain what changes should be made in the present system of the street car company to prevent the difficulties complained of, and thereafter to serve a formal demand on the street car company to make the necessary changes, and in case said company fails, within a reasonable time, to perfect such changes, then to submit the matter to this department, with the request that such necessary legal steps should be taken in order that the property of the water department may be fully protected.

Very respectfully,

ARTHUR J. STOBART,  
*Asst. Corporation Attorney.*

On May 7, 1900, a voltmeter was purchased registering to 50 volts.

*From record of board meeting December 31, 1900.*

By R. B. C. Bement:

"*Resolved*, That a test for electrolysis be made in addition to lines upon same streets as pipes and rails are laid, not less than one-fourth mile from street railway tracks, and that, in the opinion of the board, it is expedient to procure a dead-beat voltmeter, reading on the high scale to not less than 100 volts and on the low scale to 20 volts, equipped with switch changing from high to low meter and changing poles.

"For reason of this, attention is called to tests made in other cities, and it is our desire to make thorough and complete tests, to the end that the water mains shall be protected."

On February 22, 1901, a 100-volt meter was purchased from Weston Electric Instrument Company.

*From record of board meeting May 31, 1901.*

"Assistant Corporation Attorney Stobbart called the attention of the board to a recent report filed by Special Master in Chancery Frank L. Wean to Judge Grosscup of the United States Circuit Court in the noted Peoria Electrolysis case of the Peoria Water Company against the Central and the Peoria and Prospect Heights Railway companies, which was published in the *Dispatch* May 30th. After some discussion, it was moved and seconded that the secretary be directed to notify the committee, consisting of the city engineer and superintendent, which was appointed by the board on April 26, 1899, to investigate this subject, to submit a report to the board at a meeting not later than June 30, 1901."

*From record of board meeting November 11, 1901.*

"The city engineer submitted a report upon the investigation which he has had on the action of electrolysis on water pipes by the street railway's system, which was referred by the board to a committee consisting of the superintendent and city engineer, at a meeting held on April 26, 1899. The same was accompanied by a map showing the whole pipe system and photographs of injured pipes. The report was referred to the corporation attorney."

## REPORT OF OSCAR CLAUSSEN, CITY ENGINEER.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 9, 1901.

*To the Board of Water Commissioners, City of St. Paul, Minn.,*

GENTLEMEN: As you have been well aware, I have had under way for some time an investigation of the effects of electrolysis on the water piping system of this city, which, now that it is completed, will put your honorable board in possession of facts that are of great interest not only to you but to every citizen of the city of St. Paul. Inasmuch as this investigation has received considerable of my personal time and attention, it has taken some time to gather together all the data, but the report that I submit herewith is quite exhaustive and establishes beyond doubt the fact that electrolysis, or, in other words, decay of water pipes, from the effects of stray electric street railway currents, exists in all parts of the city of St. Paul.

In order to arrive at the proper data, an electrical survey was made of the entire city, consisting of electrical measurement tests principally voltmeter tests, along about forty-three miles of double and fifteen miles of single track operated by the Twin City Electric Street Railway Company on the single trolley system, also the water piping of a number of streets running parallel to and under right angles to the different street railway lines. Excavations were made at various points throughout the city for the purpose of examining the physical condition of the water pipes, and samples of the portions of the pipe and the earth surrounding same were subjected to chemical analysis. As much of the above data as possible were platted on a large map, scale 1,000 feet to the inch, which map accompanies this report and is made a part thereof. The map will explain itself, as a key to the various data of interest is given on the upper right hand side of the map. The chemical analyses were all made by Prof. George Weitbrecht, and his report to me is made a part of this report and hereto attached. The several measurements were made by my assistant, Mr. Edmondstone, who was in general charge of the investigation, acting under my instructions. I desire to thank your honorable board, your secretary, Mr. Caulfield, and your superintendent, Mr. Lindquist, for the liberal support and assistance that were rendered my department in carrying on the investigation and I hope the report submitted may be of some practical value.

As you are aware, and a glance on the map will show, the city is traversed in all directions by street railway lines which are operated by one company, viz., the Twin City Rapid Transit Company. This company derives the power for propelling its cars from water power located at Minneapolis, from where the current is transmitted, under a pressure of 12,000 volts, to two substations in St. Paul, one located at the corner of Dale and University and one located on Hill street near Eagle street, close to the Mississippi river. The alternating current, received under high pressure at these two substations, is then transferred by means of rotary transformers into a low pressure direct current, suitable to send out throughout the city on overhead lines to supply the electrical energy used up by the direct current motors propelling the cars. The electrical current that leaves the pole of the dynamo, or rotary transformer in

our case, after passing through the motor, returns by law of nature to the negative pole of the rotary transformer. The same amount of current that leaves the station returns to the same, the current is not used or destroyed. It does work in connection with the voltage only, and it is only the voltage or electrical pressure that is eaten up when work is performed by the combined agency or voltage current. The full amount of current, after leaving the motors, goes through the car axle and car wheels to the rails, and from there back to the power station. The current in traveling back to the power house will leave the rails at any point or moment and enter other available conductors, the current being divided up, depending upon the relative conductivity of the various paths offered. Once the current leaves the car wheels, the paths over which the current may travel are many, the rails, the natural ground, water piping, gas piping or any other conductor that may be in the street not insulated. Water piping generally being of large dimensions and a good conductor, and therefore offering little resistance, makes a very available path for the current to travel on, especially if the rail at that point is of small cross-section and poorly bonded. The current, when leaving the rails and entering the water pipe conductor, will do no harm, but when leaving the water pipe, either going back to the rail or entering some other conductor, it will develop electrolysis—that is, it will decompose the pipe at that point by freeing the iron. Inasmuch as Professor Weitbrecht has fully explained the action of the current on the pipe, known as electrolysis, I will not go into this matter in detail, but refer you to his report, hereto attached.

Whenever it is shown by voltmeter tests that a difference of potential or electrical pressure exists between the rail and the water pipe, a current is known to be set up between the two. If this current leaves the pipe for the rail, the pipe is positive to the rail and the rail negative to the pipe. If the current leaves the rail for the pipe, the rail is positive to the pipe and the pipe negative to the rail. On the map, all voltmeter readings indicating that the pipe was positive to the rail were marked in red ink, all others where the rail was positive to the pipe in black figures. Wherever you see red figures, therefore, on the maps, current is leaving the pipe and the conditions for electrolysis are fulfilled. There are, however,

other places in the various pipe lines where electrolysis exists, and that is at the joints. When an electrical current travels along a pipe line it will find considerably more resistance to its passage at the joints than at any other point, on account of the imperfect contact between the spigot and the bell end of the pipe. Depending on the amount of this resistance, either part or all of the current will leave the pipe, seeking its path through the surrounding soil and re-enter the next pipe length, thus creating electrolysis at the point where it leaves the pipe. Inasmuch as a certain amount of electrical current is set up at all places where voltmeter readings are indicated on the map, electrolysis must be anticipated at all these points, primarily and distinctly at all such points where red figures are displayed or where the pipes are positive to the rails, but also in some degree at all such points where black figures are displayed or where the rails are positive to the pipe, and where a current is thus shown to flow along the pipe line injuring the pipe line at the joints. Under these conditions electrolysis will therefore exist over a very large territory of the water piping system, the size of which is easily observed by a study of the map. As will be observed, some extremely high volt-meter readings were ascertained. At some places on the outskirts near the end of some lines voltmeter readings were had as high as from 50 to 80 volts, rails positive to pipe, indicating that the waste of energy and leakage of current is very great and revealing also the fact that the rails are improperly or not at all bonded or of insufficient cross-section. Near the substation power house, corner of University avenue and Dale street, and on Hill street, the pipe positive district is very pronounced, the pipes at some places being as much as 17 volts positive to the rails. With regard to the readings, they are given on the map from 0 to maximum in each case. The readings would vary greatly in most cases, depending on the momentary loads, the proximity of cars, up or down grade, condition of rail, etc. Especially was this the case with readings showing the rails positive to the pipe. It is perhaps well to state here that the conditions creating electrolysis are constantly changing on account of the addition in trackage, changes from poor to good construction, deterioration of bonds and tracks and change in power distribution, etc. The present power distribution from the substations dates back about three years. Before that time there was no power sta-

tion corner of University avenue and Dale street. For these reasons the electrical survey as put before you will not reveal any weak spots in pipe lines caused by electrolysis in former years that might have taken place at such places that to-day show no danger as far as an electrical survey would indicate. The physical examinations made of the pipe line at such places where excavations were made all show the characteristics of electrolysis. None of these excavations, however, have produced evidence that the main pipes are seriously injured. While the injury was quite uniform, the decay of main pipe extended at no place, as far as could be observed, to any material depth, and no pipes were discovered that were eaten through, although you will remember that your superintendent has heretofore replaced leaky pipes that exhibited evidence of electrolytic action on them. That lead service pipes, however, are destroyed right along there is no doubt. From Professor Weitbrecht's report you will learn that the various chemical analyses made by him show conclusively that electrolytic action is gradually destroying the pipe system. It is impossible to state the amount of damage done in dollars and cents or to predict how soon serious trouble with the water piping system will develop, but that accumulative damage is caused to the system is clearly demonstrated by the various tests. With regard to the chemical tests the amount of moisture as given is deceptive. In most cases the material surrounding pipe at points of excavation was quite moist and considerable of this moisture evaporated before the sample reached the chemist. In most cases, too, the accumulation of deceptive material was found on the bell end of pipes. The fact that not more deterioration is shown is partly due to the fact that the water pipes are laid rather deep in the ground, usually seven feet deep, and on account of the distance from the rail the current will find more resistance than if the rails and pipes were closer together, such as is the case in cities further south.

As to the remedies to be applied to prevent electrolysis there appears to be but one radical solution, and that is to compel the Street Railway Company to use a complete metallic circuit, insulator from the rails and ground, providing a conductor for the return of the current to the substation rotary transformer as perfect as the conductor that is provided to supply the energy along the



street railway lines for driving the motors. I understand that this is being done in places, notably in New York City and in Washington, D. C., by means of the underground conduit system, and in Cincinnati, Ohio, and on suburban lines in the District of Columbia, by means of the double overhead trolley system. Both of these systems provide for an independent conductor for the return of the current to the generator, being insulated completely from the rails and the ground. In the meantime and until this is done, conditions will be materially bettered if the Street Railway Company will maintain its tracks in first-class condition, put in large rails and welded tracks, or, where the track is not welded, install and maintain proper bonds of electrical carrying capacity same as the rails.

The following data will show in detail the various tests made, following the course of the various street car lines and noting the salient features, also description in detail of the various excavations made and concluding with the report submitted by Prof. George Weitbrecht.

REPORT UPON ELECTROLYSIS.

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Examinations were made upon one line, Concord and South Robert streets, from Nov. 20 to 27, 1900, inclusive. Temperature about 10 degrees F.; cloudy; connection between rail of street car company and hydrant. Commencing at Concord and Kansas streets, the voltmeter read from 70 volts upon Anita street to 35 volts at Robert and Congress streets, with the street car rail positive. At Robert and Isabel streets, the meter read from 0 to 30, with rail positive, and changing poles 0 to 4 volts, with pipe positive. The first-named reading occurred when a car was approaching and the last-named when the car neared the end of the line. Proceeding north on Robert street, the rail positive readings continued to decrease whilst the pipe positive increased, the duration of the latter readings being much longer than the former, until when the bridge over the Mississippi river upon Robert street was reached, the rail positive readings ceased altogether, and while the pipe positive readings were low, they were constant. The bridge over the tracks of the Chicago, Great Western Railway developed from 1 to 2 volts with bridge positive. Since the readings have been taken the above bridge has been stripped and the iron work is shown to have been injured, partly, of course, by the action of coal fumes, but presumably assisted by electrolytic action. The bridge over the Mississippi river also is positive to the rail, and when next the bridge is scraped for painting it may show serious deterioration.

Only a few readings were taken upon State street, all showing rail positive from 35 to 50 volts. The State, Concord and Robert street lines are all old type of rail, and but poorly bonded at joints, readings between joints in several instances showing as much as 0.3 volt.

West St. Paul Line, Including Stryker Avenue Branch.—Temperature about 20 degrees F.; snow upon ground; date, Nov. 27 to 30 inclusive, 1900; cloudy. Connection between rail of the street car company and fire hydrant. Commencing at Smith avenue and Morton street the voltmeter read from 15 to 48 volts.

Upon Morton street, 0 to 8 volts. On Winifred and South Wabasha streets, with street car rail positive. Upon Stryker avenue the voltmeter read from 0 to 10 volts. On Winifred street 0. to 35 volts, on George street, with street car rail positive. Upon South Wabasha and Congress streets the voltmeter read 0 to 7 volts with street car rail positive and changing poles 0. to .5 volt, water pipe positive. From thence northerly to the Wabasha street bridge over the Mississippi river the rail positive readings decrease in intensity and duration and the pipe positive increase.

Readings upon the Wabasha street bridge and the 16-inch water main suspended thereunder, made Aug. 16, 1901, give a reading of both bridge and pipe positive 1.5 volts, maintained almost constantly and with an ammeter reading of constantly 4.1 ams. The ammeter being connected between rail and pipe and rail and bridge, this condition is liable to affect the life of the bridge floor. As a matter of interest, it may be stated that the old Wabasha bridge, recently replaced by the present structure, showed decided electrolytic action. The West St. Paul and Stryker avenue lines are of the old type of rail, imperfectly bonded at joints.

Lafayette Avenue Line.—Commencing at hydrant, corner of Maryland and Payne avenues, temperature, about 32 degrees F.; clear; date, December 1st to 4th, inclusive. Connection between street car rail and fire hydrants. Commencing at fire hydrant, corner of Maryland and Payne avenues, the voltmeter reads 0. to 18 volts and 0. to 8 volts on Greenbrier and York streets, rail positive, at which latter place a trace of current pipe positive was found. From thence, approaching the heart of the city, the rail positive readings decrease in intensity and duration while the pipe positive readings correspondingly increase; however, the pipe positive readings are not high, and, as will be shown later in this report, the current apparently passes from the rail into the pipe and from the pipe into the rail of the street car company on Jackson street. The joints are not well bonded in many instances, though somewhat better than the lines before examined. As high as 0.3 volt difference in potential being observed between joints. Two steel bridges are crossed by this line of the railway company—Lafayette avenue and Payne avenue. Upon the former the voltmeter reads from 2 volts, rail positive to bridge, 0.7 volt, bridge positive to rail, and in the

latter from 0.4 volt, rail positive to bridge, and 0.5 volt, bridge positive to rail.

Mississippi Street Line.—Which, from Tenth street to Seventh street on Broadway, also carries the Lafayette avenue cars, and from Seventh and Broadway to Fifth and Robert streets, in addition, carries the east-bound Stillwater, Wildwood and Maria avenue cars, and from Sibley to Robert on Fifth street, carries the west-bound Union depot loop cars, and from Jackson to Wabasha street, carries the west-bound Jackson street cars. Temperature, 5 degrees F.; date, Dec. 6 and 7, 1900. Connection between street car rail and fire hydrant. Commencing at Arkwright and Geranium streets the voltmeter reads from 0. to 50. volts and from 0. to 44. volts on Arkwright and Case streets, with the street car rail positive. At Westminster street and Lookout place the voltmeter reads from 0. to 28. volts, rail positive, changing poles and reading from 0. to 2. volts, pipe positive. From thence toward the center of the city the rail positive voltage decreases in intensity and duration and the pipe positive voltage correspondingly increases, until, at the hydrant upon the southwest corner of Sibley and Fifth streets, all trace of rail positive ceases. It is well to note that decisive readings of rail positive cease upon Mississippi street and Pennsylvania avenue, while the pipe positive readings increase. From Jackson street to Robert street the readings are all pipe positive—about 0.7 volt—and while low show the direction of the current. From Geranium street to Broadway the rail joints are but imperfectly bonded, but from thence on toward the city the street has been paved and joints are good. An excavation on this Mississippi street line, about 55 feet north of Grove street, was made on Nov. 26, 1900. A leak had occurred in the joint of the 30-inch water main and trouble had been experienced at this place two years before. The pipe is located almost directly under the west rail of the track at a depth of about 6 feet. The pipe was covered with the usual incrustation, which could easily be knocked off, the asphaltum appearing to be intact. Unfortunately, no samples of the incrustation were taken nor the pipe covering subjected to a close scrutiny; however, the same conditions existed there that at other points, upon closer examination, were recognized as electrolysis. Voltmeter readings between spigot end of pipe and street car tracks, 0.7 volt; between bell end of pipe and street car track, 1.7

volts; between bell and spigot ends of pipe, 0.6 volt; between pipe and earth, 0.2 volt; soil, sandy loam. The leak was apparently caused on account of the distribution of the lead caulking.

Maria Avenue Line from Indian Mounds Park to Seventh Street.—Temperature, about 15+ degrees F.; snow upon the ground; clear; date, Dec. 19, 1901. Connection between fire hydrants and street car rail. Commencing at Thorn and Earl streets, the voltmeter reads from 0. to 8. volts, on Burns and Earl streets from 0 to 1. volt on Hastings and Earl streets, rail positive. From Hastings and Earl streets to junction with the Seventh street line, the rail positive readings do not exceed 5. volts at any point, but the poles change to pipe positive during about one-half the time. The highest reading with pipe positive occurred at Maria and Third streets and was 1.8 volts; from thence it varies to 1 volt. The northern portion of this line is well bonded and no perceptible difference between rail ends was noticeable, but, toward the Indian Mounds a difference of .1 volt was found between rail ends.

Jackson Street Line from Northern Terminus to Fifth Street.—Temperature, about 10+ degrees F.; clear; snow upon the ground; date, Jan. 28 and 29, 1901; connected between fire hydrants and street car rail. Examinations upon this line presented peculiar features, in that the meter poles changed, generally reading pipe positive, changing over to rail positive, but so remaining for only a short portion of the time observed. The whole of the ground and surrounding metallic objects seem to be charged with electric current, vibrating from pole to pole, but the major portion of the current passes from the pipe to the rails. Readings taken upon trolley poles, gas lamp posts, gas mains, water works valve boxes and the bridge over the Great Northern Railway tracks upon Jackson street, all exhibit the above mentioned conditions, and upon exposing portions below the surface of the ground a very decided electrolytic action is perceptible.

Except upon the more recently paved streets where the street car rails have been relaid, the rails are very poorly bonded, in some instances developing 0.5 volt between rail ends. From Arch street towards the center of the city, barely any rail positive readings were obtained, and they so small and of such short duration as to be of but little influence. The general reading was about 3 volts pipe positive.

Robert Street Loop.—Commencing at Fifth and Robert, thence north on Robert, west on Eighth, south on Wabasha and east on Fifth to point of beginning. Temperature, about 20+ degrees F.; snow upon the ground; date, Jan. 29 and 30, 1901. Connection between street car rails and fire hydrant. With the exception of the Seventh street and Fort Snelling cars and Selby avenue car line, all the street cars which enter the city pass over this line or portions of it, following each other in very rapid succession.

The readings recorded upon the voltmeter show pipe positive constantly, the needle never returning to zero. The readings run from 0.2 to 1.1 volts, low readings to from 0.9 to 3. volts, high readings at the various points. Rails are well bonded and barely perceptible leakage of current at joints. This, however, only emphasizes the fact that, no matter how well bonded, there is a perceptible leakage.

Seventh Street Line.—Temperature, +08. degrees F.; snow upon the ground; date, February 1st to 8th, inclusive. Connection between street car rails and fire hydrants. Commencing at fire hydrant corner of East Seventh and Phalen streets upon the Stillwater line, voltmeter reads 7.3 volts with rail positive, continuing so to English street and maintaining an average low reading of 3.0 volts and showing no trace of pipe positive. Reading upon first hydrant west of English street, which stands nearly in front of No. 1223 East Seventh street, showed reading of 0. to 4.8 volts, rail positive and changed poles, reading of 0. to 2.3 volts, rail positive, continuing in about this intensity to Seventh and Duluth streets, from whence the Fort Snelling and Seventh street cars start. From thence westerly, the rail positive readings are highest and of longest duration, reaching as high as 12 volts, but the pipe positive readings are found at each hydrant and last about one-third of the observed period. This condition exists as far west as Maria avenue, and from thence westerly until John street is reached only traces of pipe positive could be found; the rail positive readings averaging about 3.0 volts, and remaining so during the major portion of the time observed. From Olive street to Sibley street the rail positive readings decrease and the pipe positive readings increase, until at the last-named street the rail positive readings cease altogether. From Sibley street to Walnut street no trace of rail positive could be found, and the pipe positive readings continued to increase from 0. to 1.3

volts on Sibley street to from 3.1 to 6.2 volts on Chestnut street. From Sherman street to Tuscarora street both pipe and rail positive readings were observed at each hydrant. Rail positive readings continued to increase in intensity, but no corresponding decrease was observed in the pipe positive,—to the contrary, it also increased in intensity. Duration of rail positive readings would not exceed about one-fourth of the time observed.

From the top of the hill upon East Seventh street to Ramséy street and West Seventh street the street is paved with brick, asphalt and sandstone, rails well bonded and but little escape of current at joints. However, from Seven Corners to Ramsey street, sandstone pavement was not laid until June, 1901. Readings taken prior to that time gave pipe positive averages of from 2.1 volts to 4.8 volts, and readings taken since new pavement and rails were laid give averages of rail positive of from 0. to 1.6 volts of but short duration and of pipe positive of from 0. to 0.8 volt, of duration extending over three-fourths of the time observed. Thus it will be seen that the more perfect bonding of the rails has in a measure remedied the defect, but not sufficiently to eliminate danger to pipes, especially as the old order existed for a number of years, and during that time the electrolytic action was very pronounced, as will be shown by report upon excavations further on in this report.

Seventh street bridge is crossed by this line of rails, and shows traces of bridge positive to rail of long duration and of rail positive to bridge of short duration.

Selby Avenue Line.—Temperature, above freezing; streets, muddy; clear and with high wind; date, Feb. 13 and 14, 1901. Commencing at fire hydrant at corner of Prior and University avenues and observing upon each hydrant en route until the bridge over the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway tracks was reached, the voltmeter invariably read rail positive, the needle never setting back to zero. The highest reading was from 4.1 to 19. volts upon hydrant Prior avenue and Iglehart street. Average reading from 3.4 to 15.2 volts. The rails upon the bridge are directly connected to the iron stringers, therefore no decisive reading could be observed, the tendency of the needle being, however, to show a trace of bridge positive. During the fall of 1900 the bridge was thoroughly scraped and repainted, and showed a very decided deterioration of the stringers; scale over an eighth of an inch in thickness

being removed from the stringers and from the floor beams, similar in its nature to the scale removed from the pipe, which has been demonstrated by chemical analysis to be "a kind of ferric cement, caused by electrolytic action."

From the east end of the bridge easterly to Dale street both pipe positive and rail positive readings were observed, the duration of rail positive being about three-fourths of the time observed. Highest rail positive reading, 0. to 38. volts at Selby and Lexington avenues; average rail positive reading, 0. to 15. volts; highest pipe positive reading, 0. to 3.1 volts at Selby and Hamline avenues; average pipe positive readings, 0. to 1.9 volts.

At Dale street the duration of the pipe positive and rail positive readings were of equal length, and were as follows: Rail positive, 0. to 9.1 volts; pipe positive, 0. to 3.3 volts. These readings were the averages of two days and extended over a period of an hour. At Dale street there is a ground connection from cables. Passing eastward from Dale street both rail positive and pipe positive readings were observed, until Pleasant avenue and Third street was reached, at which latter place all trace of rail positive ceased. From Dale street eastward the intensity and duration of rail positive readings decreased, and pipes positive readings increased. In this section the highest rail positive reading was 0. to 8.3 volts, observed at Mackubin street, and the average was from 0. to 6.8 volts. Highest pipe positive reading was 0. to 5.8 upon Summit avenue, and the average was from 0. to 3.7 volts.

From Pleasant avenue eastward to end of line near Broadway all readings were pipe positive, needle never setting to zero, and reaching the maximum of from 3. to 7.1 volts upon Fourth and Washington streets.

From Pleasant avenue westward to Fairview avenue the general construction of the line of track is that of the old cable line slot type, broken at various points where it has been necessary to make repairs. Ordinary type of joint, double track upon Marshall and Fairview avenues, and single track, ordinary joints upon Prior avenue. From Pleasant avenue eastward modern type of joints, double track, street paved with asphalt. Selby avenue as far as Victoria street is paved with cedar blocks, and the remaining portion of the line unpaved. Track from Summit to Prior avenue is in poor condition.



Grand Avenue Line.—From Catholic Seminary to Seventh street; date, February 15th to 17th, inclusive; temperature, above freezing; connection between street car rails and fire hydrants. Commencing at fire hydrant opposite the Catholic Seminary upon Grand avenue, voltmeter reads from 0. to 33. volts, rail positive, continuing so, constantly, until Lexington avenue is passed, and at the last named point reading 0. to 12.5 volts, rail positive. Groveland Park cars only run from Snelling avenue to Catholic Seminary upon a single track at about thirty minute intervals. Single track continues eastward from Snelling avenue to Syndicate avenue, and from thence eastward, double track. Bridge is of wood and iron, and is not perceptibly affected.

From Milton street eastward to intersection of Seventh street voltmeter reads both pipe and rail positive at each hydrant, the rail positive decreasing in duration and intensity, and the pipe positive increasing correspondingly. Highest rail positive reading in this section from 0. to 13 volts upon Grand avenue and Avon street; average reading from 0. to 8.1 volts. Highest pipe positive reading from 0. to 3.7 volts upon Grand avenue and Grotto street; average reading from 0. to 2.2 volts.

Streets are paved from Seventh street to Grand avenue and from thence westward are unpaved. Rails are well bonded upon paved streets, but from thence on only imperfectly so.

University Avenue (Interurban) Line.—From near westerly city limits to Rice street; date, from March 11 to 29, 1901, inclusive; temperature, above freezing. Connections between street car rails and fire hydrants. Cars run at short intervals, traffic heavy. Commencing at fire hydrant corner University and Cromwell avenues and extending easterly to University and Fairview avenues, the voltmeter reads both rail positive and pipe positive; the rail positive increasing in intensity and duration until the last named point is reached, where all traces of rail positive cease. Average reading rail positive 0. to 4.2. Average reading pipe positive 0. to 4. volts. The rail positive readings were only observable when street car was within one block, and remained so for only a small portion of the time observed. The pipe positive readings fluctuated a great deal, but remained positive nearer the higher reading during the major portion of the time observed.

At Wheeler avenue, voltmeter read from 1.5 to 4.6 volts, pipe positive, increasing regularly until Dale street, at which point readings were from 4.8 to 16.7 volts, pipe positive; from thence they regularly decrease until at Rice street readings were from 1.3 to 5.8 volts, pipe positive.

At Dale street, less than one block south of University avenue, the rotary transformers are located, and it is at this point the pipe positive readings are highest. At Kent street a reading was taken between electric trolley pole and street car rail, giving 16.7 volts, pole positive; and between fire hydrant and pole gave a reading of 1.4 volts, with pole positive. Readings were taken at various places upon the gas lamp posts, and in each instance gave very nearly the same readings as were observed upon the fire hydrants.

Hamline Line.—From Snelling avenue bridge to University avenue line at Lexington avenue; date, June 4, 1901; temperature, 70 degrees F. Connections between street car rails and fire hydrants. Cars upon this line pass over the tracks of the University avenue line until Lexington avenue is reached, thence over very poorly constructed tracks on unpaved streets to Snelling avenue bridge. Commencing at Snelling avenue bridge, the following are the readings, in every instance rail positive: Bridge, 0 to 32. volts; Front street, 1. to 61. volts; Taylor avenue, 1. to 68. volts; Hewitt avenue, 1. to 66. volts; Wesley avenue, 1. to 65. volts; Capitol, 1. to 80. volts; Minnehaha street, 0. to 22. volts, and Minnehaha and Asbury avenues, 0.2 to 24 volts. From Minnehaha street and Simpson avenue to the intersection with the University avenue line, the rail positive readings decrease until there is only the trace of current at Lexington and Charles streets, and only 0. to 2. volts at Lexington and Sherburne avenues. The pipe positive corresponding increases to from 1.2 to 6.4, maintaining pipe positive during the greater portion of the time observed.

Como-Harriet (Como Interurban) Line.—Date, June 5 and 6, 1901; temperature, 80 degrees F.; dry. Connections between the fire hydrants and street car rails. Commencing at hydrant at Carter avenue and County Road and passing eastward toward center of city of St. Paul, the voltmeter gave readings at each hydrant of both pipe and rail positive, averaging about 4 volts, rail positive, and changing to an average of about 3 volts, pipe positive, each about of equal duration during time observed. This condition continued

until Western avenue was reached, save that the bridge over the tracks of the Great Northern Railway Company upon Como avenue was constantly positive to the rail .2 volts. At the intersection of Dale and Como avenues there is a ground connection from the Aerial cable, presumably a return to the rotary transformers. From Como and Virginia avenues to Rice street there are but faint traces of pipe positive, though the rail positive reading at Claghoran and Como reached 27. volts. The average rail positive reading was about 10. volts.

Apparently this line is well bonded, no portion of it being on paved streets, however. Traffic is comparatively heavy upon each car, which, under ordinary circumstances, are about fifteen minutes apart. During the week of the State Fair, September 1st to 7th, the traffic was very heavy, cars during some portions of the day running at less than three minute intervals. Examination made September 4th at 3 p. m., gave readings from 4.5 to 19.5 volts, corner Dale and Como, pipe positive, and from 23 to 51 amperes, higher readings predominating. It is well to call attention to the fact that this line is best patronized at night during the summer months, and though no observations have been taken at that time, it is a safe inference that very nearly the same readings as recorded for September 4th would be reached.

Rondo Line.—Date, June 7, 1901; temperature, 80 degrees F.; clear and dry. Connections between fire hydrants and street car rails. This is a poorly bonded track, laid upon an unpaved street until Tenth street is reached, from which point it is modern equipment. From the commencement upon Rondo and Avon until Tenth and Wabasha streets are reached readings upon every hydrant gave rail positive readings—from 0.3 to 12.3 upon Arundel street being the highest and an average over the whole line of about 4.5 volts. But scattering traces of pipe positive were found until the corner of Tenth and St. Peter streets was reached, at which point the voltmeter read 0. to 1.2 volts. From thence to Wabasha street the readings averaged 0. to 0.4 volt, and all pipe positive readings were of shorter duration.

Rice Street Line.—Date, June 7, 1901; temperature, 80 degrees F.; dry. Connection between fire hydrants and street car rail. Commencing at Rice and Jessamine streets and continuing to

Hatch street, the average is from 1. to 25. volts, pipe positive. From Front street to University avenue the street was torn up for the purpose of relaying new rails and paving the street with asphalt; therefore all readings were taken upon the temporary track which has now been replaced with the rails, welded joints, concrete foundation. The average reading upon temporary track was 35 volts, rail positive, though at end of temporary track upon Como avenue and Rice street voltmeter read 100.+ rail positive.

Upon temporary track, laid near west curb of Rice street from Como avenue to University avenue, voltmeter read from 1.4 to 18.2 volts, with pipe positive, averaging about 12 volts. This track from University avenue to Hatch street has been replaced with new rails, as above noted, and whilst much better than formerly, there is still an escape of current.

During the time that Wabasha street was being repaired all Interurban, Rice street and Hamline cars passed over a temporary track upon Rice street from University avenue to Rondo street. The voltage upon this line ran from 2. to 21. volts, pipe positive, changing poles at Rice street and Martin, and becoming rail positive about 7 volts. This track has now been removed.

Wabasha Street Line, from Eighth Street to Rice Street.—Date, June 8 to 20, 1901; temperature, 80 degrees F. Connection between fire hydrants and street car rail.

It is to be regretted that no readings had been taken upon Wabasha street from Rice street to Tenth street prior to the laying of new rails, but some estimate can be formed of the condition by reference to line between Eighth and Tenth streets. From Eighth to Tenth street voltmeter reads, both rail and pipe positive, about 1 volt in each case and equal in duration, depending somewhat upon traffic. From Tenth to Rice street connection being made to new welded rail, only bare traces of rail positive could occasionally be found. Pipe positive readings were constant, ranging from 0.8 to 2 volts.

This completes the voltmeter survey of the streets along which street car tracks are laid, but for further information readings were taken along streets at right angles to some lines and parallel to others and the following conditions found:

Victoria Street, from University to Lincoln Avenue.—Date, Aug. 27, 1901; dry and hot. One wire on University avenue

tracks and one on fire hydrants. Along Victoria, from University avenue to St. Anthony avenue, voltmeter reads pipe positive about 10 volts, closing with 10.8 volts upon St. Anthony avenue. One wire on Rondo street tracks and one on fire hydrants. Along Rondo and Victoria street, running west on Rondo street to Victoria from end of line but a trace at intervals was found of pipe positive, and in no instance more than 0.8 volt; but running north on Victoria to St. Anthony avenue and connecting upon the same hydrant that, measuring from University avenue line, gave pipe positive 10.8 volts, gives from the Rondo street line rail positive 4 volts. From this it is apparent that the current from the Rondo tracks is flowing into the University avenue line by means of water mains.

One wire on Selby avenue tracks and one on fire hydrants, running both north and south on Victoria street. The wire was not long enough to reach from track to track of the parallel street car lines on Selby and Rondo and Grand, and also it is not practicable to lay it on the ground for long distances, as it is subject to being cut. Therefore all that could be determined was that the water pipe was charged for a distance of a quarter of a mile from each track. The average reading rail positive was about 8 volts and in duration extended over about nine-tenths of the time observed. Readings of 2 volts, pipe positive, extending over a limited period of time were observed. One wire on Grand avenue line and one on hydrant corner Victoria street and Lincoln avenue gave a reading of 12 volts, rail positive. Reference will be had to the map for further information.

Dale Street, from Front Street to Lincoln Avenue.—Date, Aug. 20 and Sept. 4, 1901; dry, clear and hot. One wire on Como Interurban track and one on hydrants. On August 21st, between 9 and 11 o'clock a. m., under ordinary conditions of traffic, voltmeter reads both pipe and rail positive. Rail positive averaging from 0. to 4 volts, extending over about one-third of the time observed. Pipe positive reads on an average 0. to 2.4 volts, extending over about two-thirds of the time observed. The bridge over the Great Northern Railway tracks and the gas main show no difference in potential. On September 4th, from same location, at 3 o'clock p. m., under stress of Fair traffic, all readings are pipe positive at Dale and Front streets, 4.5 to 19.5 volts and ammeter

readings 23 to 51 ams, fusing the ends of the lamp cord used in the test.

On August 21st, between 10 and 12 o'clock a. m., with one wire on University avenue tracks and one on hydrant, voltmeter reads constantly an average of 16 volts, with pipe positive, both north and south from University avenue, and passing south to St. Anthony avenue the reading is 16 volts. On September 4th exactly the same conditions existed, supplemented by an ammeter reading of 2.8 ams, nearly constant.

On August 21st, between 1 and 2 o'clock p. m., with one wire on the Rondo track and one on hydrants, voltmeter reads an average of 8.5 volts, with rail positive, closing up on St. Anthony avenue with 7.2 volts, rail positive. This is the same hydrant, when connected with the University avenue line, that gave a reading of 16 volts, pipe positive. No readings taken on Sept. 4, 1901.

Readings taken on all the hydrants, both from Selby avenue tracks and from Grand avenue tracks, gave essentially the same readings for their entire length as is shown upon readings from Dale street for the respective lines. Reference will be had to map.

Western Avenue, from Como Avenue to Seventh Street.—Date, Aug. 22, 1901; cool and very dry. One wire on Como Interurban track and one wire on hydrants. Running south to Blair street, voltmeter gives average readings of from 0. to 1.8 volts, rail positive, and of from 0. to 1.8 volts, pipe positive, each being of nearly equal duration. Running south to St. Anthony avenue, with one wire on University avenue track and one wire on hydrants, voltmeter gives constant readings of about 8 volts, pipe positive, closing on St. Anthony avenue with 9 volts. Running north to St. Anthony avenue, with one wire on Rondo street track and one wire on hydrants, voltmeter gives constant readings of 11 volts, with rail positive. This is the same hydrant that gave readings of 9 volts, pipe positive from Interurban track.

Running south to Marshall avenue from Rondo street track, voltmeter reads from 0. to 6.4 volts, rail positive and from 0. to 0.4 volt, pipe positive, and the rest of the hydrants showed no trace of pipe positive and gave average readings of 9.5 volts, rail positive.

Running north to Marshall avenue from Selby avenue tracks, voltmeter reads from 0. to 4.0 volts, rail positive, and from 0. to 2.0 pipe positive, each reading of equal duration. This is the same hydrant

that gave 0. to 6.4 volts, rail positive, when connected from Rondo street line. Connections made to hydrants on Western avenue from Grand avenue lines and Seventh street line give voltmeter readings of rail positive generally about 4 volts, and slight traces at intervals of pipe positive.

Aurora Avenue and Fuller Street.—Both streets parallel to University street car line, Aug. 29, 1901; dry and warm. Connections were made between hydrants on Aurora avenue and on Fuller street to Interurban tracks upon University avenue, commencing at Kent street and ending at St. Peter street. From Kent street to Marion street there is no pavement, and readings of voltmeters averaged about 7.0 volts, with pipe positive, and no indication of rail positive. Upon Rice and St. Peter streets, both paved, the voltmeter read about 2.0 volts, pipe positive, and no indication of negative.

Ninth street from Wabasha to Jackson, and on Tenth street from Jackson street to Broadway. Date, August 30th; dry and warm. These two streets are parallel to Seventh street, at right angles to Broadway, Jackson and Wabasha streets.

On Ninth street, from Wabasha street to Robert street, readings from Wabasha street tracks. On hydrants at Cedar, Minnesota and Robert streets, voltmeter read 1.8, pipe positive. On Ninth street, from Jackson to Robert streets, readings from Jackson street track, voltmeter reads on an average, pipe positive, 0. to 1. volt, rail positive from 0. to 0.8 volt upon same hydrants. All of these hydrants were read each way from Wabasha and from Jackson streets. See map.

On Tenth street, from Jackson street to Broadway, readings from Jackson street tracks. Readings upon all hydrants from 0. to 2.0 pipe positive, and when reading from Broadway rail, all readings were rail positive and about of the same intensity.

Agate street, which is parallel to Cortland street, upon the Jackson street car line. Readings from Jackson street line. Commencing at Cook and ending at Cayuga street, voltmeter reads rail positive, average of 8.5 volts, no indication of pipe positive. Reading from Mississippi track, voltmeter reads from 0. to 6. volts, rail positive, and from 0. to 1.4 volts, pipe positive. It seems that the current leaves the Mississippi street rails and passes through the medium of the water pipes to the Jackson street rails.

Readings were taken upon ten of the steam fire engine heaters which are connected with water mains, with the following result:

	LOCATION.	Connection Made with What Tracks.	Volts Pipe Positive	Volts Rail Positive	Amperes.
1	Ninth and Fort.....	Seven Corners..	0. to 3.0	.....	0.2
2	Wacouta and Seventh....	West Seventh..	.....	0. to 1.0	0.05
3	Ramsey and Leech.....	Ramsey.....	0. to 2.0	0. to 1.0	0.2
4	Tenth and Broadway. ..	Broadway and Tenth.....	.....	0. to 1.8	0.2
5	Mackubin and Selby.....	Selby.....	0. to 3.1	0. to 3.8	0.4
6	Delos and Clinton.....	Robert.....	0. to 4.0	.....	0.8
8	Eighth and Minnesota....	Eighth.....	.....	0. to 1.0	0.2
9	Marion and Edmund.....	University.....	.....	0. to 2.8	0.4
0	Randolph and Bay.....	East Seventh....	0. to 6.4	.....	1.5
2	Rosabel and Fifth.....	Fifth.....	0. to 0.8	0. to 0.8	0.6

From the above table it will be seen that many of the fire engines carry a current which is positive to the rail, and the firemen at these points state that they have trouble with their heater connections from the city water mains.

After all surveys had been made and readings platted the map was scanned to determine the points at which electrolytic action had probably taken place; these determined points were excavated to the bottom of water pipe, pipe was examined, samples of earth were taken and scrapings were secured and photographs taken.

### EXCAVATIONS.

Corner Dale and Rondo Streets, North of Car Line on Dale Street.—Date, June 18, 1901. Size of pipe, 16 inches. Laid July 1, 1888. Voltmeter, 0.1 to 7.2 volts, rail positive, and trace only of pipe positive. Soil sandy loam, slightly moist around the pipe. The pipe is slightly rusted in spots, but no decidedly perceptible electrolytic action has taken place; in fact, no such condition is to be expected, as rail is positive to the pipe. No photographs nor samples taken.



Northwest Corner of Dale Street and University Avenue.—Date, June 18, 1901. Size of pipe, 24 inches. Laid Aug. 14, 1888. Voltmeter reads from 6.2 to 12.2 volts, pipe positive. Soil, dry drift sand. Photograph taken marked No. 5. Surface of this pipe shows iron incrustation only in occasional spots, asphaltum paint apparently intact. This, however, is no indication that electrolytic action has not taken place, as samples now recently taken show that a large percentage of the iron has been removed from the pipe, and carbon has been deposited in its place without affecting the appearance of the asphaltum. No samples were taken, as chemical tests had not been decided upon at this time.

Dale Street, Near University Avenue.—Opposite rotary transformers of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company. Date, June 19, 1901. Size of pipe, 16 inches. Laid July 31, 1888. Voltmeter reads from 6.3 to 12.1 volts, pipe positive. No trace of rail positive. Soil, dry drift sand. Photographs taken marked No. 1. No samples taken. Exactly the same condition exists at this point as existed at northwest corner of Dale and University. Two-inch lead pipe connecting 16-inch water main with transformer at station shows decided electrolytic action. This lead pipe disconnected at union and with ammeter put into circuit gave reading of 4.1 amperes.

Eagle and Washington Streets, at Intersection of Pipe Lines.—Date, June 24, 1901. Size of pipe, 4 inches by 6 inches, cross. Laid May 22, 1889. This excavation was made near the Eagle street power house of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company; connection was made between the street car tracks upon Fourth and Washington streets and the water main at point designated. Voltmeter reads 0. to 2.0 volts, pipe positive between tracks and pipe; trace of pipe positive between gas lamp post and pipe; trace of pipe positive between pipe and ground. Depth of water pipe, 7 feet. Character of soil, sandy loam, mixed with fragments of stone. Moist. The cross and the pipe leading therefrom are thoroughly coated with iron incrustation, and are deeply pitted. Surrounding soil, pebbles and stone to a distance of 18 inches surrounding pipe are impregnated or coated with iron rust. I refer to chemical analysis of Professor Weitbrecht, samples being taken from earth and from scale around pipe. Photograph taken marked No. 2. As a matter of information, connections made between rail and hydrant at Seven Corners give essentially the same results.

Summit Avenue, Between Cedar and Wabasha Streets.—Date, **June 26, 1901.** Size of pipe, 6 inches. Laid in 1885. Repaired in **1899.** Reference is had to photograph No. 18. Voltmeter connected between tracks on Wabasha street, and pipe reads 2.1 volts, pipe **positive.** Pipe lies in water, and is covered to a depth of nearly a **foot** above the top of the pipe. Soil, clay and sand mixed. Pipe **apparently** sound.

Eighth Street, Between Cedar and Minnesota Streets.—Date, **June 25, 1901.** Size of pipe, 4 inches; removed and replaced with **8-inch** pipe. Laid originally in 1883. Connection was made between street car rail on Eighth street, and the 4-inch pipe giving a reading of pipe positive 1.0 volt. The Eighth street line of rail forms a **p**ortion of the St. Paul loop line, and most of the street cars pass over it. Samples were taken of surrounding soil, soil near the surface of the ground, and of scale surrounding the pipe. The most of this pipe was in very poor condition, covered with iron incrustation, caused by electrolytic action. From the condition set forth it is plainly perceptible that electrolytic action has taken place. Reference is had to tabulation No. 1, report of Professor Weitbrecht, samples Nos. 5 and 6; photographs taken marked No. 3.

Pleasant Avenue in Front of the People's Church.—Date, **June 28, 1901.** Size of pipe, 6 inches. Laid originally in 1884, repaired in **1898.** Point at which excavation is made is where pipe was repaired and both old and new pipe was exposed, together with lead service pipe which was cut off, all of which is shown in photograph No. 4. Both the new and the old pipe were encased in a scale of iron oxide of a thickness on an average of 7-16-inch, **which,** under a light blow struck by the file, separated from the pipe and fell away, forming a perfect mold of the water pipe. From the chemical analysis it will be seen that the pipe has parted with a **p**ortion of its iron and carbon has taken its place, thus causing the **p**ipe to deteriorate. There are no chemical compounds in the soil **which** would cause this condition unaided by an electric current **which** passed *from* the pipe, designated in the report as "pipe positive." No scrapings under asphaltum were taken from this pipe.

Main, East Seventh and Phalen Avenue.—Date, **July 15, 1901.** **Size,** 16 inches. Laid in August, 1890. Connection between rail on East Seventh street and water main, giving a reading of rail

positive 5.2 volts and of pipe positive 1.7 volts, each of about equal duration and high reading of rail positive observed when car was starting up after a stop for passengers. Depth of pipe, 7 feet below surface of ground. Soil, sand and gravel mixed, with very little moisture present. Photograph taken, No. 6. A sample of the soil surrounding and distant from the pipe about 2 feet, numbered 11. The general appearance of the pipe would indicate electrolytic action in a slight degree, though were there more moisture present in the soil, it might be more pronounced. This excavation is located on the Wildwood and Stillwater line.

Main, East Seventh and Ross Streets.—Date, July 16, 1901. Size, 16 inches. Laid October, 1885. Connection between rail and water main, giving a reading of rail positive 3 volts and of pipe positive 4.6 volts, each of about equal duration and high reading of rail positive observed when car was starting up after a stop for passengers. Depth of pipe, 7 feet below surface of ground. Soil, very dry drift sand. Sample taken 18 inches from pipe, marked No. 12. Photograph taken marked No. 7. The general appearance of this pipe would indicate electrolytic action in a more marked degree than was indicated at Phalen street.

Main, South Wabasha and Delos Streets.—Date, July 17, 1901. Size, 6 inches, cross. Laid October, 1887. Connection between rail and water main, giving readings of rail positive 0. to 2 volts and pipe positive 0. to 4.4 volts, pipe positive being of greatest duration. Depth of pipe, about 6 feet below surface of ground. Soil, sandy clay, moist to the surface of ground. Photograph taken marked No. 8. Four samples taken, numbered 13 to 16 inclusive. This cross was covered with a scale of rust, which readily broke away from water main under slight taps of a file, presenting the appearance of a cast. Under the scale in many places the asphaltum was perfectly fresh and uninjured, but at others rust had destroyed asphaltum and had eaten into pipe. After carefully removing the asphaltum a dull, blackish powder was found, resembling graphite. The entire pipe exposed presented many "pittings," all of them being filled with above-described substance. Reference being had to tabulation, sample No. 13, it will be seen that substance found contained a very large percentage of carbon. At points it was very easy to actually shave the pipe with an ordinary pocket knife.

It is of interest to note that, when survey of line was made when temperature was 10 degrees below zero, that reading upon nearest hydrant gave a maximum reading of pipe positive 7 volts. Electrolytic action very pronounced.

Main, South Robert and Wood Streets.—Date, July 18, 1901. Size, 6 inches. Laid May, 1888. Connection between rail and water main, giving reading of 0. to 8 volts, rail positive and 0. to 2 volts, pipe positive, each of about equal duration. Depth of pipe, about 7 feet below surface of ground. Soil, sand, gravel and stones mixed. Dry. Photograph taken marked No. 9. Two samples taken, numbered 17 and 18. Pipe thoroughly incrustated with scale, which, being broken off, permitted pipe to be cut as described in previous article. Electrolytic action very pronounced.

Main, Mississippi Street and Pennsylvania Avenue.—Date, July 22, 1901. Size, 30 inches. Laid 1884. Connection between rail and water main, giving readings of 0. to 4 volts, rail positive and 0. to 1 volt, pipe positive, the latter being of the longest duration. Depth of pipe, about 4 feet from top of pipe to surface of ground. Slightly moist, sandy soil. Photograph taken marked No. 10. Three samples taken, numbered 19 to 21, inclusive. Pipe badly spotted with rust and under rust carbon easily removed by shaving with knife. Soil shows trace of iron deposited upon stones and gravel surrounding pipe.

Main, Jackson and Valley Streets.—Date, July 23, 1901. Size, 16 inches. Laid September, 1887. Connection between rail and water main, giving readings of rail positive 0. to 5.0 volts and of pipe positive 0. to 1.7 volts, pipe positive being of greater duration. Depth of pipe, about 7 feet below surface of the ground. Soil, slightly moist sand. Photograph taken marked No. 11. Three samples taken, numbered 22 to 24, inclusive. Spots and patches of rust appear upon the pipe, which, when removed, show the asphaltum uninjured, but upon removing asphaltum, carbon appeared upon surface and pipe underneath was susceptible of being cut with a pocket knife.

Main, Jackson and Twelfth Streets.—Date, July 23, 1901. Size, 16 inches. Laid May, 1885. Connection between rail and water main, giving readings of rail positive 0. to 4.0 volts and of pipe positive 0. to 1.2 volts, duration of rail positive being very short and only noticeable when car was near. Depth from surface of ground

CHAPTER 1

The photograph taken  
in the morning of 1911 was  
very good, but  
the light was not  
very good in the Valley

East of the Street—

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very good in the Valley

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Main Upon Walnut Street, Near South Line of Seventh Street.—Date, Aug. 24, 1901. Size, 4 inches. Laid prior to 1882. Connection between street car rail and water main on Walnut street, giving rail positive 0. to 1.7 volts, and pipe positive 0. to 0.8 volt. The street car rails upon Seventh street have been relaid this year with welded joints resting upon concrete foundation, but upon Feb. 8, 1901, at which time old track with imperfectly bonded joints was in place, readings between rail and hydrant at the corner were from 2.9 to 8 volts, pipe positive, and at the present time between hydrant and rail are essentially as given above for pipe. Difference in potential between gas lamp post and rail range about 0.3 volt higher than for water main. Difference in potential between earth and pipe 0.2 volt. Photograph taken, marked No. 13, showing the 4-inch pipe and the live box. Three samples taken, numbered from 30 to 32, inclusive. Soil, sandy loam, mixed with broken stone, moist at pipe, very dry near car surface. Depth of pipe, 7 feet. The same general conditions exist as are noted upon pipe Tenth and Jackson streets.

Main Upon Selby Avenue at Nina Avenue.—Date, Aug. 26, 1901. Size, 6 inches. Laid 1884. Connection between street car rail and water main, giving voltmeter reading 1. to 2.1 volts, pipe positive, and ammeter reading of 1.2 ams. Connection between earth and pipe, 0.4 volt; between gas pipe and water main, gas main positive, 0.9 volt. Depth of pipe, 8.5 feet below surface of ground. Soil, gravelly, mixed with sand; slightly moist around pipe, but dry near surface. Photograph taken marked No. 15. Three samples taken, numbered 36 to 38, inclusive.

In excavating at this point a gas service of 1¼-inch wrought iron pipe was encountered almost entirely destroyed. The water main was entirely surrounded by a scale of iron oxide nearly one-half inch in thickness which, when broken off, presented a perfect mold of the pipe, leaving the asphaltum underneath as clean and tight as the day it was put in. This is well shown in the photograph. Underneath asphaltum the same carbon was found deposited in pittings as essentially as elsewhere described, and the pipe welded readily to the pocket knife. This is a very pronounced case.

Main, Lexington and University Avenues.—Exposed at 12-inch by 20-inch cross. Date, Aug. 26, 1901. Laid October, 1888. Connection between street car rail on University avenue and water main

giving readings, voltmeter, 5.8 volts, pipe positive, ammeter, 1.8 ams. Voltmeter between pipe and ground, 0.2 volt; between rail and earth near pipe, 2.0 volts; between rail and trolley pole, 2. volts, pole positive. Depth of pipe, 6 feet. Soil, dry sand. Photograph taken marked No. 16. Three samples were taken, numbered 39 to 41, inclusive. The cross was well covered with spots of iron oxide, lead in joint showed lead carbonate, and in all other essentials this is the same as other cases noted herein.

Thirty-Six-Inch Low Pressure Main Upon Overton Avenue. — Date, Sept. 11, 1901. Two excavations were made, the first 1,000 feet and the second 2,000 feet north of Maryland avenue. Laid in 1884.

One Thousand Feet North of Maryland Avenue.—Connection between earth and pipe giving 0.2 volt, pipe positive. Depth of top of pipe, 2 feet below surface of ground. Soil for 2 feet below surface, moist sand; the remainder to bottom of main, clay and swamp bog. Photograph taken marked No. 17. Three samples taken, numbered 42 to 44, inclusive. Pipe showed spots of iron oxide, and underlying the asphaltum, carbon. No serious damage done.

Two Thousand Feet North of Maryland Avenue.—Connections between earth and main shows the barely perceptible trace of current. Depth to top of pipe, 5 feet. No photograph taken on account of rain. Two samples taken, numbered 45 and 46. Soil, stiff wet clay. This pipe was perfectly bright and clean, barest traces of iron oxide, lead joint clean and no trace of carbonate. Scraped off asphalt and found no traces of carbon underneath. Pipe could not be shaved with knife.

Twenty-Four-Inch High Pressure Service Main, Laid in 1883, Upon Dale Street.—Date, Sept. 13, 1901. Excavation made at a point about 300 feet south of where road to reservoir leaves Dale street. No trace of electrical current between earth and main. Soil, sandy, slightly moist around main. Photograph taken marked No. 23. Depth of pipe, about 8 feet to top of pipe. Samples taken, numbered 47 and 48. This pipe perfectly bright and clean, barest traces of iron oxide, lead joint clean and no trace of lead carbonate. Scraped off asphalt and found that iron could not be shaved with knife. No indication of carbon under asphaltum. This point outside of city limits not marked on map.

Twenty-Four-Inch Main Upon University Avenue, About 80 Feet East of St. Albans Street, Exposing  $\frac{5}{8}$ -Inch Lead Service, to No. 665 University Avenue.—Date, Sept. 18, 1901. Laid Oct. 15, 1888. Connection between street car rail and water main giving the following readings: Upon the voltmeter, 12. to 14.7 volts, pipe positive, and upon the ammeter, 25 to 41 ams. Between earth and pipe, 0.7 volt, pipe positive. Soil, dry sand. Depth of pipe, 5 feet to top of pipe. Photograph taken marked No. 24. Four samples taken, numbered 49 to 52, inclusive.

This main in very bad condition. Large scales of iron oxide upon it, and surrounding pebbles coated with iron oxide. Asphaltum generally clean, but underneath heavy coating of carbon. Pipe easily shaved with knife. Photograph shows  $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch lead service, which is badly coated with carbonate of lead. Brass corporation cock badly corroded. Altogether, in making examinations, great care had to be used to avoid injuring service pipe. Analyses show nothing in the soil which could cause such conditions to exist, and, as before stated, the soil is dry sand.

Lead Service to 2504 University Avenue.—Date, Sept. 18, 1901. Connection between street car rail and lead service gives the following readings: Voltmeter, 0. to 2.7 volts, rail positive, and 0. to 3.3, pipe positive, the latter being of longest duration. Connection between two severed ends of service pipe give voltmeter 1.1 volts, and ammeter 1.5 ams; between earth and pipe, voltmeter 0.4 volt. Pipe badly pitted and covered with lead carbonate. No photograph and no samples taken. Soil, sandy loam, quite moist, this being accounted for by reason of the bursted pipe.

Photograph No. 18 shows a  $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch wrought iron service taken from Hill street. It is introduced only to show the action of an electric current upon the wrought iron, and was taken from ground about one and one-half years ago.

Photograph No. 19 shows a series of service pipes which had to be replaced by reason of bursts. In every instance these lead pipes were coated with lead carbonate, which, according to Professor Weitbrecht, could occur only by reason of an electrical current passing from them.

No. 1 was lead service, from main to drinking fountain at Sixth street and Broadway, originally laid October, 1895. Removed and



replaced with new service May 3, 1901, at a point 40 feet from Broadway line of cars.

No. 2 was lead service, from main to No. 2231 Tainter avenue, originally laid August, 1891. Removed and replaced with new service April 4, 1901. Location of this pipe, four blocks from car line.

Nos. 3 and 6 was lead service, from main to No. 740 Pleasant avenue, originally laid in 1890. Removed and replaced with new service 1897.

No. 4 was lead service, from main to No. 1680 Capitol avenue, originally laid September, 1891. Removed and replaced with new service June 1, 1901.

No. 5 was lead service, from main to No. 365 Jackson street, originally laid April, 1881. Removed and replaced with new service October, 1899.

No. 7 was lead service, from main to No. 245 West Seventh street, originally laid April, 1875. Removed and replaced with new service December, 1899.

No. 8 was lead service, from main to No. 473 Jackson street, originally laid September, 1883. Removed and replaced with new service May 9, 1901. The sample shown of the pipe removed came from directly under the rails of the street car tracks.

No. 9 was lead service, from main to No. 20 East Eighth street, originally laid June 1, 1895. Removed and replaced with new service May 11, 1901. This also came from under street car tracks.

No. 10 was lead service, from main to No. 622 Rondo street, originally laid October, 1888. Removed and replaced with new service July, 1900.

Nos. 11 and 12 were two curb cocks, laid within 18 inches of each other upon East Fifth street, east of Cedar street. A wire was connected to them—presumably from the lightning arrester located upon an iron pole belonging to the Street Railway Company. Leaks were developed, and upon digging down the workmen received an electrical shock whilst disconnecting wire. The wires have been removed. Cocks removed October, 1900.

No. 13 was wrought iron service, laid July, 1890, to No. 740 Pleasant avenue. Removed May 14, 1901.

All of these samples have been taken from widely divergent portions of the city and represent but a very small percentage of

"bursts" which have been repaired. It is of interest to note that, though the examples are widely diffused, they all come within the area designated as dangerous by red figures upon the map.

Many instances of pipe failure have been reported by plumbers, which they ascribed to "something in the soil eating up the pipes," and they were right; but, by reference to Professor Weitbrecht's analyses, this "something" was not chemical.

Photographs No. 20 and No. 21.—Lead service pipes which were removed from the Court House and City Hall. For the past two years there has been constant complaint of failure of service pipes within the grounds and in the Court House and City Hall. In every instance where the pipe laid outside of the building the failure has been attributed to carelessness upon the part of the employes, by reason of their having permitted water to freeze and burst the pipes, but this is proved to be incorrect.

Nos. 1, 2 and 3 were taken from under the basement of the building in the winter of 1900, having been placed in position when the building was erected.

Connection between Fourth street rail and the pipes gave readings of 1.8 volts, pipe positive.

No. 4 is from the sprinkler service upon the Fourth street side of the building. In the spring of 1899 the section between points A and C was put in to replace a burst in the pipe. In the spring of 1901 the lead joint marked B was wiped onto the pipe to repair a small leak, and, finally, a few days prior to July 10, 1901, another leak was developed about midway between A and B, and the piece of pipe shown had to be removed. Reading of ammeter between cut ends gives 0.5 ams. The entire lawn sprinkling system is closed off each winter and the pipes drained, so bursts cannot be attributed to freezing, added to which, note that last burst occurred in July, between two and three months after lawn sprinkling commenced, and that the pipe had been laid only two years previously.

Photograph No. 22 speaks for itself, and all that has been written regarding lead service in front of No. 665 University avenue, near St. Albans street, will apply to it.

In conclusion, I beg to call to your attention that the excavations made fully justified the assumption of probable electrolytic action at the points assumed, and by inspection of the map it will

be found that the danger area is very large, much of it being in the heart of the city, jeopardizing much property in case of a failure of water supply during a conflagration.

Respectfully submitted,

O. CLAUSSEN,  
*City Engineer.*

**CHEMICAL ANALYSES**

**AND**

**REPORT THEREON**

**ACCOMPANYING**

**REPORT UPON ELECTROLYSIS**

**WITHIN**

**THE CITY OF ST. PAUL**

**MINNESOTA.**

---

**1901.**



## REPORT ON CHEMICAL ANALYSES.

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*Mr. Oscar Claussen, City Engineer:*

From time to time, from June 28th to August 26th of this year, I have received from the bridge engineer, Mr. Edmondstone, samples of earthy matter taken from and near the city water mains. These samples were marked: "From Pipe," "Surrounding Earth," "Scrapings from under Asphaltum." There were forty-one (41) samples in all. Besides these, five samples remote from the water mains, but characteristic samples of the sands of this vicinity, were collected by myself. All these samples were subject to analysis to determine their chemical composition. Attached is tabulation 1, showing the sources of the samples collected by Mr. Edmondstone, together with the analysis of each.

Tabulation 2 consists of all the samples of tabulation 1 that were marked "From Pipe."

Tabulation 3 consists of all samples of No. 1 that were marked "Surrounding Earth."

Tabulation 4 consists of all samples of No. 1 that were marked "Scrapings from under Asphaltum."

Tabulation 5 consists of the five samples collected from sources remote from water mains.

The samples "From Pipe" were uniformly colored with iron stain. This iron stain is usually called oxide of iron; more properly speaking, it is hydrated oxide and carbonate of iron. The iron compounds in each case were very soluble in dilute hydrochloric acid. The insoluble material consisted of silica or sand similar in color and appearance to the ordinary drift sand that is spread over the surface of the city of St. Paul. These samples consisted of a scale-like formation of sand and carbonate of iron, forming a sort of an iron cement about the pipe. In some instances it was half an inch thick. This matter I shall allude to below in connection with the matter of the "Scrapings from under Asphaltum" and electrical action.

## TABULATION I—Continued.

Number.		Moisture.	Silica and Insoluble Matter.	Iron Oxide.	Aluminum Oxide.	Calcium and Magnesium Carbonate.	Lead Carbonate.	Remarks.
21	Surrounding earth, Mississippi and Pennsylvania.	1.2	93.6	5.2	.....	1.0	.....	
22	Scrapings under asphaltum, Jackson and Valley streets.....	3.35	70.	26.9	.....	.....	.....	
23	From pipe, Jackson and Valley streets.....	2.0	84.2	13.2	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon
24	Surrounding earth, Jackson and Valley streets.....	3.1	93.3	3.1	.....	.....	.....	
25	From pipe, Jackson and Twelfth streets.....	5.4	65.3	22.5	.....	7.0	.....	
26	Surrounding earth, Jackson and Twelfth streets....	3.6	64.5	11.5	.....	20.6	.....	
27	Scrapings under asphaltum, Jackson and Twelfth streets.....	4.5	75.4	19.6	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon
28	Surrounding earth 150 feet north from Jackson on Tenth street.....	5.3	87.3	6.4	.....	.7	.....	
29	Earth adjacent to pipe 150 feet north from Jackson on Tenth street.....	2.3	88.5	6.4	.....	2.6	.....	
30	Surrounding earth, Seventh and Walnut streets....	1.7	48.3	9.8	1.7	38.0	.....	
31	From pipe, Seventh and Walnut streets.....	3.1	48.0	28.7	0.7	19.6	.....	
32	Scrapings under asphaltum, Seventh and Walnut streets.....	7.84	13.72	78.43	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon
33	Surrounding earth, Jackson and Tenth streets.....	3.1	68.8	20.1	1.3	6.8	.....	
34	From pipe, Jackson and Tenth streets.....	2.4	88.9	8.1	.....	.....	.....	
35	Scrapings under asphaltum, Jackson and Tenth streets.....	.0	44.44	55.55	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon
36	Surrounding earth, Selby and Nina.....	5.7	89.5	3.6	.....	0.7	.....	
37	From pipe, Selby and Nina	1.7	88.2	9.6	.....	trace	.....	
38	Scrapings under asphaltum, Selby and Nina....	4.6	39.0	56.4	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon
39	Surrounding earth, University and Lexington..	2.0	93.6	4.3	.....	trace	.....	
40	From pipe, University and Lexington.....	1.5	88.7	9.5	.....	1.0	.....	
41	Scrapings under asphaltum, Lexington and University.....	5.66	62.26	32.08	.....	.....	.....	Residue largely carbon

# REPORT ON ELECTROLYSIS.

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## TABULATION 2.

Grouping of Samples from Tabulation Marked "From Pipe" Showing the Amount of Iron and Lead in Each.

Number.		Iron Oxide.	Lead Carbonate	Magnesium and Calcium Carbonate.
1	Eagle and Washington .....	28.5	.....	.....
2	Eagle and Hill .....	18.2	.....	3.6
3	Front of People's Church.....	22.0	.....	3.2
4	Between Cedar and Minnesota on Eighth.....	16.5	.....	9.
7	Court House yard.....	0.55	83.7	.....
9	Dale Street, opposite power station.	8.2	.....	trace
12	Seventh and Ross.....	13.5	.....	.....
15	South Wabasha and Delos.....	4.5	.....	.....
16	South Wabasha and Delos.....	17.8	.....	.....
17	South Robert and Wood.....	7.5	.....	.....
19	Mississippi and Pennsylvania.....	12.6	.....	0.5
23	Jackson and Valley.....	13.2	.....	.....
25	Jackson and Twelfth.....	22.5	.....	7.
31	Seventh and Walnut.....	28.7	.....	19.6
34	Jackson and Tenth.....	8.1	.....	.....
37	Selby and Nina.....	9.6	.....	trace
40	University and Lexington.....	9.5	.....	1.0

## TABULATION 3.

Grouping of Samples From Tabulation Marked "Surrounding Earth," Showing Amount of Iron Oxide in Each.

Number.		Iron Oxide.	Aluminum Oxide.	Magnesia and Calcium Carbonates.
4	In front of People's Church.....	4.5	.....	6.8
5	Cedar and Minnesota, on Eighth ..	2.5	.....	6.
8	Court House yard.....	15.5	9.5	.....
10	Dale street, opposite power station.	1.2	.....	8.1
11	Seventh and Phalen.....	5.3	.....	.....
14	South Wabasha and Delos streets...	4.1	.....	.....
18	South Robert and Wood streets...	2.8	.....	6.
21	Mississippi street and Pennsylvania avenue.....	5.2	.....	1.0
24	Jackson and Valley streets.....	3.1	.....	.....
26	Jackson and Twelfth streets.....	11.5	.....	20.6
28	150 feet north of Jackson on Tenth	6.4	.....	.7
30	Seventh and Walnut streets.....	9.8	1.7	38.
33	Jackson and Tenth streets.....	20.1	1.3	6.8
36	Selby and Nina.....	3.6	.....	.7
39	University and Lexington.....	4.3	.....	trace.



## REPORT ON ELECTROLYSIS.

## TABULATION 4.

Grouping of Samples From Tabulation Marked "Scrapings From Asphaltum,"  
Showing Amount of Iron Oxide, &c.

Number.		Iron Oxide.	Silica and Insoluble Carbon.
13	South Wabasha and Delos streets.....	25.2	68.0
20	Mississippi street and Pennsylvania avenue.....	11.2	79.34
22	Jackson and Valley streets.....	26.9	70.
27	Jackson and Twelfth streets.....	19.6	75.4
32	Summit avenue and Walnut street.....	13.7	78.43
35	Jackson and Tenth streets.....	55.55	44.44
38	Selby and Nina avenues.....	56.4	39.
41	Lexington and University avenues... ..	32.08	62.26

In all the samples of this table the silica and insoluble matter consisted largely of carbon.

## TABULATION 5.

Sands From Sources Remote From Water Mains.

	Moisture.	Silica and Insoluble Matter.	Iron Oxide.
New sewer, Central avenue, near Victoria street. ....	2.5	9.6	1.1
New sewer, Central avenue, near Nash, from T. C. R. T. Co.'s gravel pit on Mississippi street line.....	2.7	95.4	0.6
From Curtis stone yard .....	2.0	97.1	0.8
New sewer, new market house .....	5.2	94.	0.4
Bank, Park and University avenues.....	0.0	99.1	0.4

## TABULATION.

Number.		Moisture.	Silica and Insoluble Matter.	Iron Oxide.	Aluminum.	Calcium Magnesia Carbonate.
	FROM PIPE.	.				
42	1,000 feet north of Maryland street.....	4.1	90.7	3.7	0.7	0.4
45	2,000 feet north of Maryland street.....	5.5	86.0	7.3	5.0	2.0
47	300 feet south from Reservoir road in Dale street immediately surrounding pipe.....	1.7	95.0	3.1	0.0	trace.
	SURROUNDING EARTH.					
43	1,000 feet north of Maryland street.....	.7	95.6	2.5	6.5	0.4
46	2,000 feet north of Maryland street.....	6.6	88.5	4.0	.5	trace.
48	Dale street 300 feet south from Reservoir road, 18 inches from pipe... ..	1.4	97.7	0.6	.0	trace.
	SCRAPINGS UNDER ASPHALTUM.					
44	1,000 feet north of Maryland street.....	6.0	52.5	40.0	largely carbon	

The notes coming with the above samples gave the voltage in Nos. 42,

43 and 44 as..... .2 volts.  
 Nos. 45 and 46 as..... .3 volts.  
 Nos. 47 and 48 as..... .0 volts.

A comparison of the percentum of iron oxide in these samples as compared with those in tabulation 2 and 3 is very significant. In tabulation 2 "From Pipe" the iron compounds were very high, while in these samples from pipe they are low, with the exception of the sample taken from under asphalt, when the iron compound is 40 per cent. Again, in samples 47 and 48, taken from pipe and surrounding earth, when there was no voltage the iron compounds are still lower. That of No. 47 shows more than the average amount of iron in the vicinity, while that of 48 is normal sand.

No. 47 shows that at some time there has been a slight amount of current escaping. Probably this occurred at some season of the year when the soils in the vicinity of the pipe were very dry.

The following is the analysis of the free samples from in front of residence No. 665 University avenue, near St. Albans street:

Number.		Moisture.	Silica and insoluble Matter.	Iron Oxide.	Alumina.	Lead Carbonate.	Magnesia and Calcium Carbonate.
49	From pipe.....	0.3	94.3	4.9	0.3	.....	trace
50	Surrounding earth.....	0.8	94.7	3.9	0.4	.....	trace
51	Under asphaltum.....	21.9	63.12	14.7	.....	.....	.....
52	Lead carbonate.....	1.23	13.68	7.42	.....	77.42	.....

In sample No. 52, under the head of Silica and Insoluble Matter, there was 6.19 per cent of lead metal.

In sample No. 51, under the head of Silica and Insoluble Matter, there was a small amount of carbon. The great mass of insoluble matter consisted of silica.

Comparison of new lead service pipe taken from water department's stock and old service pipe taken out of earth.

In making this comparison three samples of each were taken. These samples were slightly over an inch in length. They were made as near a uniform length as a skilled mechanic could make them with micrometer and tools. Nos. 1, 2 and 3 are samples of new pipe. Nos. 4, 5 and 6, samples of the old pipe. The following are the weights and volume and specific gravities of the new pipes:

No.	Weight in Grains.	Volume in Cubic Centimeters.	Specific Gravity.
1	133.735	11.748	11.383
2	133.496	11.729	11.381
3	134.871	11.854	11.386
4	114.582	.....	.....
5	118.200	.....	.....
6	116.175	.....	.....

There is, as expected, a slight error in the volume. No. 2 is .019 cubic centimeters less than No. 1. No. 3 is .106 cubic centimeters more than No. 1.

A comparison of Nos. 4, 5 and 6 with Nos. 1, 2 and 3, shows a great loss of weight. The average weight of the samples Nos. 1, 2 and 3 is.....134.034 grains  
The average of 4, 5 and 6 is.....116.319 grains

The loss of Weight is..... 17.715 grains or 13.2 %.

There still were particles of lead carbonate adhering to the samples 4, 5 and 6, which would slightly increase the difference in weight were they to be removed; however, not materially.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE WEITBRECHT.

From record of board meeting Dec. 11, 1901:

"A report was received from A. J. Stobbart, assistant corporation attorney, on the report of the city engineer on the electrical survey and examination of the water mains and pipes of this city. Report was received and placed on file, and the secretary directed to send a formal demand to the St. Paul City Railway Company, directing said company to take proper steps looking to the adoption of some new system or to change the existing one under which cars are operated, so as to prevent any further damage to the water supply system of St. Paul." \* \* \*

## LAW DEPARTMENT.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Dec. 9, 1901.

*To the Board of Water Commissioners,*

GENTLEMEN: I have yours of the 12th ultimo, transmitting the report of City Engineer Claussen upon the electrical survey and examination of the water mains and pipes of the city, conducted by him at the request of your board for the purpose of ascertaining the extent to which said water supply system has been and is now being affected by the action of electrolysis, caused by

escaping street railway currents, said reports being accompanied by some twenty-six photographs and map showing results of said survey and a report from Professor Weitbrecht showing results of a chemical analysis made by him in connection with said investigation.

I am requested by said communication to advise as to the proper action to be taken by your board in order that further damage to the water system may be prevented.

The report embraces the results of an electrical survey by voltmeter measurement tests of the water mains and pipes along about forty-three miles of double and fifteen miles of single track operated by the street railway company, and also along a number of streets running parallel and at right angles to the different street railway lines and also upon the actual physical condition of the water pipes disclosed by excavations, and of a chemical analysis of the pipe so uncovered and of the earth surrounding said pipes.

The report establishes beyond a doubt that electrolysis, or decay of water pipes from the effects of stray electric street railway current exists in all parts of the city of St. Paul and is not confined to the mains and pipes located in streets over which the lines of the railway company are operated; that at every point where an excavation for inspection of mains and pipes was made the characteristics of electrolysis were shown to exist, and while the mains do not show evidence of serious injury the various tests demonstrated conclusively that accumulative damage is caused to the system, and at points it was very easy to actually shave the pipe with an ordinary pocket knife.

Mr. Claussen suggests that the only remedy which can be adopted to overcome this serious menace to a full and proper water supply is to compel the adoption by the street railway company of a complete metallic circuit, insulated from the rails and ground, providing a conductor for the return of the current to the substation rotary transformer as perfect as the conductor that is provided to supply the energy along the railway lines for driving the motors, and that this can be done by the adoption of the so-called underground circuit system or the double trolley system.

As a means of temporary relief he suggests that the railway company be required to maintain its tracks in a first-class condition by putting in large rails and welded joints, or by installing

and properly maintaining bonds of the same electrical carrying capacity as the rails. The report, however, indicates that no matter how well the rails were, by this examination, found to be bonded, there was a perceptible leakage resulting in electrolytic action.

As I stated to you in my communication of Nov. 19, 1900, a full and adequate supply of water is of greater importance to the inhabitants of this city than a street car service, and that if the present system under which the street railway is operated results in an injury to the city's water system so as to impair its efficiency, the railway company should be called upon to so change said system as to remove the cause of said injury.

I would therefore respectfully suggest that your board call upon the street railway company to so change its system as to eliminate any possibility of further injury to the city's water system, and that in case the said railway company fails within a reasonable time to so change its system, proceedings will be commenced against it to enforce the rights of your board.

I submit herewith a form of demand for your approval, and I return all papers handed me in connection with this matter.

Respectfully yours,

ARTHUR J. STOBART,  
*Asst. Corporation Attorney.*

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ST. PAUL, MINN., Dec. 12, 1901.

*The St. Paul City Railway Company, St. Paul, Minn.,*

GENTLEMEN: The results of an electrical survey and examination of the water mains and pipes forming the supply system of the city of St. Paul, made under the direction of this board for the purpose of ascertaining to what extent said mains and pipes were affected by electrolytic action indicate conclusively that electrolysis or decay of water pipes from the effects of stray electric street railway currents exist in all parts of the water distribution system of the city of St. Paul, and that this leakage of current is

brought about by the system under which the various lines of street railway are operated by you in this city.

It is further represented to this board that the trouble complained of can be overcome only by the adoption of the so-called underground conduit or double trolley system, but that to some extent existing conditions may be improved by maintaining tracks in a first-class condition and by putting in large rails and welded joints, or by installing and properly maintaining bonds of the same electrical carrying capacity as the rails.

In view of the damage the water system has already sustained from this cause and of the greater damage it will undoubtedly sustain in the future in case the present system is continued in use by your company, the Board of Water Commissioners, at a meeting held on December 11th, instructed me to address a communication to you directing that your company take the proper steps looking to the adoption of some new system or to so change the existing one under which the cars are operated as to prevent any further damage to the water supply system of the city of St. Paul, and that in case your said company fails within a reasonable time so to adopt or change the system, in order that future damage may be prevented, legal proceedings will be commenced by this board for the enforcement of its rights and for the full and proper protection of the city's water supply.

I am also directed to further notify your said company that this board will hold your company liable for any and all damages sustained to the water system of the city of St. Paul by reason of stray electric street railway currents.

Respectfully yours,

JOHN CAULFIELD,  
*Secretary.*

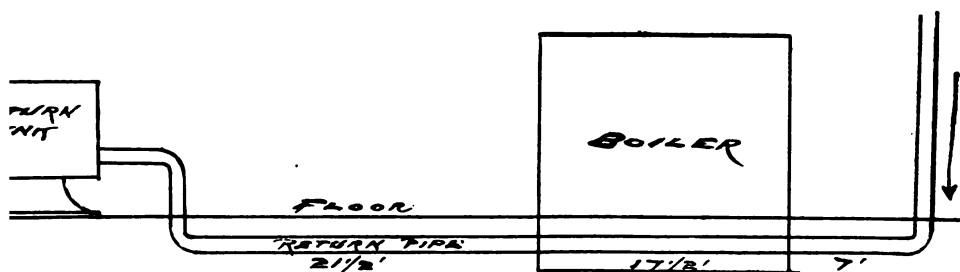
#### REPORT OF INJURY TO RETURN PIPE OF THE STEAM PLANT AT THE MECHANIC ARTS HIGH SCHOOL BY ELECTROLYSIS.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 18, 1901.

*Hon. Bernard Zimmermann, President Board of School Inspectors,*

DEAR SIR: On the morning of November 6th, the engineer of

this and the Madison building reported to me that the common return pipe of the two buildings had burst, and that the water was flooding the boiler room floor.



This return pipe is 46 feet long. It collects the condensation from the two buildings at the rear of the boiler, passing under the boiler to the return tank in front of the boiler. It is buried in the soil, save where it passes under the boiler. The 7 feet to the right of the boiler shows some degeneration. The 17½ feet under the boiler none; the 21½ feet to the left of the boiler, a great deal of degeneration. This portion of the pipe was covered with a scale varying from ⅛ inch to ¼ inch in thickness. The under surface was more affected than the top. At one place the metal was reduced to the thickness of a sheet of paper. At this point the pipe burst.

The incrustation surrounding the pipe consisted of carbonate of oxide of iron.

The appearance of the pipe indicated that it had been subject to electric currents. To determine this I had Mr. McClintock take measurements between the boiler plant and the Twin City Rapid Transit Company's tracks on Wabasha street. These measurements showed that there was a difference of 2-3 volts and 6-8 amperes of current with the plant + to the rail.

On Sunday, the 10th inst., at 4:30 a. m., Mr. McClintock made another test; this test showed an appreciable amount of voltage. As he was winding up the wire the early mail car passed down Wabasha street. The oncoming of this car was no doubt the cause of the small amount of voltage shown by the instrument.

On the 13th inst., an iron stake 6 feet long and 1 inch in diame-



ter, was driven into the earth in the building. The instruments put in circuit with this stake and the boiler plant showed deflections of the galvanometer needle and 1-10 volts by the voltmeter.

This experiment was to determine if the current that before was proven to be in the plant was passing off the plant into the ground. It was conclusive that such was the case. This current was simply a short current. How much was passing off through the "blow off" pipes, four in number, buried in moist earth and aggregating at least 100 feet in length, we could not determine without disconnecting the boiler plant from these "blow off" pipes.

Such an electrical connection, without any doubt, will cause the effects produced on the return pipe mentioned above.

Chemical analysis were made of the earth surrounding the return pipe and the scale taken from the same.

The following are the results:

	Soil.	Scale.
Water .....	.7	1.4
Silica and Insoluble Matter.....	81.8	5.8
Iron Oxide .....	9.6	84.3
Alumina Oxide .....	2.9	
Magnesia and Cal. Carbonate.....	4.2	

The character of the iron in the soil was its ready soluble character in dilute hydrochloric acid, showing the recent deposition of the same. The silica remaining in analysis was similar in appearance to the ordinary sand drift of this vicinity; the sands of this vicinity contain from 4-10 of 1 per cent to 1-1-10 per cent of iron oxide. The iron oxide in the soil from about the pipe was over 9 per cent. Had the deterioration been caused by ordinary rusting it would not have been disseminated through the earth surrounding the pipe. If the damage was done by an electrical current passing off the pipe in the presence of moisture and carbonic acid, the iron would be disseminated through the surrounding earth.

There is no question but the damage was done by the escaping electric currents. There is also no question but that the electric currents came into the plant from the rails of the Twin City Rapid Transit Company's tracks.

Respectfully submitted,

GEORGE WEITBRECHT,  
*Principal.*

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 16, 1901.

*Mr. Geo. Weitbrecht, Prin. Mechanic Arts High School,*

DEAR SIR: I have the following report to make respecting the electric currents existing in and about our boiler plants.

On Wednesday, November 6th, the day on which the break in the return pipe was discovered, a connection was made between the return tank and the street car track. A number of pieces of copper wire, the smallest being No. 12 B. & S., were used in making this connection. The wires were strung on dry wooden horses, to prevent connection with the wet ground. The weather was clear, temperature about 40 degrees F.; the slight snow on the ground was thawing. The voltmeter showed a difference of potential of two volts between the boiler system and the tracks, the return tank being positive.

The maximum strength of this current was shown to be 6 amperes and the average strength was 5.5 amperes. These observations were taken at noon. At about the same time the following day, Thursday, November 7th, these observations were repeated with practically the same results. On Sunday morning, November 10th, at 4:30 o'clock, the same connections were made, but the voltmeter showed practically no current. The needle of the instrument merely wavered, and so slightly that no reading could be made.

Of course the ammeter also showed the existence of an exceedingly small current—so small that we were unable to estimate the quantity, although we were using an ammeter graduated in tenths of an ampere. About fifteen minutes after we had finished our observations and were winding up the wire, the early morning mail car passed. This would explain the existence of the slight current just mentioned.

Another test was made on Wednesday afternoon, November 13th. An iron rod, 1 inch in diameter and 6 feet long was driven into the ground in the basement of the school and about 20 feet distant from the return tank. Connection was made between this iron bar and the return tank, and upon introducing a galvanoscope a current was found to be passing from the boiler plant to the earth. The difference of potential as shown by the Weston voltmeter was found to be 1-10 of a volt.

In all of the above tests it was found that the boiler plant was

positive—i. e., that electrode from which the current was passing and upon which the oxygen resulting from decomposition of water would accumulate.

Respectfully submitted,  
W. H. McCLINTOCK.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 22, 1901.

*Mr. John Caulfield, Secretary Water Dept.,*

DEAR SIR: I send you herewith copy of a report made to the president of the school board, Mr. B. Zimmermann, with regard to the electrolysis that affected a return pipe of the steam plant of the school building located at the corner of Wabasha and Central. This report will probably be of interest to you in connection with the report on electrolysis of the water pipe system.

Yours very truly,  
O. CLAUSSEN,  
*City Engineer.*

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Nov. 26, 1901.

*A. J. Stobbart, Esq., Asst. Corporation Attorney, City,*

DEAR SIR: I herewith enclose you copy of report of Professor Weitbrecht, principal of the Manual Training School, to the president of the school board, under date of November 18th, with reference to the damage to the steam pipes on account of electrolytic action. This report was submitted to me by Oscar Claussen, city engineer, thinking it would probably be of interest to this department in connection with his report on electrolysis. Please preserve these papers and return them to me with the other reports which you have, at as early date as possible, as it is the desire of the board that it take such action as you think proper. It is also desired to have the report printed as soon as possible.

Very truly yours,  
JOHN CAULFIELD,  
*Secretary.*

*To the Members of the American Water Works Association:*

Your Special Committee on Electrolysis, appointed to make recommendations for the guidance of the Association in dealing with the problem, and to formulate, for your approval, an expression of the attitude of the Association on this question, respectfully begs to submit herewith its report:

The following facts are established:

1. A very large number of mains and service pipes have been already actually destroyed by the stray return currents of electric railways operating under the single trolley system, many instances of such destruction of pipes by these currents having been reported from practically every city where the single trolley system has been in use for any considerable length of time. Even where the action is too slow to be immediately discovered, the life of the mains and service pipes is inevitably greatly shortened and their value thereby necessarily proportionately decreased.

2. In the single trolley system, no matter how large the capacity of the return feeders, nor how good the bonding of the rails, and even when the continuous rail is used, some electric current will, under the law of divided circuits, flow along the water pipes, the amount of this current bearing the same proportion to the total current used, that the conductivity of the return path of which the water pipes form a part, bears to the total conductivity of all the return paths offered to the current. As neither the rails nor the pipes can practically be insulated from the soil in which they are laid, the proportion of current conveyed by the pipes is considerable, even with the best track-bondage known to modern science, including the welded joint.

3. The electric current, once on the pipes, must leave them to return to its source, the generator; and wherever the current leaves the pipes to pass through the soil, the pipes are damaged.

4. Electrolysis also results from differences in potential between water pipes and any other underground metal conductor such as gas pipes, and as long as the return current is not entirely removed from the earth, such action will continue.

5. The extent of the electrolytic injury at any point is directly proportionate to the number of amperes of current leaving the pipe. The smallest measurable difference of potential is sufficient to produce electrolysis.

6. A cast-iron water main is not a continuous electric conductor, and its joints offer very much higher resistance than an equal length of the plain pipe.

7. The inevitable effect of any resistance at the joints is to cause a part of the current carried on the pipes to be shunted around the joint either through the soil on the outside or through the water on the inside, or by both paths.

8. Wherever the current leaves the pipe to pass around the joint, either outside or inside, or both, the pipe is injured. The action of the fraction of an ampere flowing around successive joints will in time do great aggregate damage to any cast-iron main on which it flows.

Your Committee is convinced, after careful consideration of reliable data on the subject, that there is no known practical method by which owners of underground pipes can protect them against electrolytic injury from single trolley currents, but that there are two methods of operating electric railways by which the return currents can be kept out of the ground: namely, the conduit system as in use in New York City and in Washington, D. C., and the double overhead trolley system as operated in Cincinnati, Ohio, and on suburban lines in the District of Columbia.

The conduit system is more expensive to construct, and is peculiarly adapted to the larger cities. The first cost of installing a double trolley system would be a little greater than that of a single trolley system for the same service; while the cost of converting an existing single trolley system to a double trolley system would be trifling as compared with the enormous interests endangered by the single trolley current.

Ten years experience with the double trolley in Cincinnati proves that that system is entirely practical, possesses many advantages over the single trolley, is more economical in operation and maintenance, and that it completely stops the injury to the pipes.

Your committee therefore respectfully makes the following recommendations:

1. Street railway companies should be compelled, as are electric light companies, and all other electric power companies, to provide a complete metallic circuit for their current, absolutely insulated from the rails and ground. This will keep the return currents out

of the ground and off the pipes, and can be accomplished either by the conduit system or by the double overhead trolley system.

2. No connections by which a current is carried to the pipe, or induced to flow thereon, should be allowed from pipes to rails, or to other return conductors; and no other alleged remedy which permits the mains to carry any portion of the return current, should be countenanced by those in charge of water works plants. Even the failure to prohibit or to protest against such connections might be construed by law to be a tacit consent on the part of the water works management to the use of the pipes as conductors, and might relieve the electric railway company from responsibility for the injury which would inevitably result if the mains were allowed to convey current.

In the further discharge of the duties for which it was appointed, your committee respectfully submits for your approval the following preamble and resolutions, as an expression of the attitude of this Association on the question of electrolysis:

"WHEREAS, The report of the special committee on electrolysis shows that wherever the single trolley system is in use, a portion of the return electric current will flow on the water pipes, and that whenever water pipes become positive to rails or gas pipes or other underground metal structures, the water pipes are injured; and that whenever water mains, whether positive or negative to the rails, convey electric current, they are liable to injury thereby, near the joints; and,

"WHEREAS, It further appears from the said report that there is no known practical method by which owners of water pipes can protect themselves against electrolytic injury resulting from the operation of single trolley cars, but that electric railways may, by means of the conduit system or of the double overhead trolley system, be operated successfully and economically and without any injury to the water pipes; now, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That the American Water Works Association, as a national organization, herewith unanimously maintains that street railways have no right to so operate their cars as to cause injury and destruction to water pipes; and be it further

"Resolved, That street railways now operating under the single trolley system ought to be required to remove their return current

from the ground, and that if they continue to operate by current transmitted from the power station to motors on the cars, they should be required to provide a complete metallic circuit of sufficient capacity to convey all the current, and in a manner absolutely to insulate it from the rails and from the earth."

DABNEY H. MAURY,

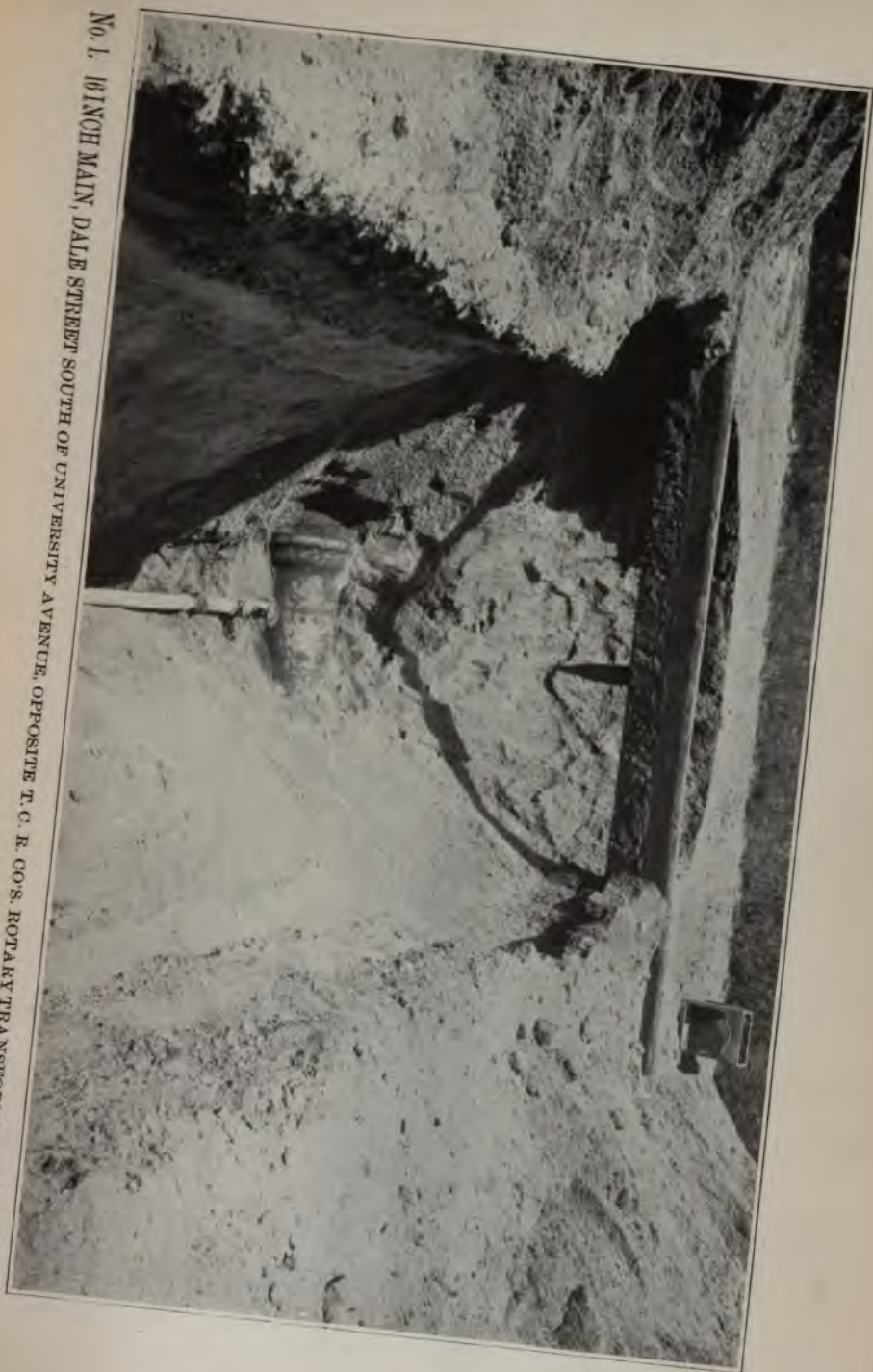
G. H. BENZENBURG,

J. WALDO SMITH,

*Special Committee on Electrolysis.*

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The resolutions were adopted by the American Water Works Association at its convention held in New York City in June, 1901.



No. 1. 16 INCH MAIN, DALE STREET SOUTH OF UNIVERSITY AVENUE, OPPOSITE T. C. R. COS. ROTARY TRANSFORMERS. JULY 11, 1901.





NO. 4. 6 INCH MAIN, PLEASANT AVENUE IN FRONT OF PEOPLES CHURCH. JUNE 28, 1901.

No. 5. 16 INCH MAIN, DALE STREET-100 FEET SOUTH OF SELBY AVENUE. JUNE 19, 1901.





No. 6. 16 INCH MAIN, EAST SEVENTH STREET AND PHALEN AVENUE. JULY 15, 1901.



No. 5. 16 INCH MAIN, DALE STREET—100 FEET SOUTH OF SELBY AVENUE. JUNE 19, 1901.



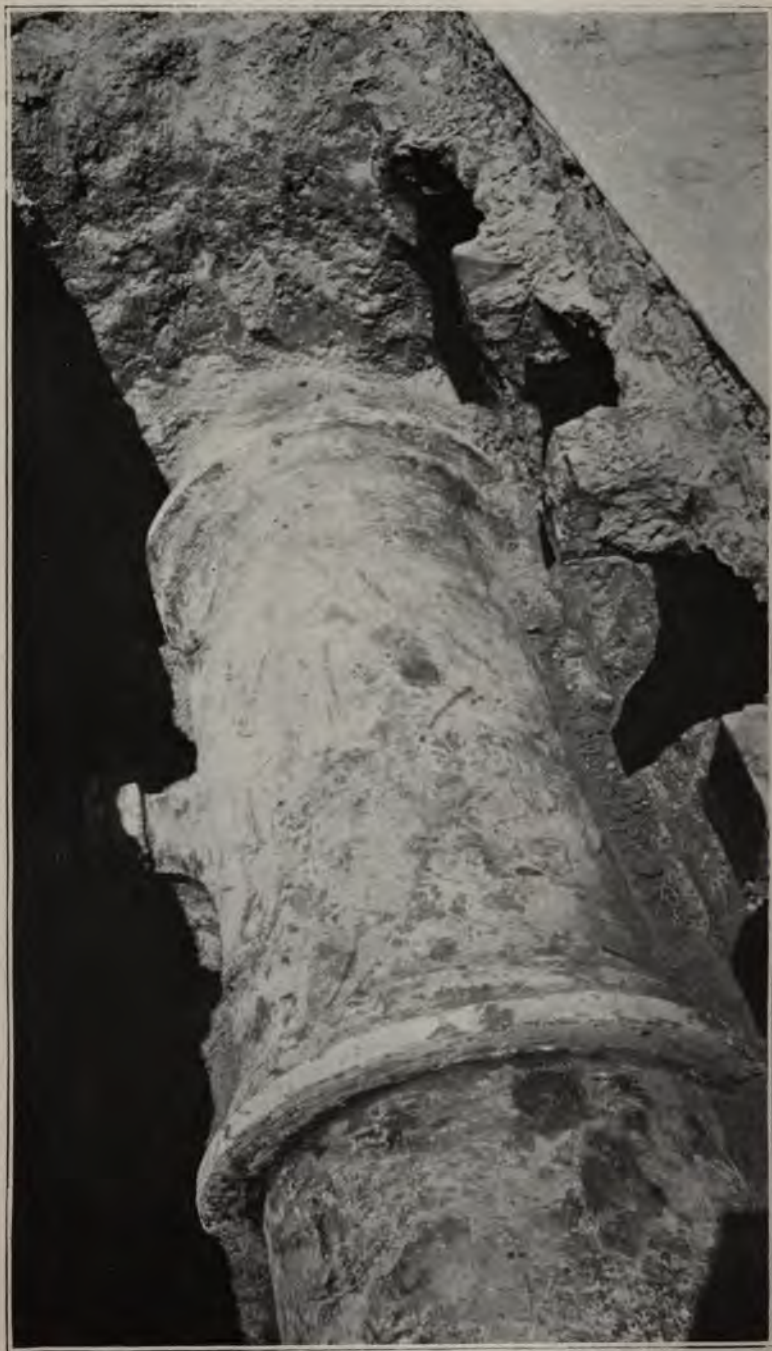


No. 8. 6 INCH CROSS, SOUTH WABASHA AND DELOS STREETS. JULY 17, 1901.

No. 9. 6 INCH MAIN, SOUTH ROBERT AND WOOD STREETS. JULY 18, 1901.







No. 10. 30 INCH MAIN, MISSISSIPPI STREET AND PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. JULY 22, 1901.



No. 9. 6 INCH MAIN, SOUTH ROBERT AND WOOD STREETS. JULY 18, 1901.





No. 12. 16 INCH MAIN, JACKSON AND TWELFTH STREETS. JULY 24, 1901.

No. 18. 4 INCH MAIN, ON WALNUT STREET SOUTH OF SEVENTH STREET. AUGUST 24, 1901.





No. 14. 12 INCH MAIN, TENTH AND JACKSON STREETS. AUGUST 24, 1901.

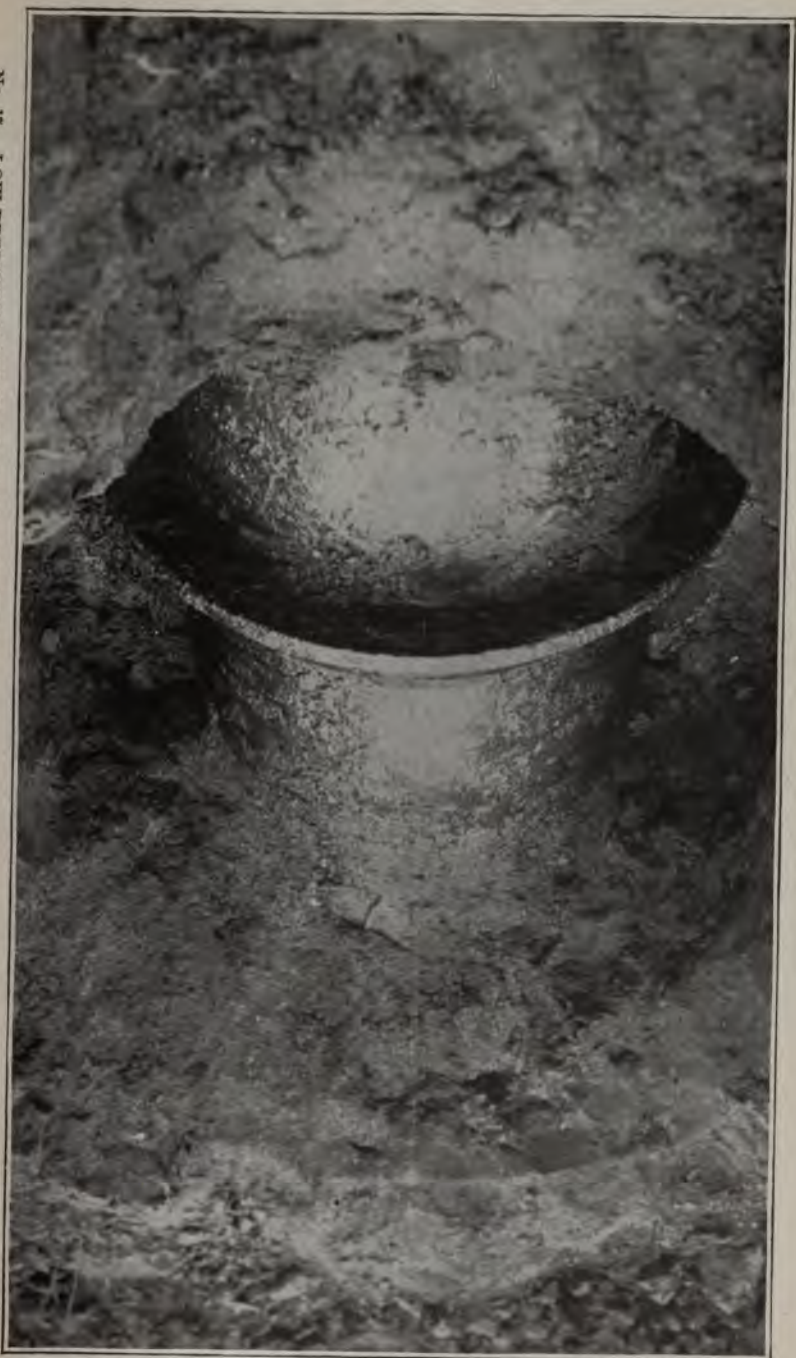




No. 15. 6 INCH MAIN, SELBY AVENUE AND NINA AVENUE. AUGUST 16, 1901.



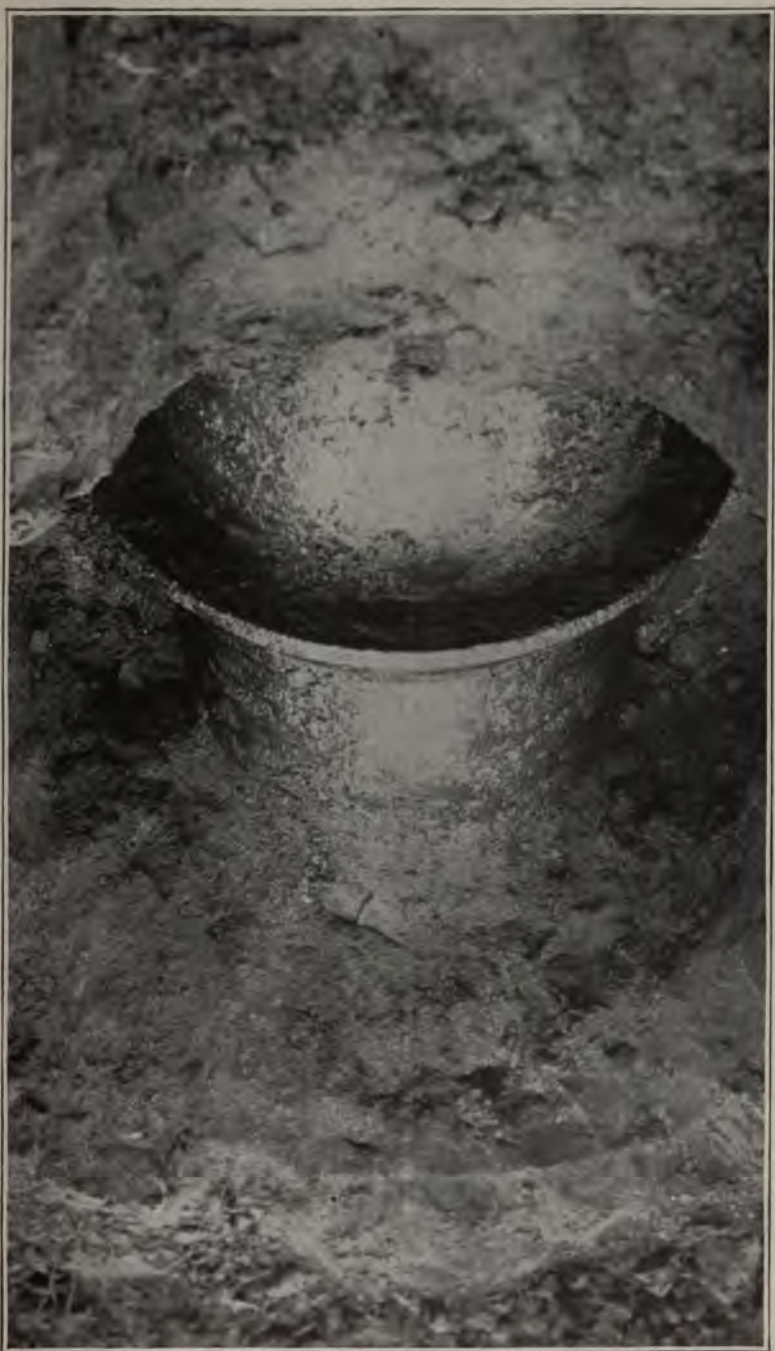
No. 14. 12 INCH MAIN, TENTH AND JACKSON STREETS. AUGUST 24, 1901.



No. 17. LOW PRESSURE MAIN ON OVERTON AVENUE, 1000 FEET NORTH OF MARYLAND AVENUE. SEPTEMBER 11, 1901.

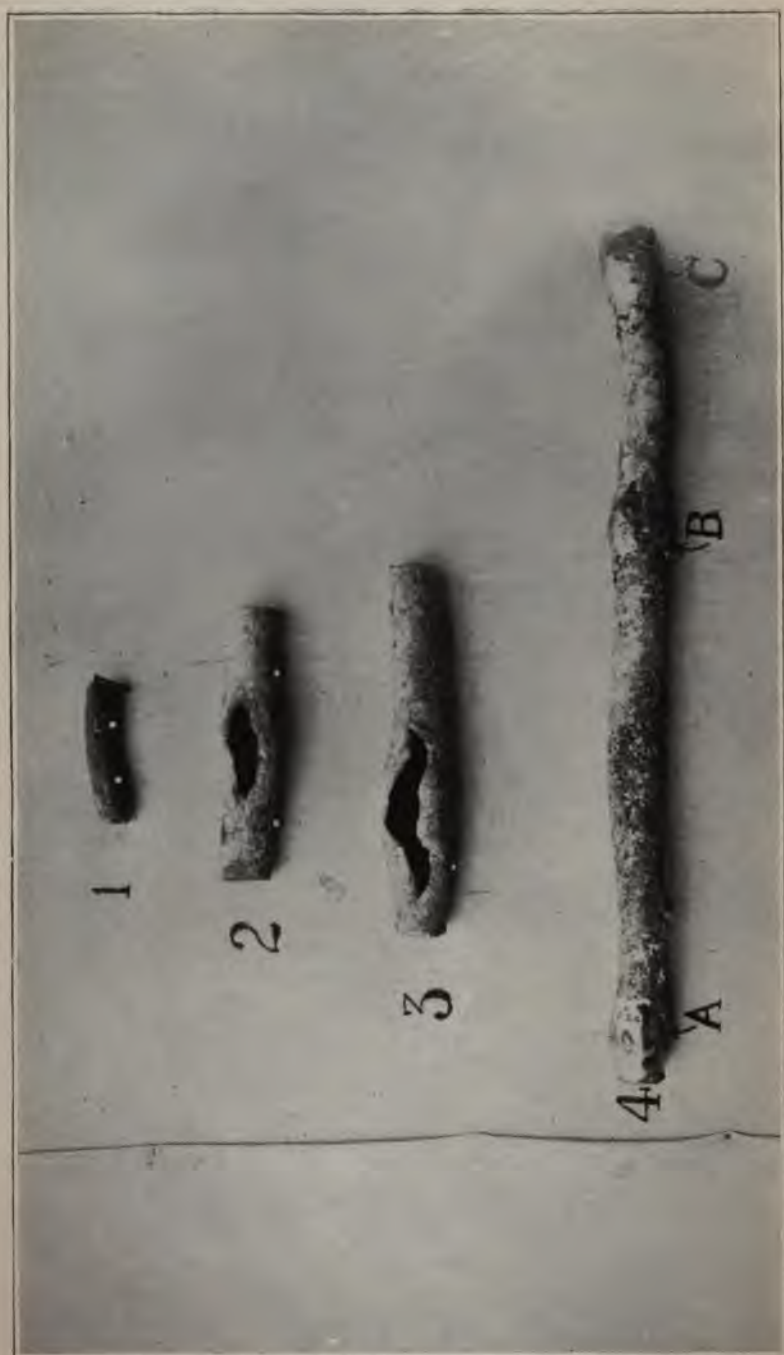






No. 17. LOW PRESSURE MAIN ON OVERTON AVENUE, 1000 FEET NORTH OF MARYLAND AVENUE. SEPTEMBER 11, 1901.

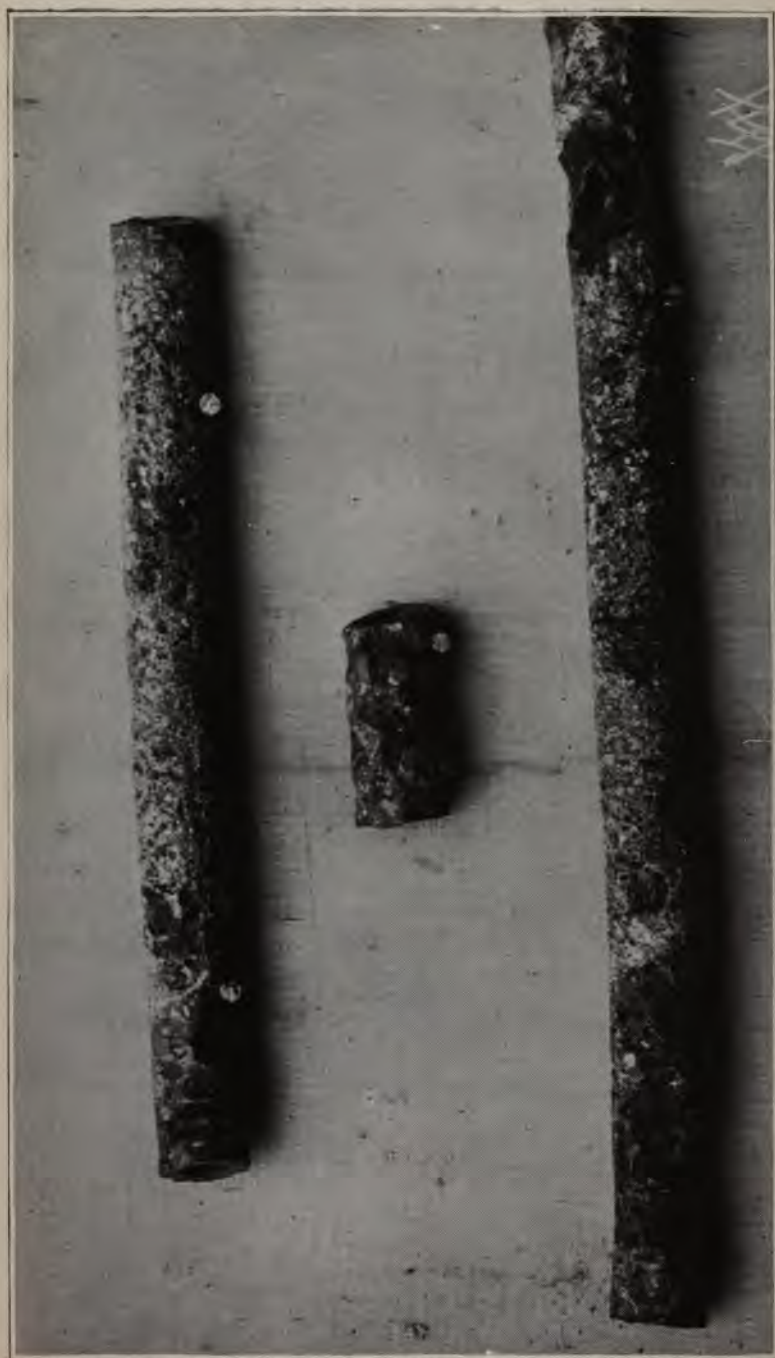




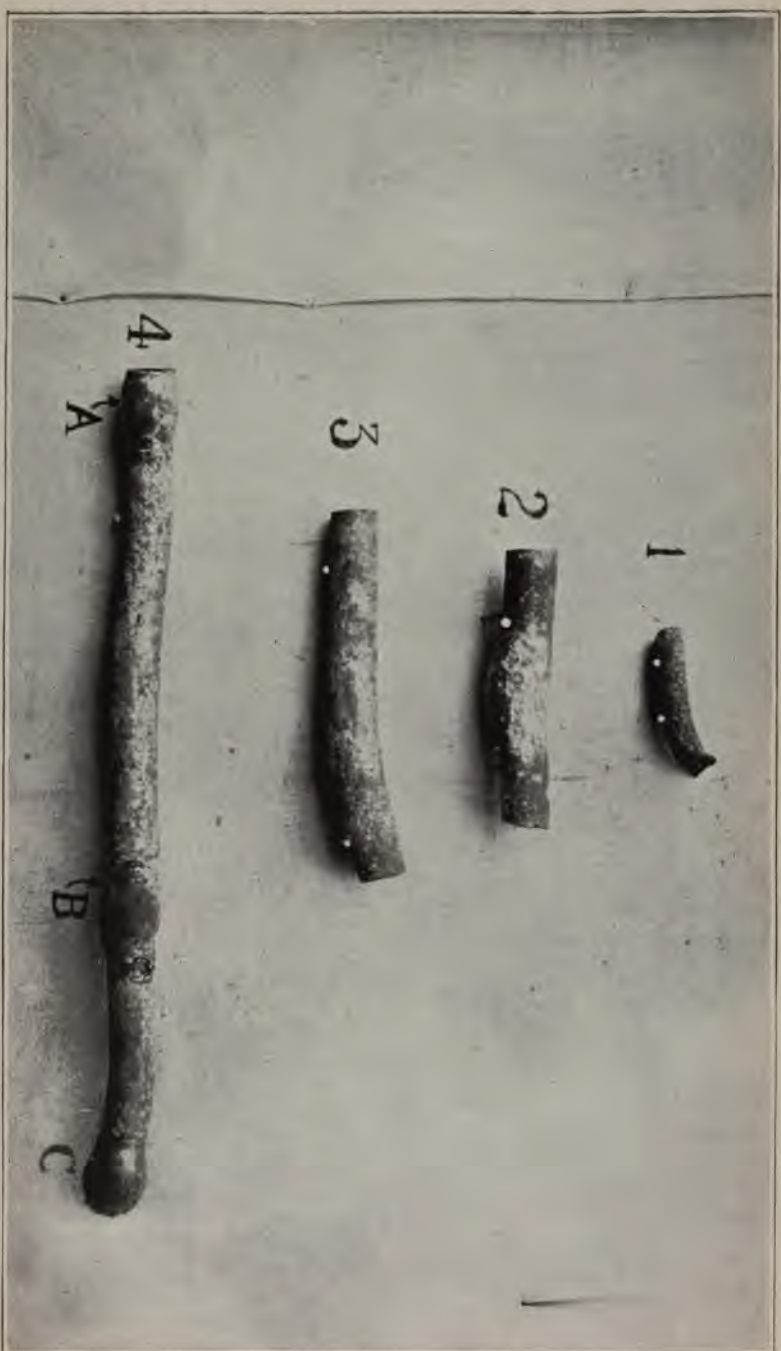
No. 20. LEAD SERVICE PIPES FROM COURT HOUSE AND CITY HALL. (See Report.)



No. 21. LEAD SERVICE PIPES FROM CITY HALL AND COURT HOUSE (BACK VIEW OF PHOTO. No. 20.)



No. 22.  $\frac{3}{4}$  INCH LEAD PIPE REMOVED FROM 680 UNIVERSITY AVENUE SEPTEMBER 9, 1901. LAID SEPTEMBER 9, 1900.



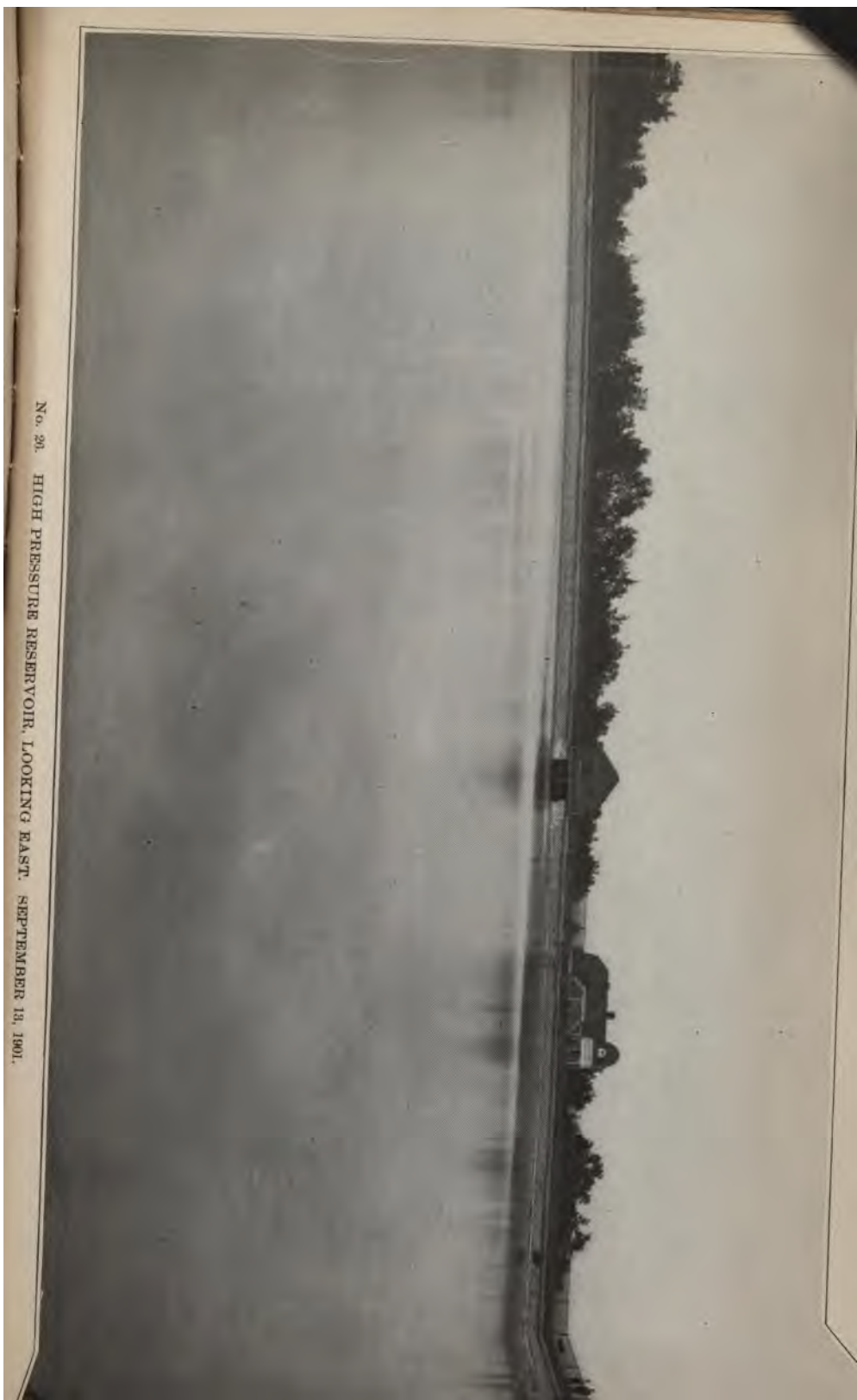
No. 21. LEAD SERVICE PIPES FROM CITY HALL AND COURT HOUSE (BACK VIEW OF PHOTO. No. 20.)





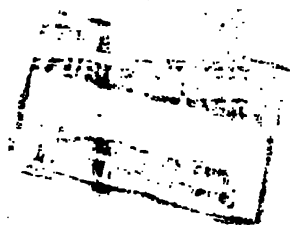
No. 24. UNIVERSITY AVENUE, NEAR ST. ALBANS STREET.

No. 20. HIGH PRESSURE RESERVOIR, LOOKING EAST. SEPTEMBER 13, 1901.

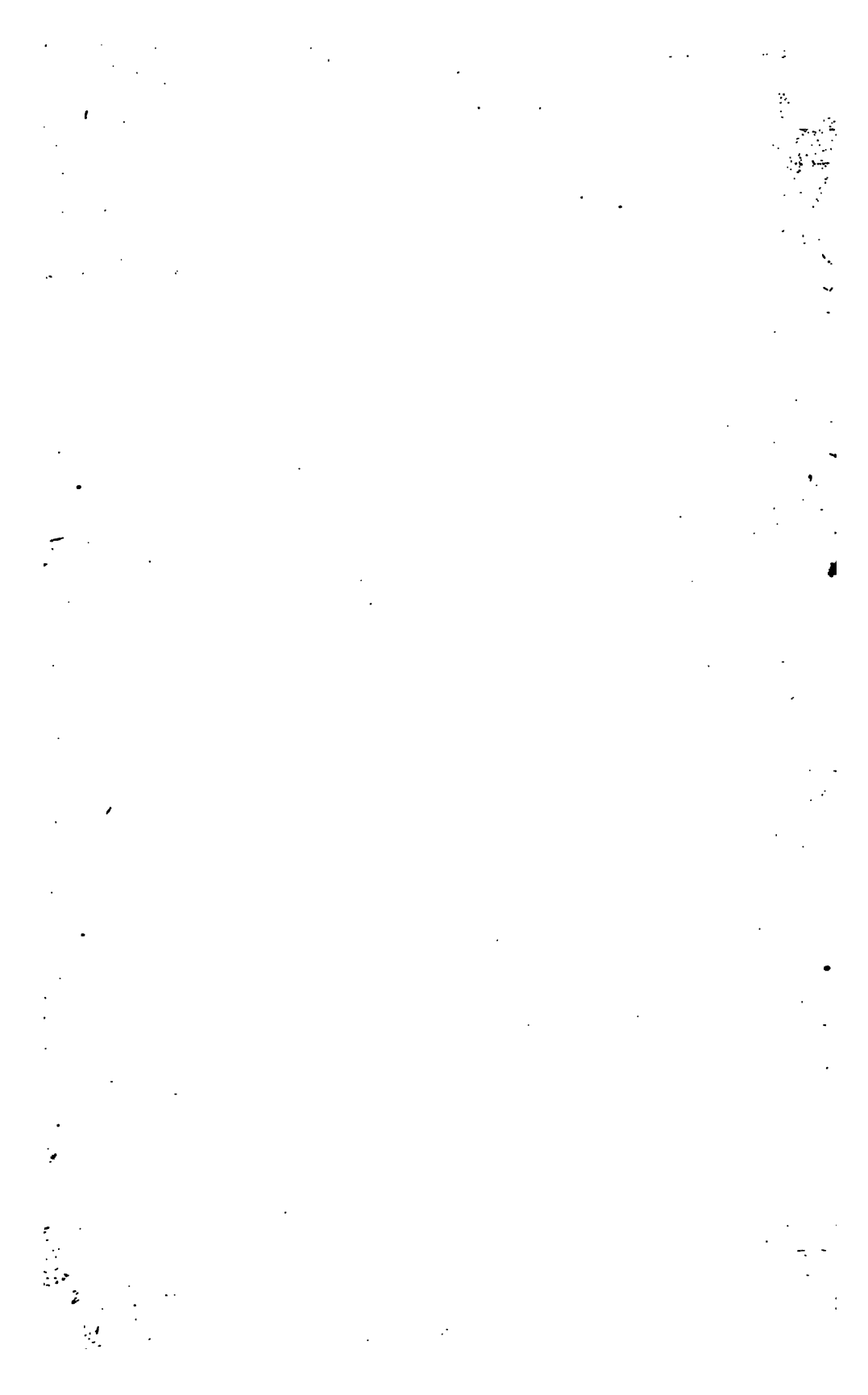




No. 24. UNIVERSITY AVENUE, NEAR ST. ALBANS STREET.

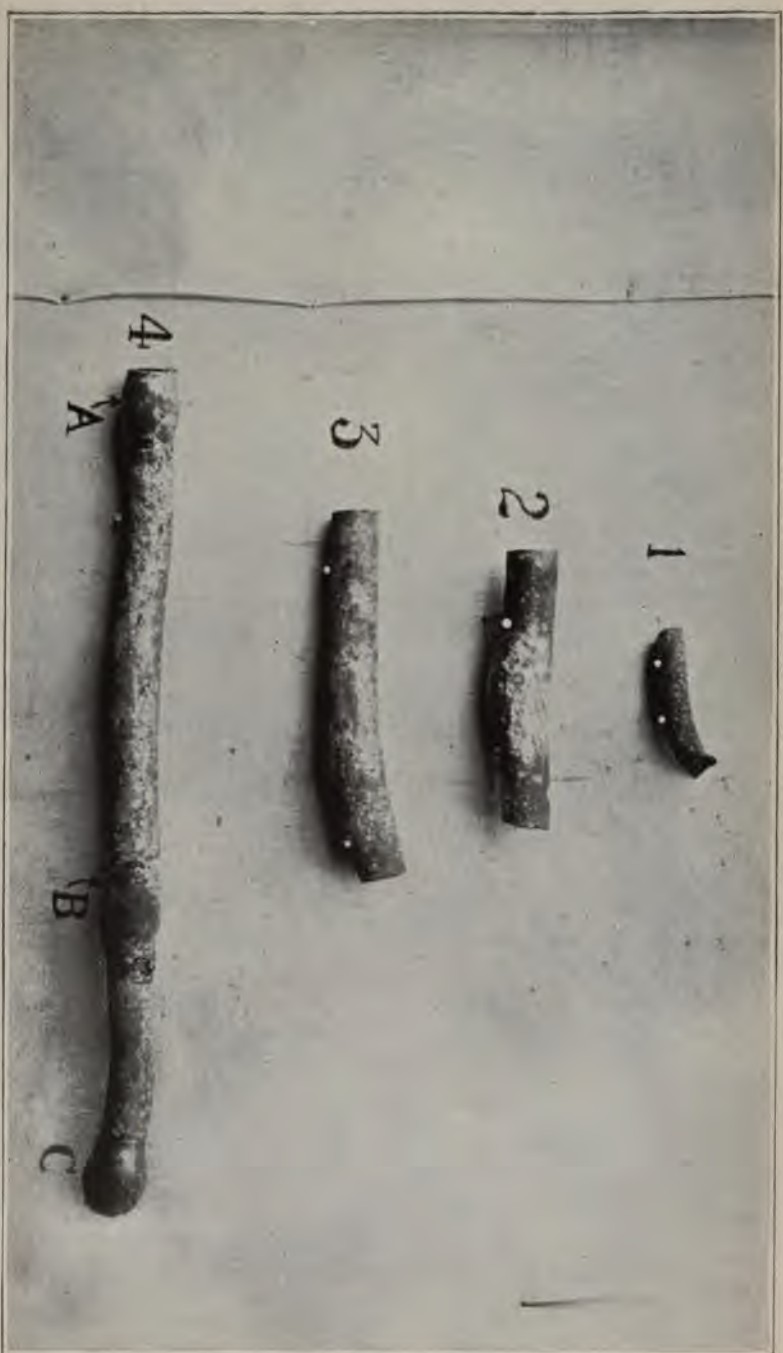




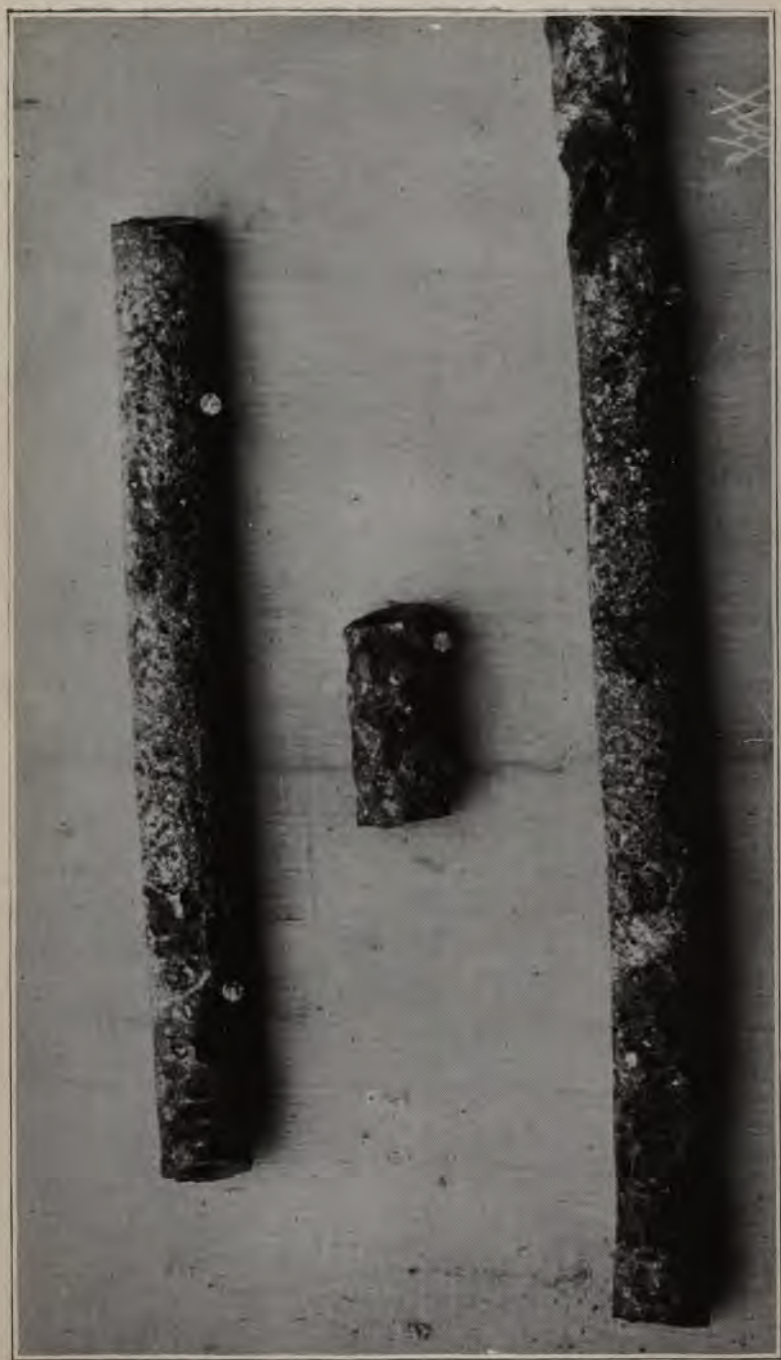




No. 20. LEAD SERVICE PIPES FROM COURT HOUSE AND CITY HALL. (See Report.)



No. 21. LEAD SERVICE PIPES FROM CITY HALL AND COURT HOUSE (BACK VIEW OF PHOTO. No. 20.)



No. 22.  $\frac{5}{8}$  INCH LEAD PIPE REMOVED FROM 680 UNIVERSITY AVENUE SEPTEMBER 9, 1901. LAID SEPTEMBER 9, 1900.

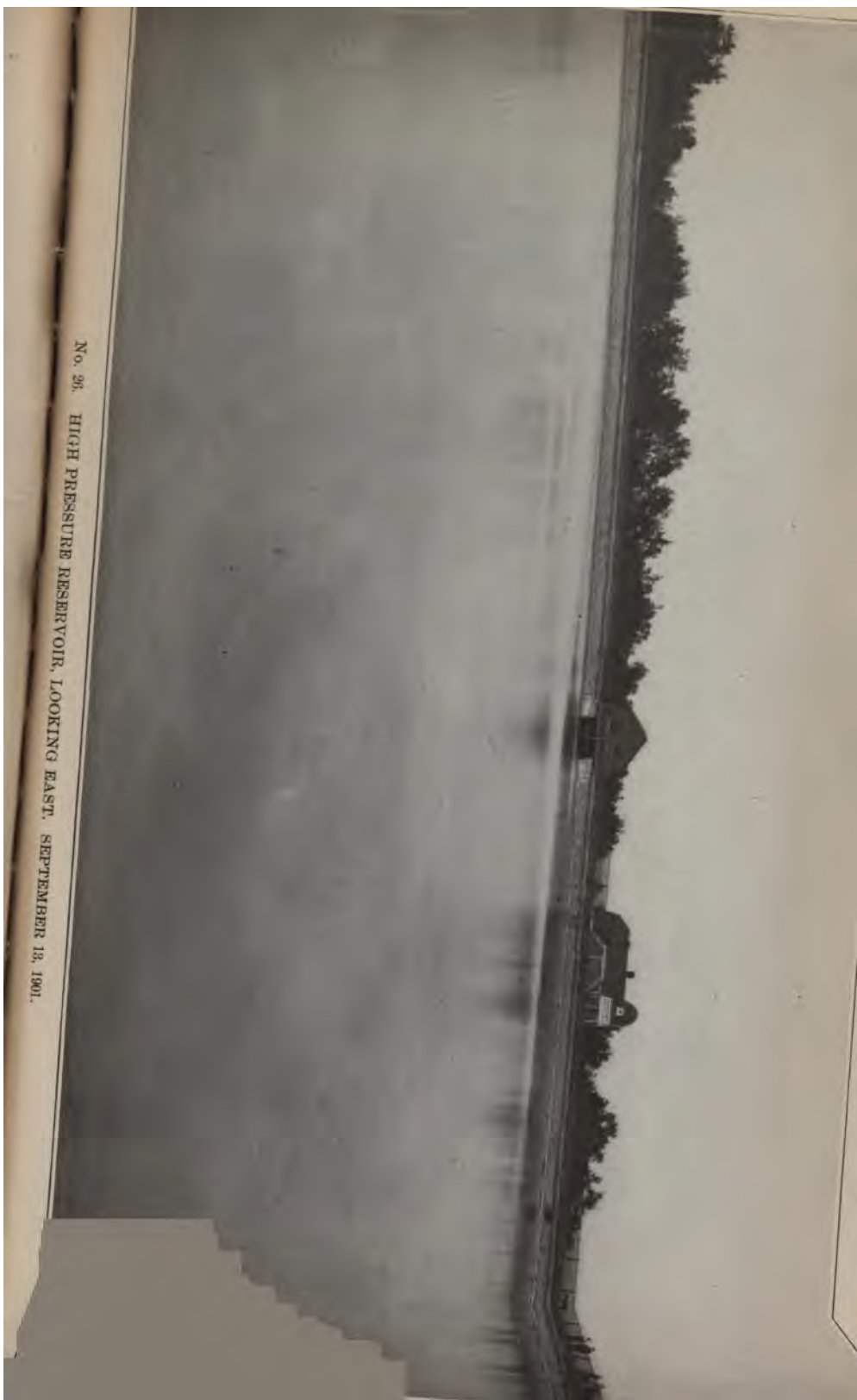


NO. 28. HIGH PRESSURE MAIN, DALE STREET, ABOUT 300 FEET SOUTH OF RESERVOIR ROAD. SEPTEMBER 18, 1901.

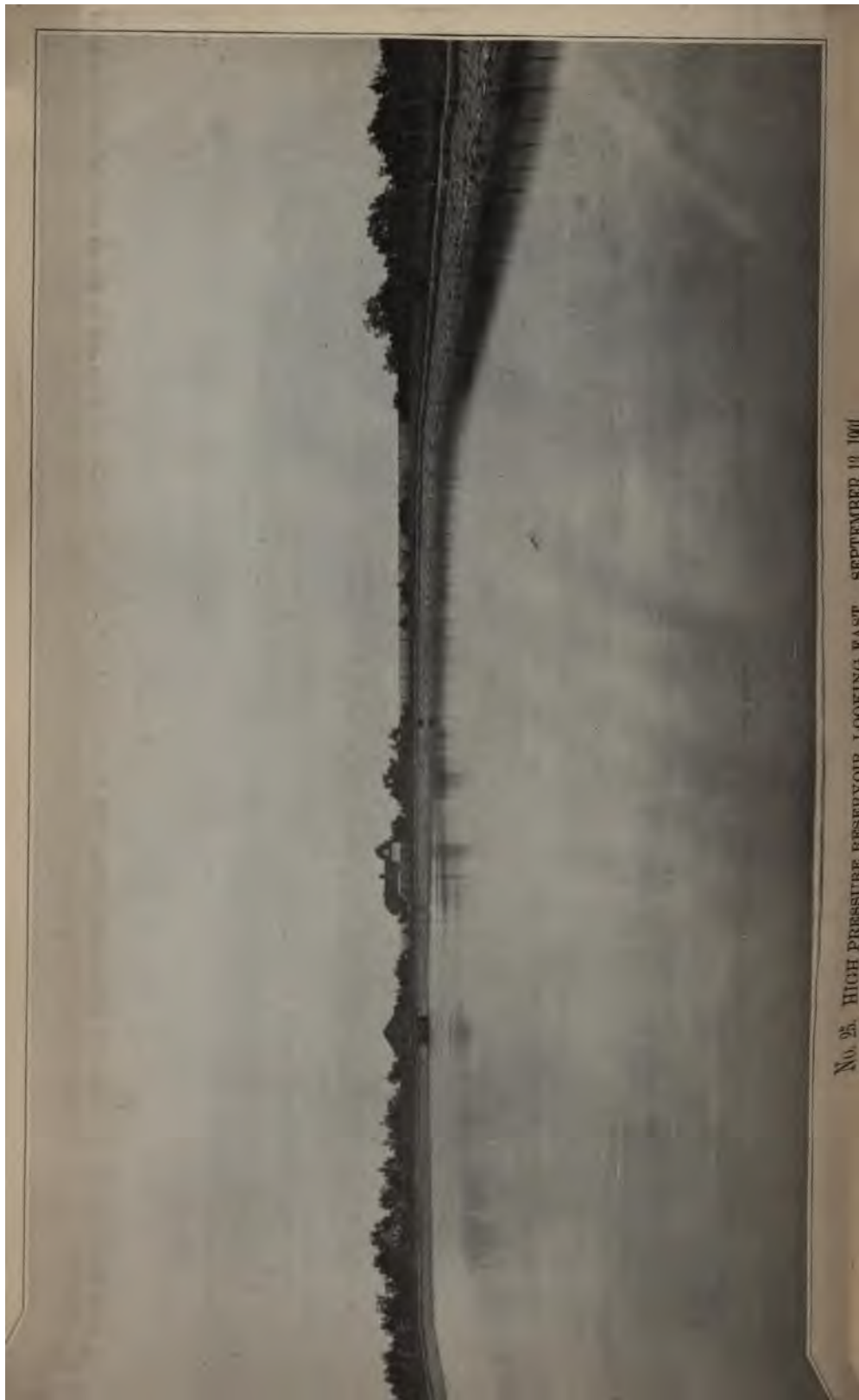




No. 24. UNIVERSITY AVENUE, NEAR ST. ALBANS STREET.

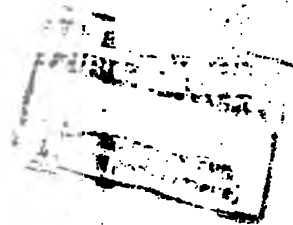


No. 36. HIGH PRESSURE RESERVOIR, LOOKING EAST. SEPTEMBER 13, 1901.



No. 25. HIGH PRESSURE RESERVOIR. LOOKING EAST. SEPTEMBER 19, 1901







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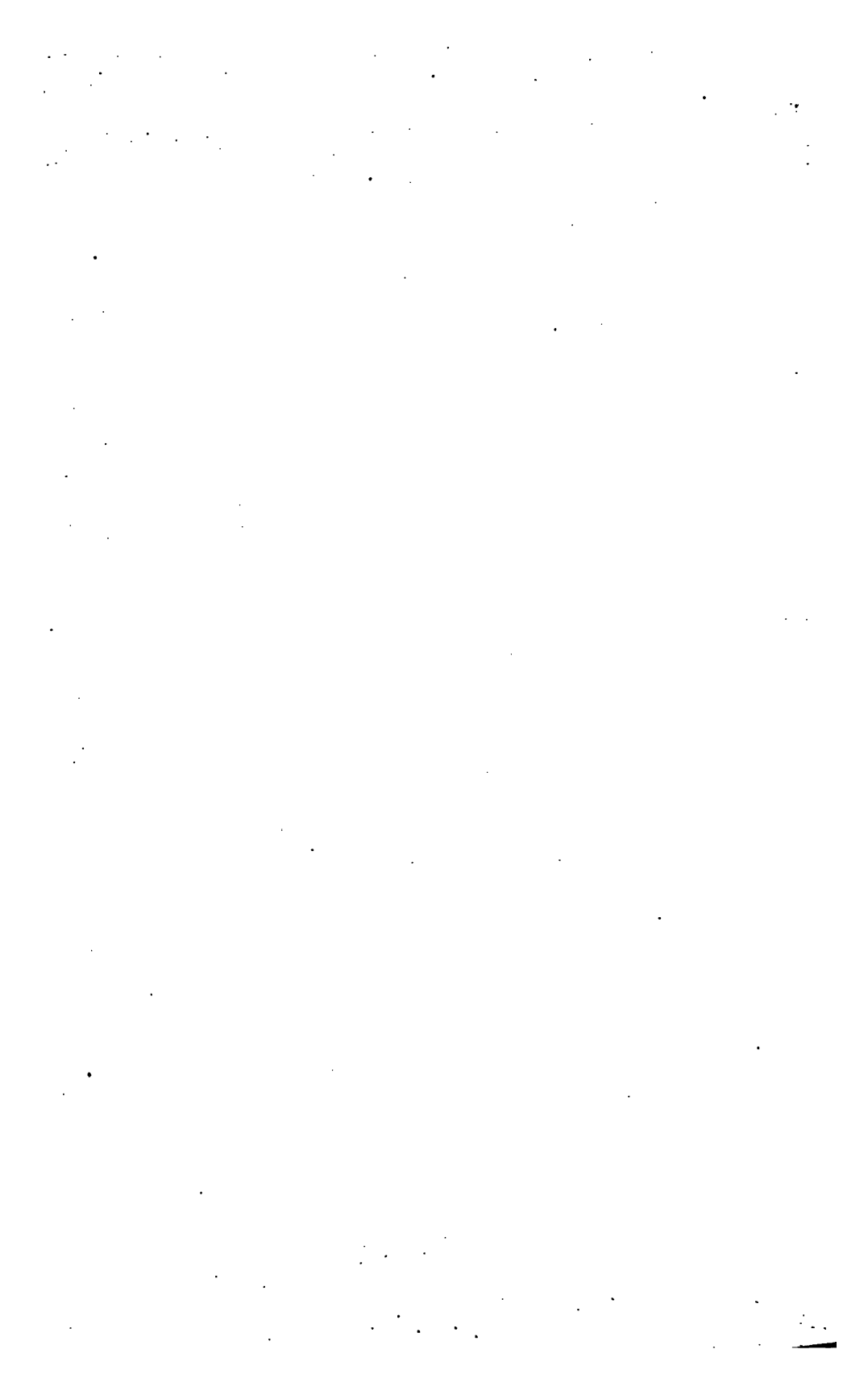
28

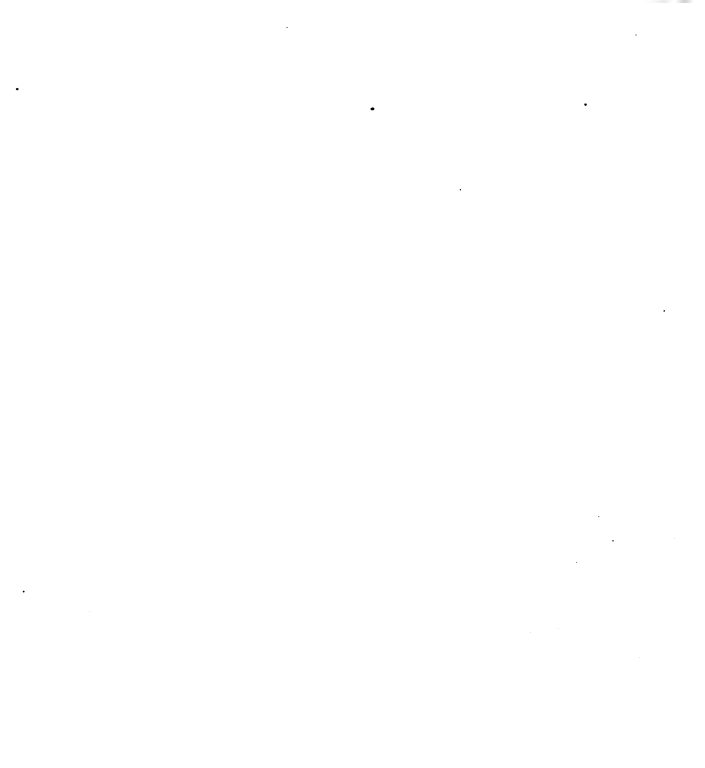
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taken from the Building**

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